NVIDIA Data Center GPU Driver version
450.51.05 (Linux) / 451.48 (Windows)

Release Notes
Table of Contents

Chapter 1. Version Highlights ........................................................................................................ 1
  1.1. Software Versions ................................................................................................................. 1
  1.2. New Features ......................................................................................................................... 1
  1.3. Fixed Issues ............................................................................................................................ 5
  1.4. Known Issues ......................................................................................................................... 5

Chapter 2. Virtualization ............................................................................................................. 8

Chapter 3. Hardware and Software Support ............................................................................. 10
Chapter 1. Version Highlights

This section provides highlights of the NVIDIA Data Center GPU R450 Driver (version 451.05 Linux and 451.48 Windows).

For changes related to the 450 release of the NVIDIA display driver, review the file “NVIDIA_Changelog” available in the .run installer packages.

Driver release date: 07/07/2020

1.1. Software Versions

07/07/2020: For this release, the software versions are listed below.

- CUDA Toolkit 11: 11.0.194 (cudadrt)
  Note that starting with CUDA 11, individual components of the toolkit are versioned independently. For a full list of the individual versioned components (e.g. nvcc, CUDA libraries etc.), see the CUDA Toolkit Release Notes
- NVIDIA Data Center GPU Driver: 450.51.05 (Linux) / 451.48 (Windows)
- Fabric Manager: 450.51.05 (Use nv-fabricmanager -v)
- GPU VBIOS:
  - 92.00.19.00.01 (NVIDIA A100 SKU200 with heatsink for HGX A100 8-way and 4-way)
  - 92.00.19.00.02 (NVIDIA A100 SKU202 w/o heatsink for HGX A100 4-way)
- NVSwitch VBIOS: 92.10.14.00.01
- NVFlash: 5.641

Due to a revision lock between the VBIOS and driver, VBIOS versions >= 92.00.18.00.00 must use corresponding drivers >= 450.36.01. Older VBIOS versions will work with newer drivers.

1.2. New Features

General

- Added support for CUDA 11.0. For more information on CUDA 11.0, refer to the CUDA Toolkit 11.0 Release Notes
Added support for NVIDIA A100. The supported products are:

- NVIDIA A100-SXM4-40GB
- NVIDIA A100-PG509-200
- NVIDIA A100-PCIE-40GB

Added support for Multi-Instance GPU (MIG) on A100. See the NVML API documentation and `nvidia-smi mig` command for more information on configuration and management of MIG instances. The following capabilities for MIG are supported for this release.

- Support for running containers in MIG instances.
- Support for nvJPEG.
- Support for Video SDK (encode and decode).
- Support for assignment of JPEG decoders and NVENC hardware units to MIG instances based on supported profiles.
- Support for CUDA developer tools - debug and trace is supported for this release.

**NVIDIA Management Library (NVML)**

- NVML Updates (Refer to the R450 NVML API Documentation for more information about these APIs)
  
  - New error code `NVML_ERROR_INSUFFICIENT_RESOURCES` when the GPU runs out of critical resources, other than memory.
  
  - Added new counters for NVLink, including flit error counters, CRC data errors, replay errors, bandwidth, speed, throughput and row remapper. See the NVML API documentation for more information on these new counters.
  
  - Added support for MIG configuration and management. See the NVML APIs for setting up MIG mode, managing GPU and Compute instances.
  
  - Added `nvmlDeviceGetRemappedRows` to return the number of rows remapped by the A100 GPU.

- The following NVLink APIs are deprecated.

  - `nvmlDeviceSetNvLinkUtilizationControl`
  - `nvmlDeviceGetNvLinkUtilizationControl`
  - `nvmlDeviceGetNvLinkUtilizationCounter`
  - `nvmlDeviceFreezeNvLinkUtilizationCounter`
  - `nvmlDeviceResetNvLinkUtilizationCounter`

  - `nvmlDeviceGetNvLinkUtilizationCounter` is now replaced by `nvmlDeviceGetFieldValues`. See the NVML API documentation for the new field parameters.
Fabric Manager for NVSwitch Systems

- Fabric Manager is now available as via standalone installer packages [.deb/.rpm] for Linux distributions [nvidia-fabricmanager-driver-version]
- Added the ability for CUDA workloads to continue running even when the Fabric Manager is stopped or terminated.
- Added a new API `fmGetUnsupportedFabricPartitions()` to list unsupported/degraded partitions. The API reports all the GPUs in each unsupported partition by physical ID.
- Added support for in-place package upgrades to the Fabric Manager (without updating the driver or) without affecting running workloads.
- APIs to query the number of NVLinks and the available bandwidth between these links.
- Added ability to support 4 GPUs per HGX baseboard (to create an 8x partition size).
- FM has a default NVLink partition grouping information and provides options for overriding the defaults with custom partition information.
- The `nvswitch-audit` tool is now included in the Fabric Manager .deb and .rpm packages.
- Added configuration options for Fabric Manager to prevent termination due to a fatal NVLINK error, NVSwitch error, or other typical software events. In the case of a fatal error, CUDA application creation will be blocked and any running application will be terminated.

Systems

- Added the ability for NVLink to switch to single lane mode to save power at idle.
- Added support for multi-host configurations. Note that this is supported only in 16-GPU systems (with two HGX A100 baseboards).
- Added support for GPU high availability mode - where failures of up to 1 GPU is supported on HGX A100. In the shared NVSwitch scenario, Fabric Manager disables partitions with a failing GPU and reports availability of all other partitions. Refer to the FM User Guide section on GPU Failure for more information.
- Added support for NVSwitch degraded mode - where the system remains functional but peer NVSwitch trunk links will operate at reduced bandwidth. Fabric Manager is also configurable to abort on NVSwitch failure. Refer to the FM User Guide for more information.
- HGX A100 now automatically configures the droopy value for A100 SXM4 modules based on the input voltage. Note that there is no user facing API or knob for controlling this behavior.
- On a GPU reset, the hardware now remaps rows that reported errors (single-bit or double-bit) to new memory locations to preserve contiguous memory. See the application note “NVIDIA A100 GPU Memory Error Management Application Note” for more information on this capability.
- Added support for systems that include 2x 8 GPU baseboards (up to 16 GPUs)
Resilient errors (in XIDs) are isolated to the process and failing CUDA applications are terminated but other processes on the GPU or partition can run to completion (or new processes can be launched) without requiring a GPU reset.

SMBPBI for NVIDIA Data Center GPUs

The following SMBPBI APIs were added for out-of-band management of the GPU and NVSwitches.

- API to read the default value and range of possible max settings for the application and memory clocks.
- API to read the current value of the application and memory clocks.
- API for reporting GPU power cap values.
- API for changing power cap configurations.
- API for reporting the state of NVSwitch state (active or degraded) along with the reason for the degraded state.
- API for reporting current running state of Fabric Manager.
- API for reporting inactive NVLinks.
- API for reporting failures when performing row-remapping updates.
- API for reporting row-remapping pending state.
- API for reporting number of remapped rows.
- API for reporting GPU XID errors.
- API for reporting PCIe width and speed.
- API for reporting PCIe link status.
- API for reporting PCIe error count.
- API for reporting Target temperature.
- API for reporting Default TGP.
- API for reporting Power Capping.
- API for reporting NVSwitch NVLink reads and writes for both payload traffic and total traffic (including protocol overhead).
- API to read HBM temperature.
- APIs to query to report the NVLink error state even if the NVLink in error is set to ‘OFF’.
- API for reporting GPU NVLink reads and writes for both payload traffic and total traffic (including protocol overhead).

The following MIG related features are supported. Note that the other out-of-band APIs for reporting metrics or management are at the granularity of GPUs rather than instances when the GPU is in MIG mode.

- API to toggle MIG mode on GPUs.
- API for reporting number of active GPU instances when the GPU is in MIG mode.
- API for reporting XID errors via polling.
- Ability to disable a GPU from the system.
- Ability to set clock limits on the GPUs.
- Ability to disable an entire tray even with the NVLINK bridge connected.
- Added a number of performance improvements for out-of-band management using SMBPBI
  - Merged SMBPBI status and data into one request with 3-bytes (24 bits) of data per read
  - Bundled GPU telemetry using user selectable commands (such as GPU power, GPU temperature, HBM temperature) thereby reducing the number of reads required
  - Increased data rate over SMBUS from 100KHz to 400KHz

1.3. Fixed Issues

- Various security issues were addressed, for additional details on the med-high severity issues please review NVIDIA Product Security for more information.
- Fixed an issue where NVML/nvidia-smi would report up to 25% utilization of the GPU when idle.
- Fixed an issue in shared NVSwitch virtualization mode where SXid errors may not be generated when there is a PCIe reset to GPUs in an activated partition.
- Fixed an issue where the NVIDIA kernel driver may fail to query the GPU’s UUID if the query is attempted right after GPU reset.
- Fixed an issue where resetting a single GPU (with active NVLinks) in a multi-GPU NVSwitch system would result in the Fabric Manager service to hang after a restart of the service

1.4. Known Issues

General

- By default, Fabric Manager runs as a systemd service. If using DAEMONIZE=0 in the Fabric Manager configuration file, then the following steps may be required.
  1. Disable FM service from auto starting. ([systemctl disable nvidia-fabricmanager]
  2. Once the system is booted, manually start FM process. (/usr/bin/nv-fabricmanager -c /usr/share/nvidia/nvswitch/fabricmanager.cfg). Note, since the process is not a daemon, the SSH/Shell prompt will not be returned (use another SSH shell for other activities or run FM as a background task).
- There is a known issue with cross-socket GPU to GPU memory consistency that is currently under investigation
When starting the Fabric Manager service, the following error may be reported: detected NVSwitch non-fatal error 10003 on NVSwitch pci. This error is not fatal and no functionality is affected. This issue will be resolved in a future driver release.

On NVSwitch systems with Windows Server 2019 in shared NVSwitch virtualization mode, the host may hang or crash when a GPU is disabled in the guest VM. This issue is under investigation.

In some cases, after a system reboot, the first run of `nvidia-smi` shows an ERR! for the power status of a GPU in a multi-GPU A100 system. This issue is not observed when running with persistence mode.

**GPU Performance Counters**

The use of developer tools from NVIDIA that access various performance counters requires administrator privileges. See this [note](#) for more details. For example, reading NVLink utilization metrics from `nvidia-smi` (nvidia-smi nvlink -g 0) would require administrator privileges.

**NoScanout Mode**

NoScanout mode is no longer supported on NVIDIA Tesla products. If NoScanout mode was previously used, then the following line in the “screen” section of /etc/X11/xorg.conf should be removed to ensure that X server starts on Tesla products:

```
Option         "UseDisplayDevice" "None"
```

Tesla products now support one display of up to 4K resolution.

**Unified Memory Support**

Some Unified Memory APIs (for example, CPU page faults) are not supported on Windows in this version of the driver. Review the CUDA Programming Guide on the system requirements for Unified Memory.

CUDA and unified memory is not supported when used with Linux power management states S3/S4.

**IMPU FRU for Volta GPUs**

The driver does not support the IPMI FRU multi-record information structure for NVLink. See the Design Guide for Tesla P100 and Tesla V100-SXM2 for more information.

**Video Memory Support**

For Windows 7 64-bit, this driver recognizes up to the total available video memory on Tesla cards for Direct3D and OpenGL applications.

For Windows 7 32-bit, this driver recognizes only up to 4 GB of video memory on Tesla cards for DirectX, OpenGL, and CUDA applications.
Experimental OpenCL Features

Select features in OpenCL 2.0 are available in the driver for evaluation purposes only.

The following are the features as well as a description of known issues with these features in the driver:

**Device side enqueue**

- The current implementation is limited to 64-bit platforms only.
- OpenCL 2.0 allows kernels to be enqueued with global_work_size larger than the compute capability of the NVIDIA GPU. The current implementation supports only combinations of global_work_size and local_work_size that are within the compute capability of the NVIDIA GPU. The maximum supported CUDA grid and block size of NVIDIA GPUs is available at [http://docs.nvidia.com/cuda/cuda-c-programming-guide/index.html#computecapabilities](http://docs.nvidia.com/cuda/cuda-c-programming-guide/index.html#computecapabilities). For a given grid dimension, the global_work_size can be determined by CUDA grid size x CUDA block size.
- For executing kernels (whether from the host or the device), OpenCL 2.0 supports non-uniform ND-ranges where global_work_size does not need to be divisible by the local_work_size. This capability is not yet supported in the NVIDIA driver, and therefore not supported for device side kernel enqueues.

**Shared virtual memory**

- The current implementation of shared virtual memory is limited to 64-bit platforms only.
Chapter 2. Virtualization

To make use of GPU passthrough with virtual machines running Windows and Linux, the hardware platform must support the following features:

- A CPU with hardware-assisted instruction set virtualization: Intel VT-x or AMD-V.
- Platform support for I/O DMA remapping.
- On Intel platforms the DMA remapper technology is called Intel VT-d.
- On AMD platforms it is called AMD IOMMU.

Support for these feature varies by processor family, product, and system, and should be verified at the manufacturer’s website.

Supported Hypervisors

The following hypervisors are supported:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Hypervisor</th>
<th>Notes</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Citrix XenServer</td>
<td>Version 6.0 and later</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>VMware vSphere [ESX / ESXi]</td>
<td>Version 5.1 and later.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Red Hat KVM</td>
<td>Red Hat Enterprise Linux 7 with KVM</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Microsoft Hyper-V</td>
<td>Windows Server 2016 Hyper-V Generation 2</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Tesla products now support one display of up to 4K resolution.

Supported Graphics Cards

The following GPUs are supported for device passthrough:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>GPU Family</th>
<th>Boards Supported</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>NVIDIA Ampere GPU Architecture</td>
<td>NVIDIA A100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Turing</td>
<td>NVIDIA T4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Volta</td>
<td>NVIDIA V100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pascal</td>
<td>Tesla: P100, P40, P4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GPU Family</td>
<td>Boards Supported</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>------------</td>
<td>------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Maxwell</td>
<td>Tesla: M60, M40, M6, M4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kepler</td>
<td>Tesla: K520, K80</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Support for these features varies by processor family, product, and system, and should be verified at the manufacturer’s website.

**Supported Operating Systems for NVIDIA Data Center GPUs**

The Release 450 driver is supported on the following operating systems:

- **Windows x86_64 operating systems:**
  - Microsoft Windows® Server 2019
  - Microsoft Windows® Server 2016
  - Microsoft Windows® 10

- The table below summarizes the supported Linux 64-bit distributions. For a complete list of distributions, kernel versions supported, see the [CUDA Linux System Requirements](#) documentation.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Distribution</th>
<th>x86_64</th>
<th>POWER</th>
<th>Arm64 Server</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>OpenSUSE Leap 15.1</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Red Hat Enterprise Linux / CentOS 8.y (where y &lt;= 2)</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Red Hat Enterprise Linux / CentOS 7.y (where y &lt;= 8)</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SUSE Linux Enterprise Server 15.1</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>Yes [see note]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ubuntu 20.04 LTS</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ubuntu 18.04.z LTS (where z &lt;= 4)</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ubuntu 16.04.z LTS (where z &lt;= 6)</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Note that SUSE Linux Enterprise Server (SLES) 15.1 is provided as a preview for Arm64 server since there are known issues when running some CUDA applications related to dependencies on glibc 2.27.

Supported Operating Systems and CPU Configurations for HGX A100

The Release 450 driver is validated with HGX A100 on the following operating systems and CPU configurations:

- Linux 64-bit distributions:
  - Red Hat Enterprise Linux 8.1 (in 4/8/16-GPU configurations)
  - CentOS Linux 7.7 (in 4/8/16-GPU configurations)
  - Ubuntu 18.04.4 LTS (in 4/8/16-GPU configurations)
  - SUSE SLES 15.1 (in 4/8/16-GPU configurations)

- Windows 64-bit distributions:

- CPU Configurations:
  - AMD Rome in PCIe Gen4 mode
  - Intel Skylake/Cascade Lake (4-socket) in PCIe Gen3 mode

Supported Virtualization Configurations

The Release 450 driver is validated with HGX A100 on the following configurations:

- Passthrough (full visibility of GPUs and NVSwitches to guest VMs):
  - 8-GPU configurations with Ubuntu 18.04.4 LTS
- Shared NVSwitch (guest VMs only have visibility of GPUs and full NVLink bandwidth between GPUs in the same guest VM):
  - 16-GPU configurations with Ubuntu 18.04.4 LTS

API Support

This release supports the following APIs:

- NVIDIA® CUDA® 11.0 for NVIDIA® Kepler™, Maxwell™, Pascal™, Volta™, Turing™ and NVIDIA Ampere architecture GPUs
- OpenGL® 4.5
- Vulkan® 1.1
- DirectX 11
- DirectX 12 (Windows 10)
- Open Computing Language (OpenCL™ software) 1.2
Note that for using graphics APIs on Windows (i.e. OpenGL, Vulkan, DirectX 11 and DirectX 12) or any WDDM 2.0+ based functionality on Tesla GPUs, vGPU is required. See the [vGPU documentation](#) for more information.

**Supported NVIDIA Data Center GPUs**

The NVIDIA Data Center GPU driver package is designed for systems that have one or more Tesla products installed. This release of the driver supports CUDA C/C++ applications and libraries that rely on the CUDA C Runtime and/or CUDA Driver API.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>NVIDIA Server Platforms</th>
<th>Product</th>
<th>Architecture</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>NVIDIA HGX A100</td>
<td>A100 and NVSwitch</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NVIDIA HGX-2</td>
<td>V100 and NVSwitch</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>A-Series Products</th>
<th>Product</th>
<th>GPU Architecture</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>NVIDIA A100</td>
<td></td>
<td>NVIDIA Ampere</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>T-Series Products</th>
<th>Product</th>
<th>GPU Architecture</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>NVIDIA T4</td>
<td></td>
<td>Turing</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>V-Series Products</th>
<th>Product</th>
<th>GPU Architecture</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>NVIDIA V100</td>
<td></td>
<td>Volta</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Tesla P-Series Products</th>
<th>Product</th>
<th>GPU Architecture</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>NVIDIA Tesla P100</td>
<td></td>
<td>Pascal</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NVIDIA Tesla P40</td>
<td></td>
<td>Pascal</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NVIDIA Tesla P4</td>
<td></td>
<td>Pascal</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Tesla K-Series Products</th>
<th>Product</th>
<th>GPU Architecture</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>NVIDIA Tesla K520</td>
<td></td>
<td>Kepler</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NVIDIA Tesla K80</td>
<td></td>
<td>Kepler</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### Tesla M-Class Products

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product</th>
<th>GPU Architecture</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>NVIDIA Tesla M60</td>
<td>Maxwell</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NVIDIA Tesla M40 24 GB</td>
<td>Maxwell</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NVIDIA Tesla M40</td>
<td>Maxwell</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NVIDIA Tesla M6</td>
<td>Maxwell</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NVIDIA Tesla M4</td>
<td>Maxwell</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
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