

NVIDIA Data Center GPU Driver version 470.141.03 (Linux) / 473.81 (Windows)

Release Notes

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Chapter 1. Version Highlights

This section provides highlights of the NVIDIA Data Center GPU R470 Driver (version 470.141.03 Linux and 473.81 Windows).

For changes related to the 470 release of the NVIDIA display driver, review the file "NVIDIA_Changelog" available in the .run installer packages.

- ▶ Linux driver release date: 8/2/2022
- ▶ Windows driver release date: 8/2/2022

1.1. Software Versions

For this release, the software versions are listed below.

CUDA Toolkit 11: 11.4

Note that starting with CUDA 11, individual components of the toolkit are versioned independently. For a full list of the individual versioned components (e.g. nvcc, CUDA libraries etc.), see the <u>CUDA Toolkit Release Notes</u>

- NVIDIA Data Center GPU Driver: 470.141.03 (Linux) / 473.81 (Windows)
- ► Fabric Manager: 470.141.03 (Use nv-fabricmanager -v)
- ► GPU VBIOS:
 - ▶ 92.00.19.00.01 (NVIDIA A100 SKU200 with heatsink for HGX A100 8-way and 4-way)
 - 92.00.19.00.02 (NVIDIA A100 SKU202 w/o heatsink for HGX A100 4-way)
- NVSwitch VBIOS: 92.10.14.00.01
- NVFlash: 5.641

Due to a revision lock between the VBIOS and driver, VBIOS versions >= 92.00.18.00.00 must use corresponding drivers >= 450.36.01. Older VBIOS versions will work with newer drivers.

For more information on getting started with the NVIDIA Fabric Manager on NVSwitch-based systems (for example, HGX A100), refer to the <u>Fabric Manager User Guide</u>.

1.2. Fixed Issues

- Added a flag to indicate that an unmap operation is happening during client teardown.
 When this flag is set, RM will unmap the mapping regardless of whether the process can be attached or not.
- ▶ Improved performance in GPUs with a high number of ECC correctable errors.
- During ongoing testing, NVIDIA identified that due to an algorithm error in a very small number of hardest-to-round cases (less than 0.000007% of tested combinations), the results of 64-bit floating-point division in default round-to-nearest-even mode can differ from the IEEE754 standard by 1 least-significant bit in default round-to-nearest-even mode.

Floating-point computations have many sources of error accumulation and most algorithms will not have encountered this discrepancy. NVIDIA recommends that all developers requiring strict IEEE754 compliance update to CUDA Toolkit 11.7 Update 1 or newer.

The affected algorithm is present in both offline compilation as well as just-in-time (JIT) compilation. As JIT compilation is handled by the driver, NVIDIA recommends updating to driver version 470.141.03 when IEEE754 compliance is required and when using JIT.

This is a software algorithm fix and is not tied to specific hardware.

- Pascal GPU page faults could hit a NULL pointer dereference in the UVM driver if there was not enough system memory available to handle the faults. This issue is resolved.
- DEVID of POSTLTSSM was reused for a different table. This caused RM to parse the new table incorrectly. This was resolved by removing code which parses PostLTSSM since RISC-V devinit on PMU is currently disabled.

1.3. Known Issues

General

- By default, Fabric Manager runs as a systemd service. If using DAEMONIZE=0 in the Fabric Manager configuration file, then the following steps may be required.
 - Disable FM service from auto starting. (systemctl disable nvidiafabricmanager)
 - Once the system is booted, manually start FM process. (/usr/bin/nv-fabricmanager -c /usr/share/nvidia/nvswitch/fabricmanager.cfg). Note, since the process is not a daemon, the SSH/Shell prompt will not be returned (use another SSH shell for other activities or run FM as a background task).
- When installing a driver on SLES15 or openSUSE15 that previously had an R515 driver installed, users need to run the following command afterwards to finalize the installation:

```
sudo zypper install --force nvidia-gfxG05-kmp-default
```

Without doing this, users may see the kernel objects as missing.

If you encounter an error on RHEL7 when installing with cuda-drivers-fabricmanager packages, use the following alternate instructions. For example:

If you are upgrading from a different branch, for example to driver 470.141.03:

```
new_version=470.141.03
sudo yum swap nvidia-driver-latest-dkms nvidia-driver-latest-dkms-${new_version}
sudo yum install nvidia-fabric-manager-${new_version}
```

On NVSwitch systems with Windows Server 2019 in shared NVSwitch virtualization mode, the host may hang or crash when a GPU is disabled in the guest VM. This issue is under investigation.

GPU Performance Counters

The use of developer tools from NVIDIA that access various performance counters requires administrator privileges. See this <u>note</u> for more details. For example, reading NVLink utilization metrics from nvidia-smi (nvidia-smi nvlink -g 0) would require administrator privileges.

NoScanout Mode

NoScanout mode is no longer supported on NVIDIA Data Center GPU products. If NoScanout mode was previously used, then the following line in the "screen" section of /etc/X11/xorg.conf should be removed to ensure that X server starts on data center products:

Option "UseDisplayDevice" "None"

NVIDIA Data Center GPU products now support one display of up to 4K resolution.

Unified Memory Support

Some Unified Memory APIs (for example, CPU page faults) are not supported on Windows in this version of the driver. Review the CUDA Programming Guide on the system requirements for Unified Memory

CUDA and unified memory is not supported when used with Linux power management states S3/S4.

IMPU FRU for Volta GPUs

The driver does not support the IPMI FRU multi-record information structure for NVLink. See the Design Guide for Tesla P100 and Tesla V100-SXM2 for more information.

OpenCL 3.0 Known Issues

Device-Side-Enqueue related queries may return 0 values, although corresponding builtins can be safely used by kernel. This is in accordance with conformance requirements described at https://www.khronos.org/registry/OpenCL/specs/3.0-unified/html/OpenCL_API.html#opencl-3.0-backwardscompatibility

Shared virtual memory—the current implementation of shared virtual memory is limited to 64-bit platforms only.

Chapter 2. Virtualization

To make use of GPU passthrough with virtual machines running Windows and Linux, the hardware platform must support the following features:

- ▶ A CPU with hardware-assisted instruction set virtualization: Intel VT-x or AMD-V.
- ▶ Platform support for I/O DMA remapping.
- On Intel platforms the DMA remapper technology is called Intel VT-d.
- On AMD platforms it is called AMD IOMMU.

Support for these features varies by processor family, product, and system, and should be verified at the manufacturer's website.

Supported Hypervisors

The following hypervisors are supported:

| Hypervisor | Notes |
|-----------------------------|---|
| Citrix XenServer | Version 6.0 and later |
| VMware vSphere (ESX / ESXi) | Version 5.1 and later. |
| Red Hat KVM | Red Hat Enterprise Linux 7 with KVM |
| Microsoft Hyper-V | Windows Server 2016 Hyper-V Generation 2 |

Tesla products now support one display of up to 4K resolution.

Supported Graphics Cards

The following GPUs are supported for device passthrough:

| GPU Family | Boards Supported |
|--------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| NVIDIA Ampere GPU Architecture | NVIDIA A100, A40, A30, A16, A10 |
| Turing | NVIDIA T4 |
| Volta | NVIDIA V100 |
| Pascal | Tesla: P100, P40, P4 |

| GPU Family | Boards Supported |
|------------|-------------------------|
| Maxwell | Tesla: M60, M40, M6, M4 |
| Kepler | Tesla: K520, K80 |

Chapter 3. Hardware and Software Support

Support for these features varies by processor family, product, and system, and should be verified at the manufacturer's website.

Supported Operating Systems for NVIDIA Data Center GPUs

The Release 470 driver is supported on the following operating systems:

- Windows x86_64 operating systems:
 - ▶ Microsoft Windows[®] Server 2022
 - ▶ Microsoft Windows[®] Server 2019
 - ▶ Microsoft Windows[®] Server 2016
 - ▶ Microsoft Windows[®] 11
 - ► Microsoft Windows[®] 10
- The table below summarizes the supported Linux 64-bit distributions. For a complete list of distributions, kernel versions supported, see the <u>CUDA Linux System Requirements</u> documentation.

| Distribution | x86_64 | POWER | Arm64 Server |
|--|--------|-------|----------------|
| OpenSUSE Leap 15.x (where y <=4) | Yes | No | No |
| Red Hat Enterprise Linux 8.y (where y <= 6) | Yes | Yes | Yes |
| Rocky Linux 8.y (where y <= 6) | Yes | No | No |
| Red Hat Enterprise Linux / CentOS 7.y (where y <= 9) | Yes | No | No |
| SUSE Linux Enterprise Server 15.y (where y <= 4) | Yes | No | Yes (see note) |

| Distribution | x86_64 | POWER | Arm64 Server |
|--------------------------------------|--------|-------|--------------|
| Ubuntu 20.04.z LTS (where z <= 4) | Yes | No | Yes |
| Ubuntu 18.04.z LTS (where z <= 6) | Yes | No | No |

Note that SUSE Linux Enterprise Server (SLES) 15.3 is provided as a preview for Arm64 server since there are known issues when running some CUDA applications related to dependencies on glibc 2.27.

Supported Operating Systems and CPU Configurations for HGX A100

The Release 470 driver is validated with HGX A100 on the following operating systems and CPU configurations:

- Linux 64-bit distributions:
 - Red Hat Enterprise Linux 8.6 (in 4/8/16-GPU configurations)
 - Red Hat Enterprise Linux 7.9 (in 4/8/16-GPU configurations)
 - Rocky Linux 8.6 (in 4/8/16-GPU configurations)
 - CentOS Linux 7.9 (in 4/8/16-GPU configurations)
 - Ubuntu 18.04.6 LTS (in 4/8/16-GPU configurations)
 - SUSE SLES 15.4 (in 4/8/16-GPU configurations)
- Windows 64-bit distributions:
 - Windows Server 2019 (in 1/2/4/8-GPU configurations; 16-GPU configurations are currently not supported)
 - Windows is supported only in shared NVSwitch virtualization configurations.
- CPU Configurations:
 - AMD Rome in PCIe Gen4 mode
 - Intel Skylake/Cascade Lake (4-socket) in PCIe Gen3 mode

Supported Virtualization Configurations

The Release 470 driver is validated with HGX A100 on the following configurations:

- Passthrough (full visibility of GPUs and NVSwitches to guest VMs):
 - ▶ 8-GPU configurations with Ubuntu 18.04.4 LTS
- Shared NVSwitch (guest VMs only have visibility of GPUs and full NVLink bandwidth between GPUs in the same guest VM):
 - ▶ 16-GPU configurations with Ubuntu 18.04.4 LTS
 - ▶ 1/2/4/8-GPU configurations with Windows x86_64 operating systems:

- Microsoft Windows[®] Server 2019
- ► Microsoft Windows[®] 10

API Support

This release supports the following APIs:

- NVIDIA[®] CUDA[®] 11.4 for NVIDIA[®] KeplerTM, MaxwellTM, PascalTM, VoltaTM, TuringTM and NVIDIA Ampere architecture GPUs
- ▶ OpenGL[®] 4.6
- ▶ Vulkan[®] 1.2
- DirectX 11
- DirectX 12 (Windows 10)
- Open Computing Language (OpenCLTM software) 3.0

Note that for using graphics APIs on Windows (i.e. OpenGL, Vulkan, DirectX 11 and DirectX 12) or any WDDM 2.0+ based functionality on Data Center GPUs, vGPU is required. See the <u>vGPU</u> <u>documentation</u> for more information.

Supported NVIDIA Data Center GPUs

The NVIDIA Data Center GPU driver package is designed for systems that have one or more Data Center GPU products installed. This release of the driver supports CUDA C/C++ applications and libraries that rely on the CUDA C Runtime and/or CUDA Driver API.

Attention: Release 470 will be the last driver branch to support Data Center GPUs based on the Kepler architecture. This includes discontinued support for the following compute capabilities:

- sm_30 (Kepler)
- sm_32 (Kepler)
- sm_35 (Kepler)
- sm_37 (Kepler)

For more information on GPU products and compute capability, see <u>https://</u><u>developer.nvidia.com/cuda-gpus</u>.

| NVIDIA Server Platforms | |
|-------------------------|-------------------|
| Product | Architecture |
| NVIDIA HGX A100 | A100 and NVSwitch |
| NVIDIA HGX-2 | V100 and NVSwitch |

| RTX-Series / T-Series Products | | |
|--------------------------------|------------------|--|
| Product | GPU Architecture | |
| NVIDIA RTX A6000 | NVIDIA Ampere | |
| NVIDIA RTX A5000 | NVIDIA Ampere | |
| NVIDIA RTX A4000 | NVIDIA Ampere | |
| Quadro RTX 8000 | Turing | |
| Quadro RTX 6000 | Turing | |
| NVIDIA T1000 | Turing | |
| NVIDIA T600 | Turing | |
| NVIDIA T400 | Turing | |

| Data Center A-Series Products | |
|-------------------------------|------------------|
| Product | GPU Architecture |
| NVIDIA A100 | NVIDIA Ampere |
| NVIDIA A100 80 GB PCIe | |
| NVIDIA A40 | NVIDIA Ampere |
| NVIDIA A30 | NVIDIA Ampere |
| NVIDA A16 | NVIDIA Ampere |
| NVIDIA A10 | NVIDIA Ampere |

| Data Center T-Series Products | | |
|-------------------------------|-----------|------------------|
| Product GPU Architecture | | GPU Architecture |
| | NVIDIA T4 | Turing |

| Data Center V-Series Products | |
|-------------------------------|------------------|
| Product | GPU Architecture |
| NVIDIA V100 | Volta |

| Data Center P-Series Products | |
|-------------------------------|------------------|
| Product | GPU Architecture |
| NVIDIA Tesla P100 | Pascal |
| NVIDIA Tesla P40 | Pascal |
| NVIDIA Tesla P4 | Pascal |

| Data Center K-Series Products | |
|-------------------------------|------------------|
| Product | GPU Architecture |
| NVIDIA Tesla K520 | Kepler |
| NVIDIA Tesla K80 | Kepler |

| Data Center M-Class Products | |
|------------------------------|------------------|
| Product | GPU Architecture |
| NVIDIA Tesla M60 | Maxwell |
| NVIDIA Tesla M40 24 GB | Maxwell |
| NVIDIA Tesla M40 | Maxwell |
| NVIDIA Tesla M6 | Maxwell |
| NVIDIA Tesla M4 | Maxwell |

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