



# NVIDIA DGX OS SERVER VERSION 3.1.2

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**Release Notes and Installation Guide**



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# NVIDIA DGX OS SERVER RELEASE NOTES FOR VERSION 3.1.2

This document describes version 3.1.2 of the NVIDIA® DGX™ OS Server Release 3.1 software. DGX OS Server v3.1.2 is installed at the factory, is provided by Enterprise Support as an ISO image in the event a system needs to be re-imaged, and is available as an over-the-network update.

## UPDATE ADVISEMENT

### ► DGX OS Server software

Customers can choose to update the DGX OS Server software on their DGX-1 systems from version 1.x or 2.x to version 3.1.2. See the Highlights section for details of version 3.1.2.

Customers using DGX OS Server 3.1.1 and want to use NVIDIA Docker Containers Release version 17.09 and later **must** upgrade their DGX-1 systems to version 3.1.2 to ensure compatibility with the DGX Optimized Frameworks.

### ► NVIDIA Docker Containers

In conjunction with DGX OS Server v3.1.2, customers should update their NVIDIA Docker containers to the latest container release<sup>1</sup>.

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<sup>1</sup> See the *NVIDIA Deep Learning Frameworks* documentation website (<http://docs.nvidia.com/deeplearning/dgx/index.htm>) for information on the latest container releases as well as instructions for how to access them.

▶ Ubuntu Security Updates

Customers are responsible for keeping the DGX-1 up to date with the latest Ubuntu security updates using the 'apt-get upgrade' procedure. See the [Ubuntu Wiki Upgrades](#) web page for more information.

## HIGHLIGHTS AND CHANGES SINCE VERSION 2.X

▶ Ubuntu 16.04 LTS

- Initialization daemon changed from **Upstart** to **systemd**.
- Updated network interface naming policy.

Policy now uses predictable names, rather than the native naming scheme used in previous releases. The first and second Ethernet interfaces, enumerated as em1 and em2 in previous releases, will now enumerate as enp1s0f0 and enp1s0f1 respectively.

▶ NVIDIA Graphics Driver Release 384

- Contains security fixes to mitigate multiple vulnerabilities in the kernel mode layer of the driver.
- Supports the NVIDIA Tesla™ V100 GPUs.
- Supports CUDA 9.0

▶ CUDA drivers and diagnostic packages updated to Release 384

▶ Mellanox drivers updated to 4.0.

▶ Docker CE and nvidia-docker are pre-installed, and the docker daemon automatically launched.

## FIXED ISSUES

- ▶ [Tesla P100 May Become Unresponsive](#)
- ▶ [Only US Time Zones Available During Setup](#)

### Tesla P100 May Become Unresponsive

#### Issue

The Tesla P100 SXM2 GPU may become unresponsive with a “GPU has fallen of the bus” error under certain workloads. In this state, the GPU is not available for any work.

#### Solution

NVIDIA GPU Driver version 384.81 fixed a bug in the NVIDIA GPU Boost algorithm.

### Only US Time Zones Available During Setup

#### Issue

During the initial DGX-1 setup, only US time zones were available for selection.

#### Solution

Fixed the setup process to include all time zones.

## KNOWN ISSUES

- ▶ [Software Power Cap Not Reported Correctly by nvidia-smi](#)
- ▶ [GPUs Cannot be Reset While the System is Running](#)
- ▶ [Apparmor Profile May not Work with Some Containers](#)

### Software Power Cap Not Reported Correctly by nvidia-smi

#### Issue

On DGX-1 systems with Pascal GPUs, nvidia-smi does not report Software Power Cap as "Active" when clocks are throttled by power draw.

#### Workaround

This issue is with nvidia-smi reporting and not with the actual functionality. This will be fixed in a future release.

## GPUs Cannot be Reset While the System is Running

### Issue

You will not be able to reset the GPUs while the system is running.

### Workaround

If an issue occurs which causes the GPUs to hang or if they need to be reset, you must reboot the system.

## Apparmor Profile May not Work with Some Containers

### Issue

Apparmor is enabled in this version of the DGX OS Server, with Docker generating a default profile. The default profile may or may not work with your containers.

### Workaround

If there is a conflict with your containers, then either

- ▶ Disable Apparmor, or
- ▶ Provide a custom Apparmor profile and include it in the docker run command.

## VERSION MATRIX

The following table provides version information for software included in the DGX OS Server ISO image. It also shows the firmware and BIOS versions for the DGX-1 hardware at the time of the ISO image release, and tested Docker and nvidia-docker versions.

Component	Version	Notes
DGX OS Server	3.1.2	Software versions included in this DGX OS Server ISO
Graphics Driver	384.81	
Ubuntu	16.04 LTS	
Docker CE	17.06.1	
nvidia-docker	1.0.1	
DGX-1 BMC	3.12.30	Released versions for DGX-1 hardware (Pascal) at the time of this software release. Information provided for reference purposes.
DGX-1 SBIOS	S2W_3A01.NVD02	
DGX-1 VBIOS	86.00.41.00.05	
DGX-1 BMC	Rev31830	Released versions for DGX-1 hardware (Volta) at the time of this software release. Information provided for reference purposes.
DGX-1 SBIOS	S2W_3A04	
DGX-1 VBIOS	88.00.18.00.01	

# DGX OS SERVER VERSION 3.1.2 INSTALLATION GUIDE

This chapter provides general instructions for re-imaging the DGX-1 with DGX OS Server v3.1.2 from the ISO file and then performing the first time DGX-1 setup. Refer to the *DGX-1 User Guide* (<http://docs.nvidia.com/dgx/dgx1-user-guide/index.html>) for additional instructions where indicated.

## ABOUT THE RE-IMAGING PROCESS



**WARNING:** This process destroys all data and software customizations that you have made on the DGX-1. Be sure to back up any data that you want to preserve, and push any Docker images that you want to keep to a trusted registry.

The re-imaging process creates a fresh installation of the DGX OS. The standard software installation overwrites any data or file systems that may exist on the OS disk as well as the RAID disks. All the disks are re-partitioned, and the RAID array is mounted as /raid.

Since the RAID array on the DGX-1 is intended to be used as a cache and not for long-term data storage, this should not be disruptive. However, if you are an advanced user, and have set up the disks for a non-cache purpose and want to keep the data on those drives, then select the **Install DGX Server without formatting RAID** option at the boot menu during the boot installation. When the installation is completed, you can repeat any configurations steps that you had performed to use the RAID disks as other than



cache disks. See [Appendix A: Choosing not to Reformat the RAID Disks](#) for details on what this option does.

## OBTAINING THE DGX OS SERVER IMAGE

Obtain the correct ISO image file from NVIDIA Support Enterprise Services.

1. Log on to the NVIDIA Enterprise Services (<https://nvid.nvidia.com/enterpriselogin/>) site.
2. Click the Announcements tab to locate the download links for the DGX-1 software image.
3. Download the ISO image and save it to your local disk.
4. Restore the DGX-1 software image from this file either remotely through the BMC or locally from a bootable USB flash drive as explained in the following sections.

## CONNECTING TO THE DGX-1 CONSOLE

Connect to the DGX-1 console using either a direct connection or a remote connection through the BMC.

### Direct Connection

1. Connect a display to the VGA connector and a keyboard to any one of the USB ports.
2. Power on the DGX-1.

### Remote Connection through the BMC

This method requires that you have the BMC login credentials.

1. Make sure you have connected the IPMI port on the DGX-1 to your LAN.
2. Open a Java-enabled browser within your LAN and go to `http://<IPMI-IP-address>/`. Use Firefox or Internet Explorer. Google Chrome is not officially supported by the BMC.

Make sure popups are allowed for the BMC address.

3. Log in.

If the administrator has not manually created a password, then the username that was created during the initial DGX-1 setup is used for both the BMC username and BMC password.

4. If necessary, power on the DGX-1 using the power button icon on the upper right corner of the BMC window.

## RE-IMAGING THE DGX-1 REMOTELY

1. Connect to the BMC as explained in the section [Remote Connection through the BMC](#).
2. Change user privileges.
  - a) From the top menu, click **Configuration** and then select **User Management**.
  - b) Select the user name that you created for the BMC, then click **Modify User**.
  - c) In the **Modify User** dialog, select the **VMedia** check box to add it to the extended privileges for the user, then click **Modify**.

3. Set up the ISO image as virtual media.
  - a) From the top menu, click **Remote Control** and select **Console Redirection**.



- b) Click **Java Console** to open the remote JViewer window.  
Make sure pop-up blockers are disabled for this site.
  - c) From the JViewer top menu bar, click **Media** and then select **Virtual Media Wizard**.

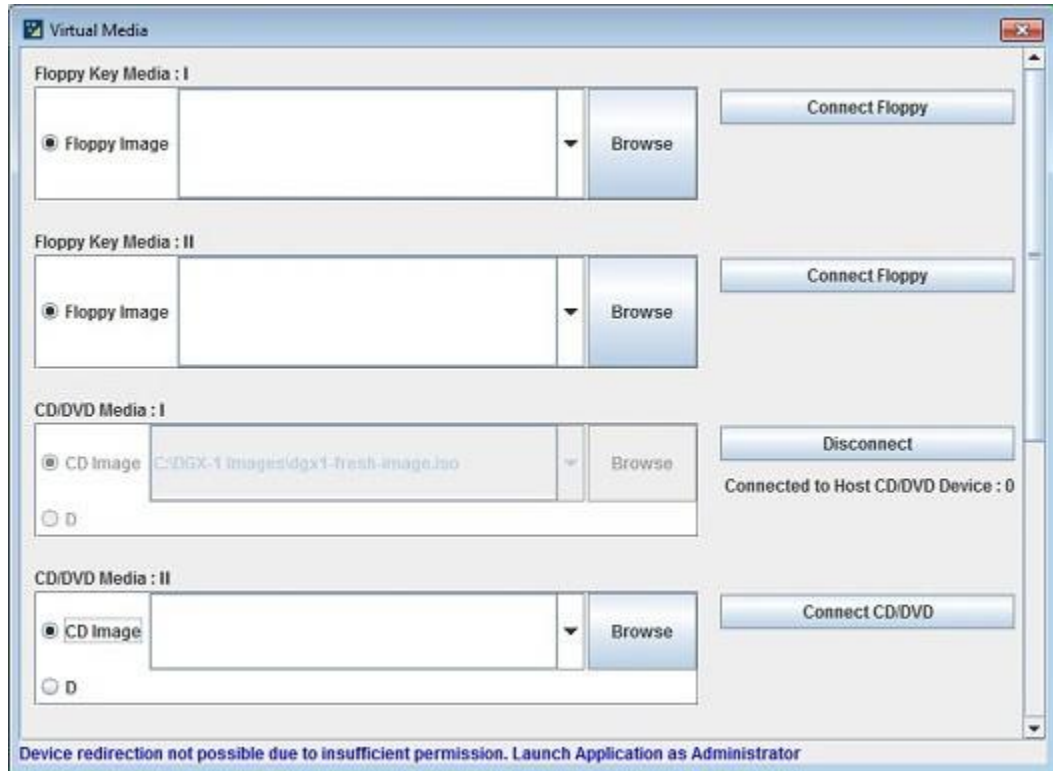


- d) From the **CD/DVD Media: I** section of the **Virtual Media** dialog, click **Browse** and then locate the re-image ISO file and click Open.

You can ignore the device redirection warning at the bottom of the **Virtual Media** wizard as it does not affect the ability to re-image the system.

- e) Click **Connect CD/DVD**, then click **OK** at the Information dialog.

The **Virtual Media** window shows that the ISO image is connected.



- f) Close the window.

The CD ROM icon in the menu bar turns green to indicate that the ISO image is attached.



- 4. Reboot, install the image, and complete the DGX-1 setup.

- a) From the top menu, click **Power** and then select **Reset Server**.



- b) Click **Yes** and then **OK** at the **Power Control** dialogs, then wait for the system to power down and then come back online.
- c) At the boot selection screen, select **Install DGX Server**.  
If you are an advanced user who is not using the RAID disks as cache, and want to keep data on the RAID disks, then select **Install DGX Server without formatting RAID**.
- d) Press **Enter**.  
The DGX-1 will reboot from CDR0M0 1.00, and proceed to install the image. This can take approximately 15 minutes.

 **NOTE:** The Mellanox InfiniBand driver installation may take up to 10 minutes.

After the installation is completed, the system ejects the virtual CD and then reboots into the OS.

Refer to the section [First Time Boot Setup](#) for the steps to take when booting up the DGX-1 for the first time after a fresh installation.

## RE-IMAGING THE SYSTEM FROM A USB FLASH DRIVE

Before re-imaging the system from a USB flash drive, ensure that you have a bootable USB flash drive that contains the current DGX OS Server image. Refer to the DGX-1 User Guide for instructions on creating a bootable USB flash drive that contains the ISO image.

1. Plug the USB flash drive containing the OS image into the DGX-1.
2. Connect a monitor and keyboard directly into the DGX-1.
3. Boot the system and press **F11** when the NVIDIA logo appears in order to get to the boot menu.
4. Select the USB volume name that corresponds to the inserted USB flash drive, and then boot the system from it.
5. When the system boots up, select **Install DGX Server** from the boot menu.

If you are an advanced user who is not using the RAID disks as cache and want to keep data on the RAID disks, then select **Install DGX Server without formatting RAID**.

6. Press **Enter**.

The DGX-1 will reboot and proceed to install the image. This can take more than 15 minutes.

 **NOTE:** The Mellanox InfiniBand driver installation may take up to 10 minutes.

After the installation is completed, the system then reboots into the OS.

Refer to the next section for the steps to take when booting up the DGX-1 for the first time after a fresh installation.

## FIRST TIME BOOT SETUP

When you power on the DGX-1 for the first time, you are presented with the system setup screens.

### 1. Perform the steps to configure the DGX-1 software.

- Select your time zone and keyboard layout.
- Create a user account with your name, username, and password.

You will need these credentials to log in to the DGX-1 as well as to log in to the BMC remotely. When logging in to the BMC, enter your username for both the User ID as well as the password. Be sure to create a unique BMC password at the first opportunity.



**NOTE:** The BMC software will not accept "sysadmin" for a user name. If you create this user name for the system log in, "sysadmin" will not be available for logging in to the BMC.

- Choose a primary network interface for the DGX-1.



**NOTE:** After you select the primary network interface, the system attempts to configure the interface for DHCP and then asks you to enter a hostname for the system. If DHCP is not available, you will have the option to configure the network manually. If you need to configure a static IP address on a network interface connected to a DHCP network, then select **Cancel** at the *Network configuration - Please enter the hostname for the system* screen. The system will then present a screen with the option to configure the network manually.

- Choose a hostname for the DGX-1.
- Choose to install predefined software.

Press the space bar to select or deselect the software to install.

By default, the DGX-1 installs only minimal software packages necessary to ensure system functionality. During installation, you can deselect the OpenSSH package; however, NVIDIA recommends that you keep this package selected, and uninstall it only if required by your IT security policy.

### 2. Select **OK** to continue.

You are presented with end user license agreement (EULAs) for the NVIDIA software. Accept all EULAs.

The system completes the installation, reboots, then presents the system login prompt:

```
<hostname> login:  
Password:
```

### 3. Log in.

Refer to the DGX-1 User Guide for additional information on configuring your DGX-1 system.

# UPDATING TO VERSION 3.1.2

These instructions explain how to update the DGX-1 software through an internet connection to the NVIDIA public repository. The process updates a DGX-1 system image to the latest QA'd versions of the entire DGX-1 software stack, including the drivers.

Perform the updates using commands on the DGX-1 console.

## UPDATE PATH INSTRUCTIONS

The update instructions depend on the software version currently installed on the DGX-1. Follow the instructions corresponding to your current DGX-1 software.

### Updating from Version 1.x

- a) [Update from Version 1.x to 2.x](#)
- b) [Update from 2.x to 3.1.2](#)

### Updating from Version 2.x

Follow instructions at [Updating from 2.x to 3.1.2](#).

### Updating from Version 3.1.1

Follow instructions at [Updating from 3.1.1 to 3.1.2](#).

## CONNECTING TO THE DGX-1 CONSOLE

Connect to the DGX-1 console using either a direct connection or a remote connection through the BMC.

**NOTE:** SSH can be used to perform the update. However, if the Ethernet port is configured for DHCP, there is the potential that the IP address can change after the DGX-1 is rebooted during the update, resulting in loss of connection. If this happens, connect using either a direct connection or through the BMC to continue the update process.

**WARNING:** Connect directly to the DGX-1 Console if the DGX-1 is connected to a 172.17.xx.xx subnet.

DGX OS Server software version 3.1.2 installs Docker CE which uses the 172.17.xx.xx subnet by default for Docker containers. If the DGX-1 system is on the same subnet, you will not be able to establish a network connection to the DGX-1.

Refer to the DGX-1 User Guide for instructions on how to change the default Docker network settings after performing the update.

### Direct Connection

1. Connect a display to the VGA connector and a keyboard to any one of the USB ports.
2. Power on the DGX-1

### Remote Connection through the BMC

This method requires that you have the BMC login credentials.

1. Make sure you have connected the IPMI port on the DGX-1 to your LAN.
2. Open a Java-enabled browser within your LAN and go to `http://<IPMI IP Address>/`. Use Firefox or Internet Explorer. Google Chrome is not officially supported by the BMC.

Make sure popups are allowed for the BMC address.

3. Log in.
 

If the administrator has not manually created a password, then the username that was created during the initial DGX-1 setup is used for both the BMC username and BMC password.
4. From the top menu, click **Remote Control** and then select **Console Redirection**.
5. Click **Java Console** to open the popup window.



6. If necessary, power on the DGX-1 using the power button icon on the upper right corner of the BMC window.

## UPDATING FROM 1.X TO 2.X

Follow these instructions only as part of the update to DGX OS Server software version 3.1.2. If you plan to use version 2.x without updating further, then refer to the Release Notes for version 2.x for the proper instructions.

See the section [Connecting to the DGX-1 Console](#) for guidance on connecting to the console to perform the update

### Update Instructions

1. Verify that networking is enabled so that you can access the DGX-1 public repository.

For example:

```
$ ping www.google.com
```

You may require alternate methods of verifying, if your network is not configured for ping.

2. Run the package manager.

```
$ sudo apt-get update
```

3. Install CURL, if not already installed.

```
$ sudo apt-get install curl
```

4. Verify that the DGX-1 public repository is configured.

```
$ dpkg -l dgx1-repo-ubuntu1404
```

Expected output:

```
ii dgx1-repo-ubuntu1404 1.1-1 amd64 dgx1 repository configuration files
```

If this output appears, then proceed directly to step 5.

If the `dgx1-repo-ubuntu1404` package is not present, then install the package manually as follows:

- c) Download the debian repo using `wget`.

```
$ sudo wget
http://international.download.nvidia.com/dgx1/repos/pool/multiverse/
d/dgx1-repo/dgx1-repo-ubuntu1404_1.1-1_amd64.deb -O /tmp/dgx1-repo-
ubuntu1404_1.1-1_amd64.deb
```

d) Install the package.

```
$ sudo dpkg -i /tmp/dgx1-repo-ubuntu1404_1.1-1_amd64.deb
```

e) Verify that the package installed.

```
$ dpkg -l dgx1-repo-ubuntu1404
```

Expected output:

```
ii dgx1-repo-ubuntu1404 1.1-1 amd64 dgx1 repository configuration files
```

5. Get the new package list.

```
$ sudo apt-get update
```

6. Install the update script.

```
$ sudo apt-get -y --force-yes install dgx1-ota-update
```

7. Run the update script.

The script automatically performs several steps:

- Removes packages (nvidia-361, ar-mgr, isert-dkms, etc).
- Installs the update meta package (dgx1-ota-update-meta).
- Reboots the DGX-1 upon completion.

To run the script, enter the following:

```
$ sudo /usr/bin/dgx1-ota-update.sh
```

Enter y at the prompt:

```
Upgrade NVIDIA DGX1 from 2.0.x to 2.1.1? (y/NO)-:y
```

- You may be presented with a configuration choice such as the following:

```
Setting up dgx-limits (1.0-1) ...

Configuration file '/etc/security/limits.d/dgx1- limits.conf'

==> File on system created by you or by a script.
==> File also in package provided by package maintainer.
What would you like to do about it ? Your options are:
  Y or I      : install the package maintainer's version
  N or O      : keep your currently-installed version
  D           : show the differences between the versions
  Z           : start a shell to examine the situation

The default action is to keep your current version.
```

```
*** dgx1-limits.conf (Y/I/N/O/D/Z) [default=N] ?
```

Press **Y** to all such messages to “install the package maintainer’s version”.

- If you see the following message:

```
A new version of configuration file /etc/default/grub is available, but
the version installed currently has been locally modified.
What do you want to do about modified configuration file
grub?
install the package maintainer's version
keep the local version currently installed
show the differences between the versions
show a side-by-side difference between the versions
show a 3-way difference between available versions
do a 3-way merge between available versions
start a new shell to examine the situation
```

Select **install the package maintainer’s version**.

- You may see the following error message during DKMS configuration for the `nv_peer_mem` module while running the script:

```
DKMS: install completed.
modprobe: ERROR: could not insert 'nv_peer_mem': Exec format error
The update to version 3.1.2 will remedy this error.
```

8. When completed, press **y** at the prompt to reboot the system.

```
Reboot now to finalize 2.1.1? (y/NO) : y
```

9. Wait for the system to come back up, then confirm that the Linux kernel version is 4.4.0-79 or later.

```
$ uname -a
```

Expected output:

```
Linux jws-1 4.4.0-79-generic #96~14.04.1-Ubuntu SMP Fri Mar 31
15:05:15 UTC 2017 x86_64 x86_64 x86_64 GNU/Linux
```

10. Confirm CUDA driver version is 384.81.

```
$ nvidia-smi
```

Expected output (first line)

```
NVIDIA-SMI 384.81 Driver Version: 384.81
```

## Recovering from an Interrupted Update

If the script is interrupted during the update, such as from a loss of power or loss of network connection, you can attempt to recover as follows:

1. Restore power or restore the network connection, whichever caused the interruption.
  - If the system encounters a kernel panic after you restore power and reboot the DGX-1, you will not be able to perform the over-the-network update. You will need to re-image the DGX-1 with the latest image to update the software. Refer to the section [DGX OS Server Version 3.1.2 Installation Guide](#) for instructions.
  - If you are successfully returned to the Linux command line, continue the following steps.
2. Reset the script.

```
$ sudo dpkg --configure -a
```

3. Continue following the instructions from step 7 in the [Updating from Version 1.x](#) update instructions.

## UPDATING FROM 2.X TO 3.1.2

See the section [Connecting to the DGX-1 Console](#) for guidance on connecting to the console to perform the update.

### Update Instructions

1. Verify that networking is enabled so that you can access the DGX-1 public repository.

For example:

```
$ ping www.google.com
```

You may require alternate methods of verifying, if your network is not configured for ping.

2. Run the package manager.

```
$ sudo apt-get update
```

3. Install any updates.

```
$ sudo apt-get upgrade -y
```

4. Install dgx-release-upgrade.

```
$ sudo apt-get install -y dgx-release-upgrade
```

5. Begin the update process.

```
$ sudo dgx-release-upgrade
```

6. At the prompt to confirm starting the upgrade, press **Y** to begin.

```
Do you want to start the upgrade?
```

```
...
```

```
Installing the upgrade can take several hours. Once the download has finished, the process cannot be canceled.
```

```
Continue [yN] Details [d]
```

7. At the prompt whether to restart services during the package upgrades without asking, select **Yes**.

```
Restart services during package upgrades without asking? <Yes> <No>
```

8. After starting the update process, respond to the presented options as follows:

- Select “**keep the local version currently installed**” if there is a new grub package and you see the following text:

```
A new version of configuration file /etc/default/grub is available,
but the version installed currently has been locally modified.
```

```
What do you want to do about modified configuration file grub?
  Install the package maintainer's version
  keep the local version currently installed ← Select
  show the differences between the versions
  show a side-by-side difference between the versions
  show a 3-way difference between available versions
  do a 3-way merge between available versions
  start a new shell to examine the situation
```

The local version contains the changes that have been made on the DGX-1.

- Press **Y** if prompted about InfiniBand configuration choices.

```
Configuration file
'./usr/src/mlnx-ofed-kernel-4.0/ofed_scripts/ib_ipoib.conf'
➔ File on system created by you or by a script.
➔ File also in package provided by package maintainer.
What would you like to do about it ? Your options are:
  Y or I  : install the package maintainer's version
  N or O  : keep your currently-installed version
  D       : show the differences between the versions
  Z       : start a shell to examine the situation
The default action is to keep your current version.
*** ib_ipoib.conf (Y/I/N/O/D/Z) [default=N] ?
```

9. Press **Y** to proceed with the final reboot.

```
Restart required
```

```
To finish the upgrade, a restart is required. Upon the next boot,
the system will continue to install several packages in the
background.
```

```
*** This can take another ~7 minutes to complete. DO NOT shutdown or
reboot the system during this period ***.
```

```
If you select 'y' the system will be restarted.
```

```
Continue [yN]
```

After this reboot, the update process will take several minutes to perform some final installation steps.

10. Confirm the Linux kernel version.

```
$ uname -a
```

Expected output: (or later version)

```
Linux j220-128 4.4.0-96-generic #119-Ubuntu SMP Tue Sep 12 14:59:54
UTC 2017 x86_64 x86_64 x86_64 GNU/Linux
```

## 11. Confirm the CUDA driver version.

```
$ nvidia-smi
```

Expected output, first line

```
NVIDIA-SMI 384.81 Driver Version: 384.81
```

## Recovering from an Interrupted Update

If the script is interrupted during the update, such as from a loss of power or loss of network connection, restore power or restore the network connection, whichever caused the interruption.

- ▶ If the system encounters a kernel panic after you restore power and reboot the DGX-1, you will not be able to perform the over-the-network update. You will need to re-image the DGX-1 with the latest image to update the software. Refer to the section [DGX OS Server Version 3.1.2 Installation Guide](#) for instructions.
- ▶ If you are successfully returned to the Linux command line, continue following the instructions from step 5 in the [Updating from Version 2.x to 3.1.2](#) update instructions.



## UPDATING FROM 3.1.1 TO 3.1.2

See the section [Connecting to the DGX-1 Console](#) for guidance on connecting to the console to perform the update.

### Update Instructions

1. Run the package manager.

```
$ sudo apt-get update
```

2. Upgrade to version 3.1.2.

- To perform an attended upgrade, enter the following command.

```
$ sudo apt-get dist-upgrade
```

Answer any questions that appear.

Most questions require a Yes or No response. When asked to select the grub configuration to use, select the current one on the system.

Other questions will depend on what other packages were installed before the update and how those packages interact with the update.

- To perform an unattended upgrade and keep the current configuration file, enter the following command.

```
$ sudo DEBIAN_FRONTEND=noninteractive apt-get dist-upgrade -y -o Dpkg::Options::="--force-confdef" -o Dpkg::Options::="--force-confold"
```

3. Reboot the system.
4. (Optional) To update Docker to the latest stable version of Docker CE, do the following after rebooting the system.

- a) Run the package manager to access the docker-ce packages.

```
$ sudo apt-get update
```

- b) Update Docker.

```
$ sudo apt-get install dgx-docker-options docker-ce
```

If you are asked what you want to do with the configuration file `/etc/systemd/system/docker.service.d/docker-override.conf`, press **N** to keep your currently installed version.

## Verifying the nvidia-peer-memory Module

1. Make sure the nvidia-peer-memory module is installed.

```
$ lsmod | grep nv_peer_mem
```

Expected output:

```
nv_peer_mem      16384  0
nvidia           11911168  30 nv_peer_mem,nvidia_modeset,nvidia_uvm
ib_core         143360  13
rdma_cm,ib_cm,ib_sa,iw_cm,nv_peer_mem,mlx4_ib,mlx5_ib,ib_mad,ib_ucm
,ib_umad,ib_uverbs,rdma_ucm,ib_ipoib
```

- If the expected output appears, then no further action is needed.
  - If there is no output, then continue the steps to install the nvidia-peer-memory module.
2. Install the module.

```
$ sudo apt-get install --reinstall mlnx-ofed-kernel-dkms nvidia-
peer-memory-dkms
```

Expected output:

```
DKMS: install completed.
Processing triggers for initramfs-tools (0.103ubuntu4.2) ...
update-initramfs: Generating /boot/initrd.img-4.4.0-64-generic
```

3. Add the module to the Linux kernel.

```
$ sudo modprobe nv_peer_mem
```

There is no expected output for this command.

4. Repeat step 1 to verify that the nvidia-peer-memory module is installed.

## Recovering from an Interrupted Update

If the script is interrupted during the update, such as from a loss of power or loss of network connection, then restore power or restore the network connection, whichever caused the interruption.

- ▶ If the system encounters a kernel panic after you restore power and reboot the DGX-1, you will not be able to perform the over-the-network update. You will need to re-image the DGX-1 with the latest image to update the software. Refer to the section [DGX OS Server Version 3.1.2 Installation Guide](#) for instructions.
- ▶ If you are successfully returned to the Linux command line, continue following the instructions from step 2 in the [Updating from Version 3.1.1 to 3.1.2](#) update instructions.

# APPENDIX A: RETAINING THE RAID PARTITION WHILE INSTALLING THE OS

As part of the OS installation or re-imaging process, you are presented with a boot menu when booting the installer image. The default selection is **Install DGX Software**. The installation process then repartitions all the SSDs, including the OS SSD as well as the RAID SSDs.

If you have not been using the RAID SSDs as cache drives and do not want them reformatted, then select the **Install DGX Server without formatting RAID** option at the boot menu. This option retains data on the RAID disks and performs the following:

- ▶ Installs the cache daemon but leaves it disabled by commenting out the `RUN=yes` line in `/etc/default/cachefile`.
- ▶ Creates a `/raid` directory, leaves it out of the file system table by commenting out the entry containing `"/raid"` in `/etc/fstab`.
- ▶ Does not format the RAID disks.

You can always choose to use the RAID disks as cache disks at a later time by enabling `cachefile` and adding `/raid` to the file system table as follows:

1. Uncomment the `#RUN=yes` line in `/etc/default/cachefile`.
2. Uncomment the `/raid` line in `etc/fstab`.
3. Run the following:

Mount `/raid`.

```
sudo mount /raid
```

Reload the `systemd` manager configuration.

```
systemctl daemon-reload
```

Start the cache daemon.

```
systemctl start cachefilesd.server
```

These changes are preserved across system reboots.

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