

NVIDIA CONTAINER RUNTIME FOR DOCKER

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Upgrade Instructions for DGX Systems



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Chapter 1. ABOUT THE NVIDIA CONTAINER RUNTIME FOR DOCKER

The NVIDIA Container Runtime for Docker is an improved mechanism for allowing the Docker Engine to support NVIDIA GPUs used by GPU-accelerated containers. This new runtime replaces the Docker Engine Utility for NVIDIA GPUs.

You now have the option to upgrade your DGX system environment to use the NVIDIA Container Runtime for Docker.



Important Some applications, such as Kubernetes, as well as CUDA 10 NGC containers, require the new runtime.

The Docker Engine Utility for NVIDIA GPUs is implemented with the installation of the nvidia-docker package. To upgrade your DGX system environment to use the NVIDIA Container Runtime for Docker, you must install the nvidia-docker2 package.

This document provides instructions for performing the upgrade.

Prerequisites

The instructions in this document require that your DGX system is installed with DGX OS Software Release 3.1, version 3.1.6 or higher. To determine the DGX OS Software version installed on your system, run the following command.

\$ grep VERSION /etc/dgx-release

This will show the version installed on the system from the ISO image (DGX_SWBUILD_VERSION) as well as any subsequent updates performed on the system (DGX_OTA_VERSION). The latest version listed is the currently installed version.

Example for DGX-1:

DGX NAME="DGX Server"

¹ For this reason, the NVIDIA Container Runtime for Docker is also referred to by the updated package "nvidia-docker2".

```
DGX_PRETTY_NAME="NVIDIA DGX Server"
DGX_SWBUILD_DATE="2017-09-02"
DGX_SWBUILD_VERSION="3.1.2"
...
DGX_OTA_VERSION="3.1.6"
DGX_OTA_DATE="Wed May 9 13:47:33 PDT 2018"
```

In this example, the installed version is 3.1.6.



DGX systems installed with DGX OS release 4 automatically include the NVIDIA Container Runtime for Docker.

If you need to update your DGX OS Software, refer to the Release Note and Upgrade Instructions for DGX-1, or the DGX Station User Guide for DGX Station.

Chapter 2. WHAT HAPPENS DURING THE UPGRADE PROCESS?

Only GPU-accelerated containers are affected during the upgrade process. Other containers remain untouched. Specifically, the upgrade process does the following.

- Stops all running GPU-accelerated containers that were started using nvidiadocker run.
- ► Commits all GPU-accelerated containers on the system.

Images are saved in a file with the following naming format:

image_name-container_id

For example, a container started with image nvcr.io/nvidia/caffe:18.05-py2 and with container ID a4093a4040de would be saved as nvcr.io/nvidia/caffe:18.05-py2-a4093a4040de.

▶ Removes the containers after committing them.



Important If you have edited the /etc/docker/daemon.json file, your edits may be overridden by the upgrade. See the section Performing the Upgrade for details on managing the changes.

Chapter 3. PERFORMING THE UPGRADE

Upgrading to the new runtime involves updating the **nvidia-docker** package and then installing the **nvidia-docker2** package.

The instructions apply to DGX systems installed with the Docker Engine Utility for NVIDIA GPUs. To determine your installation, run the following command.

\$ nvidia-docker version

If the command returns 2.0.x, then your system already contains the upgrade to the NVIDIA Container Runtime for Docker and no further action is needed.

1. Stop, commit, and then remove all GPU-accelerated containers that you want to keep.

While the upgrade process commits all your GPU-accelerated containers, you should commit the containers yourself as a fail-safe. Removing the containers afterwards will avoid duplicate copies.

2. Update the list of available packages and their versions.

\$ sudo apt update

3. Verify the **nvidia-docker** package is updated to at least version 1.0.1-3.

\$ dpkg -1 nvidia-docker

If the version is lower than 1.0.1-3, then update the **nvidia-docker** package as follows.

\$ sudo apt install nvidia-docker

The updated package ensures the upgrade to the NVIDIA Container Runtime for Docker is performed cleanly and reliably.

4. Install the nvidia-docker2 package.

\$ sudo apt install nvidia-docker2

You may be presented with a configuration choice such as the following:

Configuration file '/etc/docker/daemon.json'

```
==> File on system created by you or by a script.

==> File also in package provided by package maintainer.

What would you like to do about it ? Your options are:

Y or I : install the package maintainer's version

N or O : keep your currently-installed version

D : show the differences between the versions

Z : start a shell to examine the situation

The default action is to keep your current version.

*** daemon.json (Y/I/N/O/D/Z) [default=N] ?
```

Press Y at the prompt to install the nvidia-docker2 configuration file. Your original file is renamed /etc/docker/daemon.json.dpkg-old. You can merge the contents afterwards to continue using your configuration changes.

5. Restart Docker.

\$ sudo systemctl restart docker

6. (Optional) If the system has network access to the public Docker repository, verify the upgrade was successful.

\$ sudo docker run --runtime=nvidia --rm nvcr.io/nvidia/cuda:9.0-devel-ubuntu16.04 nvidia-smi

Chapter 4. USING THE NVIDIA CONTAINER RUNTIME FOR DOCKER



These instructions assume the user is part of the docker group. For details, see the relevant sections in the DGX-1 User Guide or in the DGX- Station User Guide.

After updating to the NVIDIA Container Runtime for Docker, you can run GPU-accelerated containers in one of the following ways.

Use docker run and specify runtime=nvidia.

```
$ docker run --runtime=nvidia ...
```

Use nvidia-docker run.

```
$ nvidia-docker run ...
```

The new package provides backward compatibility, so you can still run GPU-accelerated containers by using this command, and the new runtime will be used.

Use docker run with nvidia as the default runtime.

You can set nvidia as the default runtime, for example, by adding the following line to the /etc/docker/daemon.json configuration file as the first entry.

```
"default-runtime": "nvidia",
```

The following is an example of how the added line appears in the JSON file. Do not remove any pre-existing content when making this change.

```
{
  "default-runtime": "nvidia",
    "runtimes": {
        "nvidia": {
            "path": "/usr/bin/nvidia-container-runtime",
            "runtimeArgs": []
        }
},
```

You can then use **docker run** to run GPU-accelerated containers.

\$ docker run ...



Caution If you build Docker images while nvidia is set as the default runtime, make sure the build scripts executed by the Dockerfile specify the GPU architectures that the container will need. Failure to do so may result in the container being optimized only for the GPU architecture on which it was built. Instructions for specifying the GPU architecture depend on the application and are beyond the scope of this document. Consult the specific application build process for guidance.

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