

Release Notes Release 13.0

NVIDIA Corporation

Contents

1	Overview	•
2	General CUDA	•
	2.1 CUDA Toolkit Major Components	 3
	2.2 CUDA Driver	Ę
	2.3 New Features	 ç
	2.3.1 General CUDA	ç
	2.3.2 CUDA Compiler	9
	2.3.3 CUDA Developer Tools	9
	2.4 Known Issues	10
	2.4.1 General CUDA	10
	2.5 Deprecated or Dropped Features	10
	2.5.1 General CUDA	10
	2.5.2 Deprecated Architectures	12
	2.5.3 Deprecated or Dropped Operating Systems	12
	2.5.4 Deprecated or Dropped CUDA Toolchains	12
3	CUDA Libraries	15
	3.1 cuBLAS Library	 15
	3.1.1 cuBLAS: Release 13.0 Update 2	 15
	3.1.2 cuBLAS: Release 13.0 Update 1	 16
	3.1.3 cuBLAS: Release 13.0	 16
	3.2 cuFFT Library	 17
	3.2.1 cuFFT: Release 13.0 Update 1	 17
	3.2.2 cuFFT: Release 13.0	17
	3.3 cuSOLVER Library	 18
	3.3.1 cuSOLVER: Release 13.0 Update 1	 18
	3.3.2 cuSOLVER: Release 13.0	18
	3.4 cuSPARSE Library	19
	3.4.1 cuSPARSE: Release 13.0 Update 1	19
	3.4.2 cuSPARSE: Release 13.0	20
	3.5 Math Library	 20
	3.5.1 CUDA Math: Release 13.0	20
	3.6 nvJPEG Library	 2
	3.6.1 nvJPEG: Release 13.0 Update 1	
	3.6.2 nvJPEG: Release 13.0	 2
	3.7 NPP Library	
	3.7.1 NPP: Release 13.0	
4	Notices	23
	4.1 Notice	
	4.2 OpenCL	 24
	1.2 Tradomarko	2

Chapter 1. Overview

CUDA Toolkit 13.0 Update 2 - Release Notes

Welcome to the release notes for NVIDIA® CUDA® Toolkit 13.0 Update 2. This release includes enhancements and fixes across the CUDA Toolkit and its libraries.

This documentation is organized into two main sections:

▶ General CUDA

Focuses on the core CUDA infrastructure including component versions, driver compatibility, compiler/runtime features, issues, and deprecations.

▶ CUDA Libraries

Covers the specialized computational libraries with their feature updates, performance improvements, API changes, and version history across CUDA 13.x releases.

2 1. Overview

Chapter 2. General CUDA

2.1. CUDA Toolkit Major Components

Note: Starting with CUDA 11, individual components within the CUDA Toolkit (for example: compiler, libraries, tools) are versioned independently.

For CUDA 13.0 Update 2, the table below indicates the versions:

Table 1: CUDA 13.0 Update 2 Component Versions

Component Name		Version Information	Supported Architectures	Supported Plat- forms	
CUDA C++ Core	Thrust	3.0.1	x86_64, arm64-	Linux, Windows	
Compute Li- braries	CUB	3.0.1	sbsa		
	libcu++	3.0.1			
	Cooperative Groups	13.0.85			
CUDA Application	CUDA Application Compiler (crt)		x86_64, arm64- sbsa	Linux, Windows, WSL	
CUDA Compilation Optimizer (ctadvisor)		13.0.85	x86_64, arm64- sbsa	Linux, Windows, WSL	
CUDA Runtime (cudart)		13.0.96	x86_64, arm64- sbsa	Linux, Windows, WSL	
CUDA culibos		13.0.85	x86_64, arm64- sbsa	Linux	
CUDA cuobjdump		13.0.85	x86_64, arm64- sbsa	Linux, Windows	
CUPTI		13.0.85	x86_64, arm64- sbsa	Linux, Windows, WSL	
CUDA cuxxfilt (demangler)		13.0.85	x86_64, arm64- sbsa	Linux, Windows	

continues on next page

Table 1 – continued from previous page

Component Name	Version Information	Supported Architectures	Supported Plat- forms
CUDA Documentation	13.0.85	x86_64	Linux, Windows
CUDA GDB	13.0.85	x86_64, arm64- sbsa	Linux, WSL
CUDA Nsight Eclipse Plugin	13.0.85	x86_64	Linux
CUDA NVCC	13.0.88	x86_64, arm64- sbsa	Linux, Windows, WSL
CUDA nvdisasm	13.0.85	x86_64, arm64- sbsa	Linux, Windows
CUDA NVML Headers	13.0.87	x86_64, arm64- sbsa	Linux, Windows, WSL
CUDA nvprune	13.0.85	x86_64, arm64- sbsa	Linux, Windows, WSL
CUDA NVRTC	13.0.88	x86_64, arm64- sbsa	Linux, Windows, WSL
CUDA NVTX	13.0.85	x86_64, arm64- sbsa	Linux, Windows, WSL
CUDA OpenCL	13.0.85	x86_64	Linux, Windows
CUDA Profiler API	13.0.85	x86_64, arm64- sbsa	Linux, Windows, WSL
CUDA Sandbox dev	13.0.85	x86_64, arm64- sbsa	Linux, WSL
CUDA Compute Sanitizer API	13.0.85	x86_64, arm64- sbsa	Linux, Windows, WSL
CUDA cuBLAS	13.1.0.3	x86_64, arm64- sbsa	Linux, Windows, WSL
CUDA cuFFT	12.0.0.61	x86_64, arm64- sbsa	Linux, Windows, WSL
CUDA cuFile	1.15.1.6	x86_64, arm64- sbsa	Linux
CUDA cuRAND	10.4.0.35	x86_64, arm64- sbsa	Linux, Windows, WSL
CUDA cuSOLVER	12.0.4.66	x86_64, arm64- sbsa	Linux, Windows, WSL
CUDA cuSPARSE	12.6.3.3	x86_64, arm64- sbsa	Linux, Windows, WSL
CUDA NPP	13.0.1.2	x86_64, arm64- sbsa	Linux, Windows, WSL

continues on next page

2. General CUDA

Table 1 – continued from previous page

Component Name	Version Information	Supported Architectures	Supported Plat- forms
CUDA nvFatbin	13.0.85	x86_64, arm64- sbsa	Linux, Windows, WSL
CUDA nvJitLink	13.0.88	x86_64, arm64- sbsa	Linux, Windows, WSL
CUDA nvJPEG	13.0.1.86	x86_64, arm64- sbsa	Linux, Windows, WSL
CUDA nvptxcompiler	13.0.88	x86_64, arm64- sbsa	Linux, Windows, WSL
CUDA nvsdm	580.95.05	x86_64	Linux, Windows, WSL
CUDA nvvm	13.0.88	x86_64, arm64- sbsa	Linux, Windows, WSL
Nsight Compute	2025.3.1.4	x86_64, arm64- sbsa	Windows, WSL (Windows 11)
Nsight Systems	2025.3.2.474	x86_64, arm64- sbsa	Linux, Windows, WSL
Nsight Visual Studio Edition (VSE)	2025.3.1.25227	x86_64 (Win- dows)	Windows
nvidia_fs ¹	2.26.6	x86_64, arm64- sbsa	Linux
Visual Studio Integration	13.0.85	x86_64 (Win- dows)	Windows
NVIDIA Linux Driver	580.95.05	x86_64, arm64- sbsa	Linux

2.2. CUDA Driver

Running a CUDA application requires the system with at least one CUDA capable GPU and a driver that is compatible with the CUDA Toolkit. See Table 3. For more information various GPU products that are CUDA capable, visit https://developer.nvidia.com/cuda-gpus.

Each release of the CUDA Toolkit requires a minimum version of the CUDA driver. The CUDA driver is backward compatible, meaning that applications compiled against a particular version of the CUDA will continue to work on subsequent (later) driver releases.

More information on compatibility can be found at https://docs.nvidia.com/cuda/cuda-c-best-practices-guide/index.html#cuda-compatibility-and-upgrades.

Note: Starting with CUDA 11.0, the toolkit components are individually versioned, and the toolkit itself is versioned as shown in the table below.

2.2. CUDA Driver 5

¹ Only available on select Linux distros

The minimum required driver version for CUDA minor version compatibility is shown below. CUDA minor version compatibility is described in detail in https://docs.nvidia.com/deploy/cuda-compatibility/index.html

Table 2: CUDA Toolkit and Minimum Required Driver Version for CUDA Minor Version Compatibility

CTK Version	Driver Range for Minor Version Compatibility		
	Min Max		
13.x	>= 580	N/A	
12.x	>= 525	< 580	
11.x	>= 450	< 525	

^{*} Using a Minimum Required Version that is **different** from Toolkit Driver Version could be allowed in compatibility mode – please read the CUDA Compatibility Guide for details.

For more information on supported driver versions, see the CUDA Compatibility Guide for drivers.

*** CUDA 11.0 was released with an earlier driver version, but by upgrading to Tesla Recommended Drivers 450.80.02 (Linux) / 452.39 (Windows), minor version compatibility is possible across the CUDA 11.x family of toolkits.

The version of the development NVIDIA GPU Driver packaged in each CUDA Toolkit release is shown below.

Table 3: CUDA Toolkit and Corresponding Driver Versions

CUDA Toolkit	Toolkit Driver Version		
	Linux x86_64 Driver Version	Windows x86_64 Driver Version	
CUDA 13.0 Update 2	>=580.95.05	N/A	
CUDA 13.0 Update 1	>=580.82.07	N/A	
CUDA 13.0 GA	>=580.65.06	N/A	
CUDA 12.9 Update 1	>=575.57.08	>=576.57	
CUDA 12.9 GA	>=575.51.03	>=576.02	
CUDA 12.8 Update 1	>=570.124.06	>=572.61	
CUDA 12.8 GA	>=570.26	>=570.65	
CUDA 12.6 Update 3	>=560.35.05	>=561.17	
CUDA 12.6 Update 2	>=560.35.03	>=560.94	
CUDA 12.6 Update 1	>=560.35.03	>=560.94	
CUDA 12.6 GA	>=560.28.03	>=560.76	

continues on next page

6 2. General CUDA

^{**} Starting with CUDA 13.0, the Windows display driver is **no longer** bundled with the CUDA Toolkit package. Users must download and install the appropriate NVIDIA driver separately from the official driver download page.

Table 3 – continued from previous page

CUDA Toolkit	Toolkit Driver Version	
CUDA 12.5 Update 1	>=555.42.06	>=555.85
CUDA 12.5 GA	>=555.42.02	>=555.85
CUDA 12.4 Update 1	>=550.54.15	>=551.78
CUDA 12.4 GA	>=550.54.14	>=551.61
CUDA 12.3 Update 1	>=545.23.08	>=546.12
CUDA 12.3 GA	>=545.23.06	>=545.84
CUDA 12.2 Update 2	>=535.104.05	>=537.13
CUDA 12.2 Update 1	>=535.86.09	>=536.67
CUDA 12.2 GA	>=535.54.03	>=536.25
CUDA 12.1 Update 1	>=530.30.02	>=531.14
CUDA 12.1 GA	>=530.30.02	>=531.14
CUDA 12.0 Update 1	>=525.85.12	>=528.33
CUDA 12.0 GA	>=525.60.13	>=527.41
CUDA 11.8 GA	>=520.61.05	>=520.06
CUDA 11.7 Update 1	>=515.48.07	>=516.31
CUDA 11.7 GA	>=515.43.04	>=516.01
CUDA 11.6 Update 2	>=510.47.03	>=511.65
CUDA 11.6 Update 1	>=510.47.03	>=511.65
CUDA 11.6 GA	>=510.39.01	>=511.23
CUDA 11.5 Update 2	>=495.29.05	>=496.13
CUDA 11.5 Update 1	>=495.29.05	>=496.13
CUDA 11.5 GA	>=495.29.05	>=496.04
CUDA 11.4 Update 4	>=470.82.01	>=472.50
CUDA 11.4 Update 3	>=470.82.01	>=472.50
CUDA 11.4 Update 2	>=470.57.02	>=471.41
CUDA 11.4 Update 1	>=470.57.02	>=471.41
CUDA 11.4.0 GA	>=470.42.01	>=471.11
CUDA 11.3.1 Update 1	>=465.19.01	>=465.89
CUDA 11.3.0 GA	>=465.19.01	>=465.89
CUDA 11.2.2 Update 2	>=460.32.03	>=461.33
CUDA 11.2.1 Update 1	>=460.32.03	>=461.09
CUDA 11.2.0 GA	>=460.27.03	>=460.82

continues on next page

2.2. CUDA Driver 7

Table	2	continued	from	provious	naga
Table	J -	continued	110111	previous	paue

CUDA Toolkit	Toolkit Driver Version	
CUDA 11.1.1 Update 1	>=455.32	>=456.81
CUDA 11.1 GA	>=455.23	>=456.38
CUDA 11.0.3 Update 1	>= 450.51.06	>= 451.82
CUDA 11.0.2 GA	>= 450.51.05	>= 451.48
CUDA 11.0.1 RC	>= 450.36.06	>= 451.22
CUDA 10.2.89	>= 440.33	>= 441.22
CUDA 10.1 (10.1.105 general release, and updates)	>= 418.39	>= 418.96
CUDA 10.0.130	>= 410.48	>= 411.31
CUDA 9.2 (9.2.148 Update 1)	>= 396.37	>= 398.26
CUDA 9.2 (9.2.88)	>= 396.26	>= 397.44
CUDA 9.1 (9.1.85)	>= 390.46	>= 391.29
CUDA 9.0 (9.0.76)	>= 384.81	>= 385.54
CUDA 8.0 (8.0.61 GA2)	>= 375.26	>= 376.51
CUDA 8.0 (8.0.44)	>= 367.48	>= 369.30
CUDA 7.5 (7.5.16)	>= 352.31	>= 353.66
CUDA 7.0 (7.0.28)	>= 346.46	>= 347.62

- ► CUDA Toolkit driver bundling (pre-CUDA 13.0):
 - ▶ The CUDA Toolkit previously included an NVIDIA display driver for convenience.
 - ▶ This bundled driver was intended only for development purposes.
 - ▶ It is not recommended for production use, especially with Tesla GPUs.
- ▶ Recommended driver for Tesla GPUs:
 - ► For production environments using Tesla GPUs, download the latest certified driver from the official NVIDIA Driver Downloads site:

https://www.nvidia.com/drivers

- ▶ Optional driver installation during Toolkit setup:
 - ▶ During CUDA Toolkit installation, users may choose to skip driver installation:
 - ▶ On Windows: via interactive or silent install options.
 - ▶ On Linux: by skipping driver meta packages.
- ► Change in CUDA 13.0 (Windows-specific):
 - ➤ Starting with CUDA 13.0, the Windows display driver is no longer bundled with the CUDA Toolkit.
 - ▶ Windows users must **manually download and install** the appropriate driver from the official NVIDIA site.
- Driver compatibility notes:

2. General CUDA

- Some compatibility tables may list "N/A" for Windows driver versions.
- Users must still ensure the installed driver meets or exceeds the minimum required version for the CUDA Toolkit.
- ▶ For details, refer to the official CUDA Compatibility Guide for Drivers:

https://docs.nvidia.com/deploy/cuda-compatibility/index.html

2.3. New Features

CUDA 13.0 is a new major version. CUDA follows semantic versioning, and guarantees ABI stability within the major version series. CUDA Toolkit releases in the 13.x series are ABI-compatible with drivers corresponding to the same series (r580 and newer). Note that CUDA's API can evolve over the course of a major release to include new functionality, and not all new functionality may be supported on older drivers.

2.3.1. General CUDA

▶ Enabled opt-in fixed-point emulation for FP64 matmuls (D/ZGEMM) which improves performance and power-efficiency. The implementation follows the Ozaki-1 Scheme and leverages an automatic dynamic precision framework to ensure FP64-level accuracy. See here for more details on fixed-point emulation along with the table of supported compute-capabilities and the CUDA library samples for example usages.

2.3.2. CUDA Compiler

► For changes to PTX, refer to https://docs.nvidia.com/cuda/parallel-thread-execution/#ptx-isa-version-9-0.

2.3.3. CUDA Developer Tools

For details on new features, improvements, and bug fixes, see the changelogs for:

- ▶ Nsight Systems.
- ► Nsight Visual Studio Edition.
- ► CUPTI.
- Nsight Compute.
- ► Compute Sanitizer.
- ► CUDA-C++-Programming-Guide.

2.3. New Features 9

2.4. Known Issues

2.4.1. General CUDA

► Certain Linux kernels with KASLR enabled have a known issue in HMM initialization, causing CUDA initialization to fail. This issue is indicated by the following debug message:

```
[64689.125237] nvidia-uvm: uvm_pmm_gpu.c:3176 devmem_alloc_

⇒pagemap[pid:92821] request_free_mem_region() err -34
```

Fixes to this issue are being handled in upstream kernels. In the meantime, you can use one of the following workarounds:

Option 1: Disable KASLR (Preferred option)

If using GRUB, edit /etc/default/grub and add nokas1r to GRUB_CMDLINE_LINUX_DEFAULT:

```
GRUB_CMDLINE_LINUX_DEFAULT="quiet splash nokaslr"
```

Then, update GRUB and reboot:

```
sudo update-grub
sudo reboot
```

- Option 2: Disable HMM for UVM
 - 1. Create or edit /etc/modprobe.d/uvm.conf.
 - 2. Add or update the following line:

```
options nvidia_uvm uvm_disable_hmm=1
```

3. Unload and reload the nvidia_uvm kernel module or reboot the system:

```
sudo modprobe -r nvidia_uvm
sudo modprobe nvidia_uvm
```

2.5. Deprecated or Dropped Features

2.5.1. General CUDA

- ▶ CUDA 13.0 deprecates the following legacy vector types:
 - ▶ double4
 - ▶ long4
 - ▶ ulong4
 - ▶ longlong4
 - ▶ ulonglong4

10 2. General CUDA

These types are being replaced by new aligned variants:

*_16a and *_32a (e.g., double4_16a, double4_32a)

Deprecation warnings can be managed as follows:

- ► Globally silenced by defining __NV_NO_VECTOR_DEPRECATION_DIAG
- ► Locally suppressed using the macro pair __NV_SILENCE_HOST_DEPRECATION_BEGIN / __NV_SILENCE_HOST_DEPRECATION_END

These legacy types are planned for removal in CUDA 14.0.

- ▶ The **CUDA installer** for Windows **no longer** bundles the display driver. Users must install the display driver separately, either before or after installing the CUDA Toolkit.
- ► Multi-device launch APIs and related references for Cooperative Groups have been removed. These APIs were previously marked as deprecated in CUDA 12.x:
 - cudaLaunchCooperativeKernelMultiDevice has been removed from cuda_runtime_api.h.
 - ► The accompanying parameter struct cudaLaunchParam has been removed from driver_types.h.
 - ▶ this_multi_grid and multi_grid_group have been removed from cooperative_groups.h.

▶ Changes to cudaDeviceProperties structure:

In CUDA 13.0, several deprecated fields have been removed from the cudaDeviceProperties structure. To ensure forward compatibility, use the recommended replacement APIs listed below:

Removed Fields and Their Replacements

Removed Field	Replacement API	
clockRate	cudaDeviceGetAttribute(cudaDevAttrClockRate)	
deviceOverlap	Use the asyncEngineCount field	
kernelExecTimeoutEn- abled	<pre>cudaDeviceGetAttribute(cudaDevAttrKernelExecTimeout)</pre>	
computeMode	cudaDeviceGetAttribute(cudaDevAttrComputeMode)	
maxTexture1DLinear	cudaDeviceGetTexture1DLinearMaxWidth()	
memoryClockRate	<pre>cudaDeviceGetAttribute(cudaDevAttrMemoryClockRate)</pre>	
singleToDoublePrecision- PerfRatio	cudaDeviceGetAttribute(cudaDevAttrSingleToDoublePred	cisionPerfRat
cooperativeMultiDevice- Launch	No replacement available	

Removed cudaDeviceAttr Types (No Replacement Available)

- cudaDevAttrCooperativeMultiDeviceLaunch
- cudaDevAttrMaxTimelineSemaphoreInteropSupported
- ► The following legacy header files related to deprecated texture and surface references have been removed from the CUDA 13.0 runtime:

- cuda_surface_types.h
- cuda_texture_types.h
- surface_functions.h
- texture_fetch_functions.h

2.5.2. Deprecated Architectures

Architecture support for Maxwell, Pascal, and Volta is considered feature-complete. Offline compilation and library support for these architectures have been removed in CUDA Toolkit 13.0 major version release. The use of CUDA Toolkits through the 12.x series to build applications for these architectures will continue to be supported, but newer toolkits will be unable to target these architectures.

2.5.3. Deprecated or Dropped Operating Systems

▶ Support for Ubuntu 20.04 has been dropped starting with this release. Users are advised to migrate to Ubuntu 22.04 LTS or later.

2.5.4. Deprecated or Dropped CUDA Toolchains

CUDA Tools

- ► The profiling tools **NVIDIA Visual Profiler** and **nvprof** have been removed in CUDA 13.0. Users are encouraged to migrate to the next-generation tools:
 - NVIDIA Nsight Systems for GPU and CPU sampling and tracing
 - ▶ NVIDIA Nsight Compute for detailed GPU kernel profiling
- ▶ The pre-built CUDA Demo Suite applications have been removed in CUDA 13.0. Users are encouraged to build CUDA Samples from source, available on GitHub.
- ► The nv-p2p APIs are deprecated starting with CUDA 13.0 and will be removed in CUDA 14.0. These APIs remain functional in CUDA 13.0 but will no longer receive enhancements or bug fixes.
- ▶ The following CUPTI APIs and features have been removed in CUDA 13.0:
 - ► CUPTI Event API (cupti_events.h)
 - ► CUPTI Metric API (cupti_metrics.h)
 - PC Sampling Activity API (cupti_activity.h)
 - ► Source/SASS-level metrics (cupti_activity.h)
- ▶ The following APIs have been deprecated in CUDA 13.0:
 - CUPTI Profiling API (cupti_profiler_target.h)
 - Perfworks Metric API (nvperf_host.h)

Users are encouraged to transition to the following replacements:

CUPTI Range Profiling API (cupti_range_profiler.h)

12 2. General CUDA

► CUPTI Profiler Host API (cupti_profiler_host.h)

CUDA Compiler

- ▶ The following host compilers are no longer supported as of CUDA 13.0:
 - ▶ Intel ICC 2021.7
 - ► Microsoft Visual Studio 2017 (MSVC 2017)

14 2. General CUDA

Chapter 3. CUDA Libraries

This section covers CUDA Libraries release notes for 13.x releases.

Note: Documentation will be updated to accurately reflect supported C++ standard libraries for CUDA Math Libraries.

3.1. cuBLAS Library

3.1.1. cuBLAS: Release 13.0 Update 2

New Features

- ▶ Enabled opt-in fixed-point emulation for FP64 matmuls (D/ZGEMM) which improves performance and power-efficiency. The implementation follows the Ozaki-1 Scheme and leverages an automatic dynamic precision framework to ensure FP64-level accuracy. See here for more details on fixed-point emulation along with the table of supported compute-capabilities and the CUDA library samples for example usages.
- ▶ Improved performance on NVIDIA DGX Spark for FP16/BF16 and FP8 GEMMs.
- Added support for BF16x9 FP32 emulation to cublas[SC]syr[2]k and cublasCher[2]k routines. With the math mode set to CUBLAS_FP32_EMULATED_BF16X9_MATH, for large enough problems, cuBLAS will automatically dispatch SYRK and HERK to BF16x9-accelerated algorithms.

Resolved Issues

- ► Fixed undefined behavior caused by dereferencing a nullptr when passing an uninitialized matrix layout descriptor for Cdesc in cublasLtMatmul. [CUB-8911]
- ▶ Improved performance of cublas[SCDZ]syr[2]k and cublas[CZ]her[2]k on Hopper GPUs when dimension N is large. [CUB-8293, 5384826]

Known Issues

cublasLtMatmul with INT8 inputs, INT32 accumulation, and INT32 outputs might return CUBLAS_STATUS_NOT_SUPPORTED when dimension N is larger than 65,536 or when the batch count is larger than 1. The issue has existed since CUDA Toolkit 13.0 Update 1 and will be fixed in a later release. [5541380] ▶ On multi-device Blackwell GeForce systems, FP8 matmuls might fail to launch. The issue can be alleviated by running a process per device. [CUB-9487]

3.1.2. cuBLAS: Release 13.0 Update 1

▶ New Features

- ▶ Improved performance:
 - ▶ Block-scaled FP4 GEMMs on NVIDIA Blackwell and Blackwell Ultra GPUs
 - SYMV on NVIDIA Blackwell GPUs [5171345]
 - cublasLtMatmul for small cases when run concurrently with other CUDA kernels [5238629]
 - ► TF32 GEMMs on Thor GPUs [5313616]
 - ▶ Programmatic Dependent Launch (PDL) is now supported in some cuBLAS kernels for architectures sm_90 and above, decreasing kernel launch latencies when executed along-side other PDL kernels.

Resolved Issues

- ► Fixed an issue where some cublasSsyrkx kernels produced incorrect results when beta = 0 on NVIDIA Blackwell GPUs. [CUB-8846]
- Resolved issues in cublasLtMatmul with INT8 inputs, INT32 accumulation, and INT32 outputs where:
 - cublasLtMatmul could have produced incorrect results when A and B matrices used regular ordering (CUBLASLT_ORDER_COL or CUBLASLT_ORDER_ROW). [CUB-8874]
 - ► cublasLtMatmul could have been run with unsupported configurations of alpha/beta, which must be 0 or 1. [CUB-8873]

3.1.3. cuBLAS: Release 13.0

▶ New Features

➤ The cublasGemmEx, cublasGemmBatchedEx, and cublasGemmStridedBatchedEx functions now accept CUBLAS_GEMM_AUTOTUNE as a valid value for the algo parameter. When this option is used, the library benchmarks a selection of available algorithms internally and chooses the optimal one based on the given problem configuration. The selected algorithm is cached within the current cublasHandle_t, so subsequent calls with the same problem descriptor will reuse the cached configuration for improved performance.

This is an experimental feature. Users are encouraged to transition to the cuBLASLt API, which provides fine-grained control over algorithm selection through the heuristics API and includes support for additional data types such as FP8 and block-scaled formats, as well as kernel fusion. (see autotuning example in cuBLASLt).

- ▶ Improved performance of BLAS Level 3 non-GEMM kernels (SYRK, HERK, TRMM, SYMM, HEMM) for FP32 and CF32 precisions on NVIDIA Blackwell GPUs.
- ▶ This release adds support of SM110 GPUs for arm64-sbsa on Linux.

Known Issues

16 3. CUDA Libraries

▶ cublasLtMatmul previously ignored user-specified auxiliary (Aux) data types for ReLU epilogues and defaulted to using a bitmask. The correct behavior is now enforced: an error is returned if an invalid Aux data type is specified for ReLU epilogues. [CUB-7984]

Deprecations

- ► The experimental feature for atomic synchronization along the rows (CUBLASLT_MATMUL_DESC_ATOMIC_SYNC_NUM_CHUNKS_D_ROWS) and columns (CUBLASLT_MATMUL_DESC_ATOMIC_SYNC_NUM_CHUNKS_D_COLS) of the output matrix which was deprecated in 12.8 has now been **removed**.
- ➤ Starting with this release, cuBLAS will return CUBLAS_STATUS_NOT_SUPPORTED if any of the following descriptor attributes are set but the corresponding scale is not supported:
 - ► CUBLASLT_MATMUL_DESC_A_SCALE_POINTER
 - ► CUBLASLT_MATMUL_DESC_B_SCALE_POINTER
 - ► CUBLASLT_MATMUL_DESC_D_SCALE_POINTER
 - ► CUBLASLT_MATMUL_DESC_D_OUT_SCALE_POINTER
 - ► CUBLASLT_MATMUL_DESC_EPILOGUE_AUX_SCALE_POINTER
- ▶ Previously, this restriction applied only to non-narrow precision matmuls. It now also applies to narrow precision matmuls when a scale is set for a non-narrow precision tensor.

3.2. cuFFT Library

3.2.1. cuFFT: Release 13.0 Update 1

Known Issues

▶ In CUDA 13.0, a correctness issue affects a specific subset of kernels, namely half and bfloat precision size 1 strided R2C and C2R kernels. A fix will be included in a future CUDA release.

3.2.2. cuFFT: Release 13.0

New Features

- Added new error codes:
 - ▶ CUFFT_MISSING_DEPENDENCY
 - ▶ CUFFT_NVRTC_FAILURE
 - ► CUFFT_NVJITLINK_FAILURE
 - ▶ CUFFT_NVSHMEM_FAILURE
- ▶ Introduced CUFFT_PLAN_NULL, a value that can be assigned to a cufftHandle to indicate a null handle. It is safe to call cufftDestroy on a null handle.
- ▶ Improved performance for single-precision C2C multi-dimensional FFTs and large power-of-2 FFTs.

Known Issues

3.2. cuFFT Library 17

▶ An issue identified in CUDA 13.0 affects the correctness of a specific subset of cuFFT kernels, specifically half-precision and bfloat16 size-1 strided R2C and C2R transforms. A fix will be included in a future CUDA release.

Deprecations

- ► Removed support for Maxwell, Pascal, and Volta GPUs, corresponding to compute capabilities earlier than Turing.
- Removed legacy cuFFT error codes:
 - ► CUFFT_INCOMPLETE_PARAMETER_LIST
 - ► CUFFT_PARSE_ERROR
 - ► CUFFT_LICENSE_ERROR
- ► Removed the libcufft_static_nocallback.a static library. Users should link against libcufft_static.a instead, as both are functionally equivalent.

3.3. cuSOLVER Library

3.3.1. cuSOLVER: Release 13.0 Update 1

Resolved Issues

▶ Fixed a race condition in *cusolverDnXgeev* that could occur when using multiple host threads with either separate handles per thread or a shared handle, which caused execution to abort and returned CUSOLVER_STATUS_INTERNAL_ERROR.

3.3.2. cuSOLVER: Release 13.0

New Features

cuSOLVER offers a new math mode to leverage improved performance of emulated FP32 arithmetic on Nvidia Blackwell GPUs.

To enable and control this feature, the following new APIs have been added:

- cusolverDnSetMathMode()
- cusolverDnGetMathMode()
- cusolverDnSetEmulationStrategy()
- cusolverDnGetEmulationStrategy()
- ► Performance improvements for cusolverDnXsyevBatched() have been made by introducing an internal algorithm switch on Blackwell GPUs for matrices of size n <= 32.

To revert to the previous algorithm for all problem sizes, use cusolverDnSetAdvOptions().

For more details, refer to the cusolverDnXsyevBatched() documentation.

Deprecations

18 3. CUDA Libraries

- ► cuSOLVERMg is deprecated and may be removed in an upcoming major release. Users are encouraged to use cuSOLVERMp for multi-GPU functionality across both single and multi-node environments. To disable the deprecation warning, add the compiler flag -DDISABLE_CUSOLVERMG_DEPRECATED.
- cuSOLVERSp and cuSOLVERRf are fully deprecated and may be removed in an upcoming major release. Users are encouraged to use the cuDSS library for better performance and ongoing support.

For help with the transition, refer to the cuDSS samples or CUDA samples for migrating from cuSOLVERSp to cuDSS.

To disable the deprecation warning, add the compiler flag: -DDISABLE_CUSOLVER_DEPRECATED.

Resolved Issues

► The supported input matrix size for cusolverDnXsyevd, cusolverDnXsyevdx, cusolverDnXsyevBatched, cusolverDn<t>syevd, and cusolverDn<t>syevdx is no longer limited to n <= 32768.

This update also applies to routines that share the same internal implementation: cusolverDnXgesvdr, cusolverDnXgesvdp, cusolverDn<t>sygvdx, and cusolverDn<t>gesvdaStridedBatched.

3.4. cuSPARSE Library

3.4.1. cuSPARSE: Release 13.0 Update 1

New Features

Added support for the BSR format in the generic SpMV API (CUSPARSE-2518).

Deprecation

▶ Deprecated the legacy BSR SpMV API (replaced by the generic SpMV API).

Resolved Issues

- ► Enabled all generic APIs to support zero-dimension matrices/vectors (m, n, k = 0) (CUSPARSE-2378).
- ► Enabled all generic APIs to support small-dimension matrices/vectors (small m, n, or k) (CUSPARSE-2379).
- Fixed incorrect results in mixed-precision CSR/COO SpMV computations (CUSPARSE-2349).

3.4.2. cuSPARSE: Release 13.0

New Features

Added support for 64-bit index matrices in SpGEMM computation. (CUSPARSE-2365)

Known Issues

- cuSPARSE logging APIs can crash on Windows.
- ► CUSPARSE_SPMM_CSR_ALG3 does not return deterministic results as stated in the documentation.

Deprecation

Dropped support for pre-Turing architectures (Maxwell, Volta, and Pascal).

Resolved Issues

- ► Fixed a bug in cusparseSparseToDense_bufferSize that caused it to request up to 16× more memory than required. [CUSPARSE-2352]
- ▶ Fixed unwanted 16-byte alignment requirements on the external buffer. Most routines will now work with any alignment. In the generic API, only cusparseSpGEMM routines are still affected. [CUSPARSE-2352]
- ► Fixed incorrect results from cusparseCsr2cscEx2 when any of the input matrix dimensions are zero, such as when m = 0 or n = 0. [CUSPARSE-2319]
- ► Fixed incorrect results from CSR SpMV when any of the input matrix dimensions are zero, such as when m = 0 or n = 0. [CUSPARSE-1800]

3.5. Math Library

3.5.1. CUDA Math: Release 13.0

New Features

- ➤ Single and double precision math functions received targeted performance and accuracy improvements through algorithmic simplifications, reduced branching, and tighter approximations.
 - ▶ atan2f, atan2: Up to 10% faster with minor improvements in accuracy.
 - ▶ sinhf, coshf, acoshf, asinhf, asinh: Up to 50% speedups with minor improvements in accuracy.
 - cbrtf, rcbrtf: 15% faster with minor improvements in accuracy.
 - erfinvf, erfcinvf, normcdfinvf: Minor accuracy improvements, performance neutral.
 - ▶ ldexpf, ldexp: Up to 3x faster in single precision and 30% faster in double precision, with no accuracy loss.
 - ▶ modff, modf: Up to 50% faster in single precision and 10% faster in double precision, with no accuracy loss.

20 3. CUDA Libraries

3.6. nvJPEG Library

3.6.1. nvJPEG: Release 13.0 Update 1

Resolved Issues

- Fixed a race condition in certain cases during progressive encoding (5307748).
- ▶ Fixed an uninitialized read when encoding images as 4:1:0 JPEG bitstreams (5308008).

3.6.2. nvJPEG: Release 13.0

Deprecations

▶ Removed the nvjpegEncoderParamsCopyHuffmanTables API.

Resolved Issues

- ▶ nvJPEG is now more robust and no longer crashes or exhibits undefined behavior when decoding malformed or truncated bitstreams. [5168024, 5133845, 5143450]
- ▶ nvjpegEncodeYUV now avoids reading outside of allocated device memory in certain cases. [5133826]
- ▶ Optimized memory usage when encoding RGB inputs using the hardware encoder.
- ► Fixed issues related to rounding in various transform, sampling, and conversion steps, improving image quality for both encoder and decoder. [5064901, 3976092]
- Various bug fixes for improved security.

3.7. NPP Library

3.7.1. NPP: Release 13.0

Deprecations

Removal of Legacy Non-Context APIs

All legacy NPP APIs without the _Ctx suffix have been deprecated and are now removed starting with this release. Developers should transition to the context-aware (_Ctx) versions to ensure continued support and compatibility with the latest CUDA releases.

Deprecation of ``nppGetStreamContext()``

The nppGetStreamContext() API has been deprecated and removed. Developers are strongly encouraged to adopt application-managed stream contexts by explicitly managing the NppStreamContext structure. For guidance, refer to the NPP Documentation – General Conventions and the usage demonstrated in the StreamContexts example.

Resolved Issues

3.6. nvJPEG Library 21

- ► Fixed an issue in nppiFloodFillRange_8u_C1IR_Ctx where the flood fill operation did not correctly fill the full target area. [5141474]
- ► Resolved a bug in the nppiDebayer() API that affected proper reconstruction of color data during Bayer pattern conversion. [5138782]

22 3. CUDA Libraries

Chapter 4. Notices

4.1. Notice

This document is provided for information purposes only and shall not be regarded as a warranty of a certain functionality, condition, or quality of a product. NVIDIA Corporation ("NVIDIA") makes no representations or warranties, expressed or implied, as to the accuracy or completeness of the information contained in this document and assumes no responsibility for any errors contained herein. NVIDIA shall have no liability for the consequences or use of such information or for any infringement of patents or other rights of third parties that may result from its use. This document is not a commitment to develop, release, or deliver any Material (defined below), code, or functionality.

NVIDIA reserves the right to make corrections, modifications, enhancements, improvements, and any other changes to this document, at any time without notice.

Customer should obtain the latest relevant information before placing orders and should verify that such information is current and complete.

NVIDIA products are sold subject to the NVIDIA standard terms and conditions of sale supplied at the time of order acknowledgement, unless otherwise agreed in an individual sales agreement signed by authorized representatives of NVIDIA and customer ("Terms of Sale"). NVIDIA hereby expressly objects to applying any customer general terms and conditions with regards to the purchase of the NVIDIA product referenced in this document. No contractual obligations are formed either directly or indirectly by this document.

NVIDIA products are not designed, authorized, or warranted to be suitable for use in medical, military, aircraft, space, or life support equipment, nor in applications where failure or malfunction of the NVIDIA product can reasonably be expected to result in personal injury, death, or property or environmental damage. NVIDIA accepts no liability for inclusion and/or use of NVIDIA products in such equipment or applications and therefore such inclusion and/or use is at customer's own risk.

NVIDIA makes no representation or warranty that products based on this document will be suitable for any specified use. Testing of all parameters of each product is not necessarily performed by NVIDIA. It is customer's sole responsibility to evaluate and determine the applicability of any information contained in this document, ensure the product is suitable and fit for the application planned by customer, and perform the necessary testing for the application in order to avoid a default of the application or the product. Weaknesses in customer's product designs may affect the quality and reliability of the NVIDIA product and may result in additional or different conditions and/or requirements beyond those contained in this document. NVIDIA accepts no liability related to any default, damage, costs, or problem which may be based on or attributable to: (i) the use of the NVIDIA product in any manner that is contrary to this document or (ii) customer product designs.

No license, either expressed or implied, is granted under any NVIDIA patent right, copyright, or other NVIDIA intellectual property right under this document. Information published by NVIDIA regarding third-party products or services does not constitute a license from NVIDIA to use such products or

services or a warranty or endorsement thereof. Use of such information may require a license from a third party under the patents or other intellectual property rights of the third party, or a license from NVIDIA under the patents or other intellectual property rights of NVIDIA.

Reproduction of information in this document is permissible only if approved in advance by NVIDIA in writing, reproduced without alteration and in full compliance with all applicable export laws and regulations, and accompanied by all associated conditions, limitations, and notices.

THIS DOCUMENT AND ALL NVIDIA DESIGN SPECIFICATIONS, REFERENCE BOARDS, FILES, DRAWINGS, DIAGNOSTICS, LISTS, AND OTHER DOCUMENTS (TOGETHER AND SEPARATELY, "MATERIALS") ARE BEING PROVIDED "AS IS." NVIDIA MAKES NO WARRANTIES, EXPRESSED, IMPLIED, STATUTORY, OR OTHERWISE WITH RESPECT TO THE MATERIALS, AND EXPRESSLY DISCLAIMS ALL IMPLIED WARRANTIES OF NONINFRINGEMENT, MERCHANTABILITY, AND FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE. TO THE EXTENT NOT PROHIBITED BY LAW, IN NO EVENT WILL NVIDIA BE LIABLE FOR ANY DAMAGES, INCLUDING WITHOUT LIMITATION ANY DIRECT, INDIRECT, SPECIAL, INCIDENTAL, PUNITIVE, OR CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES, HOWEVER CAUSED AND REGARDLESS OF THE THEORY OF LIABILITY, ARISING OUT OF ANY USE OF THIS DOCUMENT, EVEN IF NVIDIA HAS BEEN ADVISED OF THE POSSIBILITY OF SUCH DAMAGES. Notwithstanding any damages that customer might incur for any reason whatsoever, NVIDIA's aggregate and cumulative liability towards customer for the products described herein shall be limited in accordance with the Terms of Sale for the product.

4.2. OpenCL

OpenCL is a trademark of Apple Inc. used under license to the Khronos Group Inc.

4.3. Trademarks

NVIDIA and the NVIDIA logo are trademarks or registered trademarks of NVIDIA Corporation in the U.S. and other countries. Other company and product names may be trademarks of the respective companies with which they are associated.

Copyright

©2007-2025, NVIDIA Corporation & affiliates. All rights reserved

24 4. Notices