



# INSTALLING TENSORRT

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## Installation Guide



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# Chapter 1.

## OVERVIEW

The core of NVIDIA TensorRT is a C++ library that facilitates high-performance inference on NVIDIA graphics processing units (GPUs). TensorRT takes a trained network, which consists of a network definition and a set of trained parameters, and produces a highly optimized runtime engine that performs inference for that network.

TensorRT provides API's via C++ and Python that help to express deep learning models via the Network Definition API or load a pre-defined model via the parsers that allow TensorRT to optimize and run them on an NVIDIA GPU. TensorRT applies graph optimizations, layer fusion, among other optimizations, while also finding the fastest implementation of that model leveraging a diverse collection of highly optimized kernels. TensorRT also supplies a runtime that you can use to execute this network on all of NVIDIA's GPU's from the Kepler generation onwards.

TensorRT also includes optional high speed mixed precision capabilities introduced in the Tegra X1, and extended with the Pascal, Volta, and Turing architectures.

# Chapter 2.

## GETTING STARTED

Ensure you are familiar with the following installation requirements and notes.

- ▶ The Windows zip package for TensorRT does not provide Python support. Python may be supported in the future.
- ▶ If you are using the TensorRT Python API and PyCUDA isn't already installed on your system, see [Installing PyCUDA](#). If you encounter any issues with PyCUDA usage, you may need to recompile it yourself. For more information, see [Installing PyCUDA on Linux](#).
- ▶ Ensure you are familiar with the Release Notes. The current version of the release notes can be found online at [TensorRT Release Notes](#).
- ▶ Verify that you have the CUDA Toolkit installed; version [10.2](#) is supported.
- ▶ The TensorFlow to TensorRT model export requires [TensorFlow 1.15.2](#).
- ▶ The PyTorch examples have been tested with [PyTorch 1.4.0](#), but may work with older versions.
- ▶ If the target system has both TensorRT and one or more training frameworks installed on it, the simplest strategy is to use the same version of cuDNN for the training frameworks as the one that TensorRT ships with. If this is not possible, or for some reason strongly undesirable, be careful to properly manage the side-by-side installation of cuDNN on the single system. In some cases, depending on the training framework being used, this may not be possible without patching the training framework sources.
- ▶ The `libnvcaffe_parser.so` library functionality from previous versions is included in `libnvparsers.so` since TensorRT 5.0. The installed symbolic link for `libnvcaffe_parser.so` is updated to point to the new `libnvparsers.so` library. The static library `libnvcaffe_parser.a` is also symbolically linked to `libnvparsers_static.a`.
- ▶ The installation instructions below assume you want the full TensorRT; both the C++ and TensorRT Python APIs. In some environments and use cases, you may not want to install the Python functionality. In which case, simply don't install the Debian or RPM packages labeled Python or the `whl` files. None of the C++ API functionality

depends on Python. You would need to install the UFF `whl` file if you want to export UFF files from TensorFlow models.

# Chapter 3.

## DOWNLOADING TENSORRT

Ensure you are a member of the NVIDIA Developer Program. If not, follow the prompts to gain access.

1. Go to: <https://developer.nvidia.com/tensorrt>.
2. Click **Download Now**.
3. Select the version of TensorRT that you are interested in.
4. Select the check-box to agree to the license terms.
5. Click the package you want to install. Your download begins.

# Chapter 4.

## INSTALLING TENSORRT

You can choose between the following installation options when installing TensorRT; Debian or RPM packages, a tar file, or a zip file.

The Debian and RPM installations automatically install any dependencies, however, it:

- ▶ requires `sudo` or root privileges to install
- ▶ provides no flexibility as to which location TensorRT is installed into
- ▶ requires that the CUDA Toolkit and cuDNN have also been installed using Debian or RPM packages.
- ▶ does not allow more than one minor version of TensorRT to be installed at the same time

The tar file provides more flexibility, such as installing multiple versions of TensorRT at the same time. However, you need to ensure that you have the necessary dependencies already installed and you must manage `LD_LIBRARY_PATH` yourself. For more information, see [Tar File Installation](#).

The zip file is the only option currently for Windows. It does not support any other platforms besides Windows. Ensure that you have the necessary dependencies already installed. For more information, see [Zip File Installation](#).

**TensorRT versions:** TensorRT is a product made up of separately versioned components. The version on the product conveys important information about the significance of new features while the library version conveys information about the compatibility or incompatibility of the API. The following table shows the versioning of the TensorRT components.

Table 1 Versioning of TensorRT components

Product or Component		Previously Released Version	Current Version	Version Description
TensorRT product		7.0.0	7.1.0	+1.0 when significant new capabilities are added.  +0.1 when capabilities have been improved.
nvinfer libraries, headers, samples, and documentation.		7.0.0	7.1.0	+1.0 when the API or ABI changes in a non-compatible way.  +0.1 when the API or ABI changes are backward compatible
UFF	uff-converter-tf Debian and RPM packages	7.0.0	7.1.0	+0.1 while we are developing the core functionality.
	uff-* .whl file	0.6.5	0.6.7	Set to 1.0 when we have all base functionality in place.
graphsurgeon	graphsurgeon-tf Debian and RPM packages	7.0.0	7.1.0	+0.1 while we are developing the core functionality.
	graphsurgeon-* .whl file	0.4.1	0.4.4	Set to 1.0 when we have all base functionality in place.
libnvinfer python packages <sup>1</sup>	▶ python-libnvinfer	7.0.0	7.1.0	+1.0 when the API or ABI changes in a non-compatible way.

<sup>1</sup> These components are not included in the zip file installation for Windows.



Product or Component	Previously Released Version	Current Version	Version Description
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▶ <code>python-libnvinfer-dev</code></li> <li>▶ <code>python3-libnvinfer</code></li> <li>▶ <code>python3-libnvinfer-dev</code></li> </ul> Debian and RPM packages			+0.1 when the API or ABI changes are backward compatible.
<code>tensorrt.whl</code> file	7.0.0	7.1.0	

## 4.1. Debian Installation

This section contains instructions for a developer installation and an app server installation. This installation method is for new users or users who want the complete installation, including samples and documentation.

For advanced users who are already familiar with TensorRT and want to get their application running quickly or to setup automation, follow the network repo installation instructions (see [Using The NVIDIA Machine Learning Network Repo For Debian Installation](#)).

**Developer Installation:** The following instructions set up a full TensorRT development environment with samples, documentation and both the C++ and Python API.



**Attention** If only the C++ development environment is desired, you can modify the following instructions and simply not install the Python packages.



Before issuing the following commands, you'll need to replace `ubuntu1x04`, `cuda.x`, `trt7.x.x.x-ea` and `yyyymmdd` with your specific OS version, CUDA version, TensorRT version and package date. The following commands are examples for `amd64`, however, the commands are identical for `ppc64e1`.

1. **Download** the TensorRT local repo file that matches the Ubuntu version and CPU architecture that you are using.
2. Install TensorRT from the Debian local repo package.

```
os="ubuntu1x04"
```

```
tag="cudax.x-trt7.x.x.x-ea-yyyymmdd"
sudo dpkg -i nv-tensorrt-repo-${os}-${tag}_1-1_amd64.deb
sudo apt-key add /var/nv-tensorrt-repo-${tag}/7fa2af80.pub

sudo apt-get update
sudo apt-get install tensorrt
```

If using Python 2.7:

```
sudo apt-get install python-libnvinfer-dev
```

The following additional packages will be installed:

```
python-libnvinfer
```

If using Python 3.x:

```
sudo apt-get install python3-libnvinfer-dev
```

The following additional packages will be installed:

```
python3-libnvinfer
```

If you plan to use TensorRT with TensorFlow:

```
sudo apt-get install uff-converter-tf
```

The `graphsurgeon-tf` package will also be installed with the above command.

### 3. Verify the installation.

```
dpkg -l | grep TensorRT
```

You should see something similar to the following:

```
ii graphsurgeon-tf 7.1.0-1+cuda10.2 amd64 GraphSurgeon for TensorRT package
ii libnvinfer-bin 7.1.0-1+cuda10.2 amd64 TensorRT binaries
ii libnvinfer-dev 7.1.0-1+cuda10.2 amd64 TensorRT development libraries
and headers
ii libnvinfer-doc 7.1.0-1+cuda10.2 all TensorRT documentation
ii libnvinfer-plugin-dev 7.1.0-1+cuda10.2 amd64 TensorRT plugin libraries
ii libnvinfer-plugin7 7.1.0-1+cuda10.2 amd64 TensorRT plugin libraries
ii libnvinfer-samples 7.1.0-1+cuda10.2 all TensorRT samples
ii libnvinfer7 7.1.0-1+cuda10.2 amd64 TensorRT runtime libraries
ii libnvonnxparsers-dev 7.1.0-1+cuda10.2 amd64 TensorRT ONNX libraries
ii libnvonnxparsers7 7.1.0-1+cuda10.2 amd64 TensorRT ONNX libraries
ii libnvparsers-dev 7.1.0-1+cuda10.2 amd64 TensorRT parsers libraries
ii libnvparsers7 7.1.0-1+cuda10.2 amd64 TensorRT parsers libraries
ii python-libnvinfer 7.1.0-1+cuda10.2 amd64 Python bindings for TensorRT
ii python-libnvinfer-dev 7.1.0-1+cuda10.2 amd64 Python development package
for TensorRT
ii python3-libnvinfer 7.1.0-1+cuda10.2 amd64 Python 3 bindings for TensorRT
ii python3-libnvinfer-dev 7.1.0-1+cuda10.2 amd64 Python 3 development
package for TensorRT
ii tensorrt 7.1.0.x-1+cuda10.2 amd64 Meta package of TensorRT
ii uff-converter-tf 7.1.0-1+cuda10.2 amd64 UFF converter for TensorRT
package
```

**App Server Installation:** When setting up servers which will host TensorRT powered applications, you can simply install any of the following:

- ▶ the `libnvinfer7` package (C++), plus any additional library packages you require, or
- ▶ the `python-libnvinfer` package (Python 2.7), or
- ▶ the `python3-libnvinfer` package (Python 3.x).

Issue the following commands if you want to run an application that was built with TensorRT using the Debian package, for example:

```
os="ubuntu1x04"
tag="cudax.x-trt7.x.x.x-ea-yyyymmdd"
sudo dpkg -i nv-tensorrt-repo-${os}-${tag}_1-1_amd64.deb
sudo apt-key add /var/nv-tensorrt-repo-${tag}/7fa2af80.pub

sudo apt-get update
sudo apt-get install libnvinfer7
```

## 4.1.1. Using The NVIDIA Machine Learning Network Repo For Debian Installation

This installation method is for advanced users who are already familiar with TensorRT and want to get their application running quickly or to setup automation.

New users or users who want the complete installation, including samples and documentation, should follow the local repo installation instructions (see [Debian Installation](#)).



It's suggested that you set up the NVIDIA CUDA network repository first before setting up the NVIDIA Machine Learning network repository to satisfy package dependencies. We provide some example commands below to accomplish this task. For more information, see the [NVIDIA CUDA Installation Guide for Linux](#).

1. Install the NVIDIA CUDA network repository installation package.

```
os="ubuntu1x04"
cuda="x.y.z"
wget https://developer.download.nvidia.com/compute/cuda/repos/${os}/x86_64/cuda-repo-${os}_${cuda}-1_amd64.deb
sudo dpkg -i cuda-repo-*.deb
```

Where:

- ▶ OS version: `ubuntu1x04` is `1604` or `1804`
- ▶ CUDA version: `x.y.z` is `10.2.89`

2. Install the NVIDIA Machine Learning network repository installation package.

```
os="ubuntu1x04"
wget https://developer.download.nvidia.com/compute/machine-learning/repos/${os}/x86_64/nvidia-machine-learning-repo-${os}_1.0.0-1_amd64.deb
sudo dpkg -i nvidia-machine-learning-repo-*.deb
sudo apt-get update
```

3. Install the TensorRT package that fits your particular needs.

a) For only running TensorRT C++ applications:

```
sudo apt-get install libnvinfer7 libnvonnxparsers7 libnvparsers7
libnvinfer-plugin7
```

b) For also building TensorRT C++ applications:

```
sudo apt-get install libnvinfer-dev libnvonnxparsers-dev
libnvparsers-dev libnvinfer-plugin-dev
```

c) For running TensorRT Python applications:

```
sudo apt-get install python-libnvinfer python3-libnvinfer
```

4. When using the NVIDIA Machine Learning network repository, Ubuntu will by default install TensorRT for the latest CUDA version. The following commands will install `libnvinfer7` for an older CUDA version and hold the `libnvinfer7` package at this version. Replace `7.x.x` with your version of TensorRT and `cuda.x.x` with your CUDA version for your install.

```
version="7.x.x-1+cuda.x.x"
sudo apt-get install libnvinfer7=${version} libnvonnxparsers7=${version}
libnvparsers7=${version} libnvinfer-plugin7=${version} libnvinfer-dev=
${version} libnvonnxparsers-dev=${version} libnvparsers-dev=${version}
libnvinfer-plugin-dev=${version} python-libnvinfer=${version} python3-
libnvinfer=${version}

sudo apt-mark hold libnvinfer7 libnvonnxparsers7 libnvparsers7 libnvinfer-
plugin7 libnvinfer-dev libnvonnxparsers-dev libnvparsers-dev libnvinfer-
plugin-dev python-libnvinfer python3-libnvinfer
```

If you want to upgrade to the latest version of TensorRT or the latest version of CUDA, then you can **unhold** the `libnvinfer7` package using the following command.

```
sudo apt-mark unhold libnvinfer7 libnvonnxparsers7 libnvparsers7 libnvinfer-
plugin7 libnvinfer-dev libnvonnxparsers-dev libnvparsers-dev libnvinfer-
plugin-dev python-libnvinfer python3-libnvinfer
```

You may need to repeat these steps for `libcudnn8` to prevent cuDNN from being updated to the latest CUDA version. Refer to the [TensorRT Release Notes](#) for the specific version of cuDNN that was tested with your version of TensorRT. Example commands for downgrading and holding the cuDNN version can be found in [Upgrading TensorRT](#). See the [cuDNN Installation Guide](#) for additional information.

If both the NVIDIA Machine Learning network repository and a TensorRT local repository are enabled at the same time you may observe package conflicts with either TensorRT or cuDNN. You will need to configure APT so that it prefers local packages over network packages. You can do this by creating a new file at `/etc/apt/preferences.d/local-repo` with the following lines:

```
Package: *
Pin: origin ""
Pin-Priority: 1001
```



This preference change will affect more than just TensorRT in the unlikely event that you have other repositories which are also not downloaded over HTTP(S). To revert APT to its original behavior simply remove the newly created file.

## 4.2. RPM Installation

This section contains instructions for installing TensorRT from an RPM package. This installation method is for new users or users who want the complete installation, including samples and documentation.

For advanced users who are already familiar with TensorRT and want to get their application running quickly or to setup automation, follow the network repo installation instructions (see [Using The NVIDIA Machine Learning Network Repo For RPM Installation](#)).



- ▶ Before issuing the following commands, you'll need to replace `cuda $x$ . $x$` , `trt7. $x$ . $x$ . $x$ -ea`, and `yyyymmdd` with your specific CUDA version, TensorRT version, and package date.
- ▶ If you want to install the Python 3 RPM packages, you must first enable the [EPEL](#) repository or upgrade to RHEL/CentOS 7.7. For more information about enabling EPEL, see the RPM package instructions in the [CUDA Quick Start Guide](#).
- ▶ The following example commands are for `x86_64`, but the commands should be identical for `ppc64le`.

1. **Download** the TensorRT local repo file that matches the RHEL/CentOS version and CPU architecture you are using.
2. Install TensorRT from the RPM local repo package.

```
tag="cuda $x$ . $x$ -trt7. $x$ . $x$ . $x$ -ea-yyyymmdd"
sudo rpm -Uvh nv-tensorrt-repo-rhel7- $\{$ tag $\}$ -1-1.x86_64.rpm
sudo yum clean expire-cache
```

The packages which can be installed are:

```
graphsurgeon-tf.x86_64
libnvinfer-bin.x86_64
libnvinfer-devel.x86_64
libnvinfer-doc.x86_64
libnvinfer-plugin-devel.x86_64
libnvinfer-plugin7.x86_64
libnvinfer-samples.x86_64
libnvinfer7.x86_64
libvonnxparsers-devel.x86_64
libvonnxparsers7.x86_64
libvparsers-devel.x86_64
libvparsers7.x86_64
python-libnvinfer.x86_64
python-libnvinfer-devel.x86_64
python3-libnvinfer.x86_64
python3-libnvinfer-devel.x86_64
tensorrt.x86_64
uff-converter-tf.x86_64
```

Then, install TensorRT:

```
sudo yum install tensorrt
```

If using Python 2.7:

```
sudo yum install python-libnvinfer-devel
```

The following additional packages will be installed:

```
python-libnvinfer
```

If using Python 3:

```
sudo yum install python3-libnvinfer-devel
```

The following additional packages will be installed:

```
python3-libnvinfer
```

and for the UFF converter (only required if you plan to use TensorRT with TensorFlow):

```
$ sudo yum install uff-converter-tf
```

### 3. Verify the installation.

a) Run:

```
rpm -qa | grep tensorrt
```

You should see something similar to the following:

```
tensorrt-7.1.0.x-1.cuda10.2.x86_64
```

b) Run:

```
rpm -qa | grep -e libnvinfer -e libnv.*parsers
```

You should see something similar to the following:

```
libnvinfer-doc-7.1.0-1.cuda10.2.x86_64
libnvinfer-plugin7-7.1.0-1.cuda10.2.x86_64
libnvinfer-devel-7.1.0-1.cuda10.2.x86_64
libnvinfer-bin-7.1.0-1.cuda10.2.x86_64
libnvinfer7-7.1.0-1.cuda10.2.x86_64
libnvinfer-samples-7.1.0-1.cuda10.2.x86_64
libnvinfer-plugin-devel-7.1.0-1.cuda10.2.x86_64
libnvonnxparsers7-7.1.0-1.cuda10.2.x86_64
libnvonnxparsers-devel-7.1.0-1.cuda10.2.x86_64
libnvparsers7-7.1.0-1.cuda10.2.x86_64
libnvparsers-devel-7.1.0-1.cuda10.2.x86_64
python3-libnvinfer-7.1.0-1.cuda10.2.x86_64
python3-libnvinfer-devel-7.1.0-1.cuda10.2.x86_64
python-libnvinfer-7.1.0-1.cuda10.2.x86_64
python-libnvinfer-devel-7.1.0-1.cuda10.2.x86_64
```

c) Run:

```
rpm -qa | grep graphsurgeon-tf
```

You should see something similar to the following:

```
graphsurgeon-tf-7.1.0-1.cuda10.2.x86_64
```

d) Run:

```
rpm -qa | grep uff-converter-tf
```

You should see something similar to the following:

```
uff-converter-tf-7.1.0-1.cuda10.2.x86_64
```

## 4.2.1. Using The NVIDIA Machine Learning Network Repo For RPM Installation

When only the C++ libraries and headers are required, you can install TensorRT from the NVIDIA Machine Learning network repository. This installation method is for advanced users who are already familiar with TensorRT and want to get their application running quickly or to setup automation.

New users or users who want the complete installation, including samples and documentation, should follow the local repo installation instructions (see [RPM Installation](#)).



It's suggested that you set up the NVIDIA CUDA network repository first before setting up the NVIDIA Machine Learning network repository to satisfy package dependencies. We provide some example commands below to accomplish this task. For more information, see the [NVIDIA CUDA Installation Guide for Linux](#).

1. Install the NVIDIA CUDA network repository installation package.

```
cuda="x.y.z"
wget https://developer.download.nvidia.com/compute/cuda/repos/rhel7/x86_64/cuda-repo-rhel7-${cuda}-1.x86_64.rpm
sudo rpm -Uvh cuda-repo-*.rpm
```

Where:

- ▶ CUDA version: **x.y.z** is **10.2.89**

2. Install the NVIDIA Machine Learning network repository installation package.

```
wget https://developer.download.nvidia.com/compute/machine-learning/repos/rhel7/x86_64/nvidia-machine-learning-repo-rhel7-1.0.0-1.x86_64.rpm
sudo rpm -Uvh nvidia-machine-learning-repo-*.rpm
```

3. Install the TensorRT package that fits your particular needs.

- a) For only running TensorRT C++ applications:

```
sudo yum install libnvinfer7 libnvparsers7 libvonnxparsers7 libnvinfer-plugin7
```

- b) For also building TensorRT C++ applications:

```
sudo yum install libnvinfer-devel libnvparsers-devel libvonnxparsers-devel libnvinfer-plugin-devel
```

- c) For running TensorRT Python applications:

```
sudo yum install python-libnvinfer python3-libnvinfer
```

4. When using the NVIDIA Machine Learning network repository, RHEL will by default install TensorRT for the latest CUDA version. The following commands

will install `libnvinfer7` for an older CUDA version and hold the `libnvinfer7` package at this version. Replace `7.x.x` with your version of TensorRT and `cuda.x` with your CUDA version for your install.

```
version="7.x.x-1.cudax.x"
sudo yum downgrade libnvinfer7- $\{version\}$  libnvparsers7- $\{version\}$ 
libvonnxparsers7- $\{version\}$  libnvinfer-plugin7- $\{version\}$  libnvinfer-
devel- $\{version\}$  libnvparsers-devel- $\{version\}$  libvonnxparsers-devel-
 $\{version\}$  libnvinfer-plugin-devel- $\{version\}$  python-libnvinfer- $\{version\}$ 
python3-libnvinfer- $\{version\}$ 

sudo yum install yum-plugin-versionlock
sudo yum versionlock libnvinfer7 libnvparsers7 libvonnxparsers7 libnvinfer-
plugin7 libnvinfer-devel libnvparsers-devel libvonnxparsers-devel
libnvinfer-plugin-devel python-libnvinfer python3-libnvinfer
```

If you want to upgrade to the latest version of TensorRT or the latest version of CUDA, then you can **unhold** the `libnvinfer7` package using the following command.

```
sudo yum versionlock delete libnvinfer7 libnvparsers7 libvonnxparsers7
libnvinfer-plugin7 libnvinfer-devel libnvparsers-devel libvonnxparsers-
devel libnvinfer-plugin-devel python-libnvinfer python3-libnvinfer
```

You may need to repeat these steps for `libcudnn8` to prevent cuDNN from being updated to the latest CUDA version. Refer to the [TensorRT Release Notes](#) for the specific version of cuDNN that was tested with your version of TensorRT. Example commands for downgrading and holding the cuDNN version can be found in [Upgrading TensorRT](#). See the [cuDNN Installation Guide](#) for additional information.

## 4.3. Tar File Installation

This section contains instructions for installing TensorRT from a tar file.



Before issuing the following commands, you'll need to replace `7.x.x.x` with your specific TensorRT version. The following commands are examples.

1. Install the following dependencies, if not already present:
  - ▶ [CUDA 10.2](#)
  - ▶ [cuDNN 8.0.0](#)
  - ▶ Python 3 (Optional)
2. **Download** the TensorRT tar file that matches the Linux distribution you are using.
3. Choose where you want to install TensorRT. This tar file will install everything into a subdirectory called `TensorRT-7.x.x.x`.
4. Unpack the tar file.

```
version="7.x.x.x"
os=" $\langle os \rangle$ "
arch=$(uname -m)
cuda="cuda-x.x"
cudnn="cudnn8.x"
```



```
tar xzvf TensorRT-{version}.{os}.{arch}-gnu.{cuda}.{cudnn}.tar.gz
```

Where:

- ▶ **7.x.x.x** is your TensorRT version
- ▶ **<os>** is:
  - ▶ **Ubuntu-16.04**
  - ▶ **Ubuntu-18.04**
  - ▶ **CentOS-7.6**
- ▶ **cuda-x.x** is CUDA version **10.2**.
- ▶ **cudnn8.x** is cuDNN version **8.0**.

This directory will have sub-directories like **lib**, **include**, **data**, etc...

```
ls TensorRT-{version}
bin data doc graphsurgeon include lib python samples targets
TensorRT-Release-Notes.pdf uff
```

5. Add the absolute path to the TensorRT **lib** directory to the environment variable **LD\_LIBRARY\_PATH**:

```
export LD_LIBRARY_PATH=$LD_LIBRARY_PATH:<TensorRT-{version}/lib>
```

6. Install the Python TensorRT wheel file.

```
cd TensorRT-{version}/python
```

If using Python 2.7:

```
sudo pip2 install tensorrt-*-cp27-none-linux_x86_64.whl
```

If using Python 3.x:

```
sudo pip3 install tensorrt-*-cp3x-none-linux_x86_64.whl
```

7. Install the Python UFF wheel file. This is only required if you plan to use TensorRT with TensorFlow.

```
cd TensorRT-{version}/uff
```

If using Python 2.7:

```
sudo pip2 install uff-0.6.7-py2.py3-none-any.whl
```

If using Python 3.x:

```
sudo pip3 install uff-0.6.7-py2.py3-none-any.whl
```

In either case, check the installation with:

```
which convert-to-uff
```

8. Install the Python **graphsurgeon** wheel file.

```
cd TensorRT-{version}/graphsurgeon
```

If using Python 2.7:

```
sudo pip2 install graphsurgeon-0.4.4-py2.py3-none-any.whl
```

If using Python 3.x:

```
sudo pip3 install graphsurgeon-0.4.4-py2.py3-none-any.whl
```

9. Verify the installation:
  - a) Ensure that the installed files are located in the correct directories. For example, run the `tree -d` command to check whether all supported installed files are in place in the `lib`, `include`, `data`, etc... directories.
  - b) Build and run one of the shipped samples, for example, `sampleMNIST` in the installed directory. You should be able to compile and execute the sample without additional settings. For more information, see the [“Hello World” For TensorRT \(sampleMNIST\)](#).
  - c) The Python samples are in the `samples/python` directory.

## 4.4. Zip File Installation

This section contains instructions for installing TensorRT from a zip file.

Ensure that you have the following dependencies installed.

- ▶ [CUDA 10.2](#)
- ▶ [cuDNN 8.0.0](#)

This section contains instructions for installing TensorRT from a zip package on Windows 10.

1. **Download** the TensorRT zip file that matches the Windows version you are using.
2. Choose where you want to install TensorRT. The zip file will install everything into a subdirectory called `TensorRT-7.x.x.x`. This new subdirectory will be referred to as `<installpath>` in the steps below.
3. Unzip the `TensorRT-7.x.x.x.Windows10.x86_64.cuda-x.x.cudnnx.x.zip` file to the location that you chose. Replace:
  - a) `7.x.x.x` with the TensorRT version
  - b) `cuda-x.x` with the CUDA version, and
  - c) `cudnnx.x` with the cuDNN version for your particular download.
4. Add the TensorRT library files to your system `PATH`. There are two ways to accomplish this task:
  - a) Leave the DLL files where they were unzipped and add `<installpath>/lib` to your system `PATH`. You can add a new path to your system `PATH` using the steps below.
    1. Press the **Windows** key and search for "environment variables" which should present you with the option **Edit the system environment variables** and click it.
    2. Click **Environment Variables...** at the bottom of the window.
    3. Under **System variables**, select **Path** and click **Edit...**

4. Click either **New** or **Browse** to add a new item that contains **<installpath>/lib**.
  5. Continue to click **OK** until all the newly opened windows are closed.
  6. If your cuDNN libraries were not copied to the CUDA installation directory and instead left where they were unzipped, then repeat the above steps for the cuDNN **bin** directory.
- b) Copy the DLL files from **<installpath>/lib** to your CUDA installation directory, for example, **C:\Program Files\NVIDIA GPU Computing Toolkit\CUDA\vx.Y\bin**, where **vx.Y** is your CUDA version. The CUDA installer should have already added the CUDA path to your system **PATH**.
5. To verify that your installation is working you should open a Visual Studio Solution file from one of the samples, such as ["Hello World" For TensorRT \(sampleMNIST\)](#), and confirm that you are able to build and run the sample.

If you want to use TensorRT in your own project, ensure that the following is present in your Visual Studio Solution project properties:

- a) **<installpath>/lib** has been added to your **PATH** variable and is present under **VC++ Directories > Executable Directories**.
- b) **<installpath>/include** is present under **C/C++ > General > Additional Directories**.
- c) **nvinfer.lib** and any other **LIB** files that your project requires are present under **Linker > Input > Additional Dependencies**.



In order to build the included samples, you should have Visual Studio 2017 (<https://visualstudio.microsoft.com/downloads/>) installed. The community edition is sufficient to build the TensorRT samples.

6. If you are using TensorFlow install the **uff** and **graphsurgeon** wheel packages. You must prepare the Python environment before installing **uff** and **graphsurgeon**.

If using Python 2.7:

```
python -m pip install <installpath>\graphsurgeon\graphsurgeon-0.4.4-py2.py3-none-any.whl
python -m pip install <installpath>\uff\uff-0.6.7-py2.py3-none-any.whl
```

If using Python 3.x:

```
python3 -m pip install <installpath>\graphsurgeon\graphsurgeon-0.4.4-py2.py3-none-any.whl
python3 -m pip install <installpath>\uff\uff-0.6.7-py2.py3-none-any.whl
```

## 4.5. Additional Installation Methods

Aside from installing TensorRT from the product package, you can also install TensorRT from the following locations.

### TensorRT container

The TensorRT container provides an easy method for deploying TensorRT with all necessary dependencies already packaged in the container. For information about installing TensorRT via a container, see the [TensorRT Container Release Notes](#).

**JetPack**

JetPack bundles all Jetson platform software, including TensorRT. Use it to flash your Jetson Developer Kit with the latest OS image, install NVIDIA SDKs, and jump-start your development environment. For information about installing TensorRT through JetPack, see the [JetPack documentation](#).

For JetPack downloads, see [Develop: Jetpack](#).

**NVIDIA DriveWorks**

With every release, TensorRT delivers features to make the DRIVE Development Platform an excellent computing platform for Autonomous Driving. For more information about installing TensorRT through DriveWorks, see the [DriveWorks documentation](#).

For DriveWorks downloads, see [NVIDIA Developer: Drive Downloads](#).

# Chapter 5.

## UPGRADING TENSORRT

Upgrading TensorRT to the latest version is only supported when the currently installed TensorRT version is equal to or newer than the last two public releases. For example, TensorRT 7.1.x supports upgrading from TensorRT 7.0.x and TensorRT 6.0.x. If you want to upgrade from an unsupported version, then you should upgrade incrementally until you reach the latest version of TensorRT.

### 5.1. Ubuntu And Windows Users

The following section provides step-by-step instructions for upgrading TensorRT for Ubuntu and Windows users.

#### 5.1.1. Upgrading From TensorRT 6.x.x To TensorRT 7.x.x

These upgrade instructions are for Ubuntu and Windows users only. When upgrading from TensorRT 6.x.x to TensorRT 7.x.x, ensure you are familiar with the following.

##### Using a Debian file

- ▶ The Debian packages are designed to upgrade your development environment without removing any runtime components that other packages and programs might rely on. If you installed TensorRT 6.x.x via a Debian package and you upgrade to TensorRT 7.x.x, your documentation, samples, and headers will all be updated to the TensorRT 7.x.x content. After you have downloaded the new local repo, use **apt-get** to upgrade your system to the new version of TensorRT.

```
os="ubuntu1x04"  
tag="cuda.x-trt7.x.x.x-ea-yyyymmdd"  
sudo dpkg -i nv-tensorrt-repo-${os}-${tag}_1-1_amd64.deb  
  
sudo apt-get update  
sudo apt-get install tensorrt libcudnn8
```

- ▶ If using Python 2.7:

```
sudo apt-get install python-libnvinfer-dev
```

- ▶ If using Python 3:

```
sudo apt-get install python3-libnvinfer-dev
```

- ▶ If you are using the **uff-converter** and/or **graphsurgeon**, then you should also upgrade those Debian packages to the latest versions.

```
sudo apt-get install uff-converter-tf graphsurgeon-tf
```

- ▶ After you upgrade, ensure you have a directory `/usr/src/tensorrt` and the corresponding version shown by the `dpkg -l tensorrt` command is **7.x.x.x**.
- ▶ The **libnvinfer6** package will not be removed until you use: **sudo apt-get autoremove**
- ▶ If installing a Debian package on a system where the previously installed version was from a tar file, note that the Debian package will not remove the previously installed files. Unless a side-by-side installation is desired, it would be best to remove the older version before installing the new version to avoid compiling against outdated libraries.
- ▶ If you are currently or were previously using the NVIDIA Machine Learning network repository, then it may conflict with the version of **libcudnn8** that is expected to be installed from the local repository for TensorRT. The following commands will change **libcudnn8** to version 8.0.x.x, which is supported and tested with TensorRT 7.x.x, and hold the **libcudnn8** package at this version. Replace **cuda.x.x** with the appropriate CUDA version for your install.

```
version="8.0.x.x-1+cuda.x.x"
sudo apt-get install libcudnn8=${version} libcudnn8-dev=${version}
sudo apt-mark hold libcudnn8 libcudnn8-dev
```

### Using a tar file

- ▶ If you are upgrading using the tar file installation method, then install TensorRT into a new location. Tar file installations can support multiple use cases including having a full installation of TensorRT 6.x.x with headers and documentation side-by-side with a full installation of TensorRT 7.x.x. If the intention is to have the new version of TensorRT replace the old version, then the old version should be removed once the new version is verified.
- ▶ If installing a tar file on a system where the previously installed version was from a Debian package, note that the tar file installation will not remove the previously installed packages. Unless a side-by-side installation is desired, it would be best to remove the previously installed **libnvinfer6**, **libnvinfer-dev**, and **libnvinfer-samples** packages to avoid confusion.

### Using a zip file

- ▶ If you are upgrading using the zip file installation method, then install TensorRT into a new location. Zip file installations can support multiple use cases including having a full installation of TensorRT 6.x.x with headers and documentation side-by-side with a full installation of TensorRT 7.x.x. If the intention is to have the

new version of TensorRT replace the old version, then the old version should be removed once the new version is verified.

- ▶ After unzipping the new version of TensorRT you will need to either update the **PATH** environment variable to point to the new install location or copy the DLL files to the location where you previously installed the TensorRT libraries. Refer to [Zip File Installation](#) for more information about setting the **PATH** environment variable.

## 5.2. RedHat And CentOS Users

The following section provides step-by-step instructions for upgrading TensorRT for RedHat and CentOS users.

### 5.2.1. Upgrading From TensorRT 6.x.x To TensorRT 7.x.x

These upgrade instructions are for Red Hat Enterprise Linux (RHEL) and CentOS users only. When upgrading from TensorRT 6.x.x to TensorRT 7.x.x, ensure you are familiar with the following.

#### Using an RPM file

- ▶ The RPM packages are designed to upgrade your development environment without removing any runtime components that other packages and programs might rely on. If you installed TensorRT 6.x.x via an RPM package and you want to upgrade to TensorRT 7.x.x, your documentation, samples, and headers will all be updated to the TensorRT 7.x.x content. After you have downloaded the new local repo, issue:

```
tag="cuda.x-trt7.x.x.x-ea-yyyymmdd"
sudo rpm -Uvh nv-tensorrt-repo-rhel17- $\{tag\}$ -1-1.x86_64.rpm
sudo yum clean expire-cache
sudo yum install tensorrt libcudnn8
```

- ▶ If using Python 2.7:

```
sudo yum install python-libnvinfer-devel
```

- ▶ If using Python 3:

```
sudo yum install python3-libnvinfer-devel
```

- ▶ If using **uff-converter** and/or **graphsurgeon**:

```
sudo yum install uff-converter-tf graphsurgeon-tf
```

- ▶ After you upgrade, ensure you see the **/usr/src/tensorrt** directory and the corresponding version shown by the **rpm -qa tensorrt** command is **7.x.x.x**.
- ▶ If you are currently or were previously using the NVIDIA Machine Learning network repository, then it may conflict with the version of **libcudnn8** that is expected to be installed from the local repository for TensorRT. The following commands will change **libcudnn8** to version 8.0.x.x, which is supported and

tested with TensorRT 7.x.x, and hold the `libcudnn8` package at this version. Replace `cuda.x.x` with the appropriate CUDA version for your install.

```
version="8.0.x.x-1.cuda.x.x"
sudo yum downgrade libcudnn8- $\{version\}$  libcudnn8-devel- $\{version\}$ 
sudo yum install yum-plugin-versionlock
sudo yum versionlock libcudnn8 libcudnn8-devel
```



# Chapter 6.

## UNINSTALLING TENSORRT

This section provides step-by-step instructions for ways in which you can uninstall TensorRT.

To uninstall TensorRT using the untarred file, simply delete the tar files and reset `LD_LIBRARY_PATH` to its original value.

To uninstall TensorRT using the zip file, simply delete the unzipped files and remove the newly added path from the `PATH` environment variable.

To uninstall TensorRT using the Debian or RPM packages, follow these steps:

1. Uninstall `libnvinfer7` which was installed using the Debian or RPM packages.

```
sudo apt-get purge "libnvinfer*"
```

Or

```
sudo yum erase "libnvinfer*"
```

2. Uninstall `uff-converter-tf` and `graphsurgeon-tf`, which were also installed using the Debian or RPM packages.

```
sudo apt-get purge graphsurgeon-tf
```

Or

```
sudo yum erase graphsurgeon-tf
```

The `uff-converter-tf` will also be removed with the above command.

You can use the following command to uninstall `uff-converter-tf` and not remove `graphsurgeon-tf`, however, it is no longer required.

```
sudo apt-get purge uff-converter-tf
```

Or

```
sudo yum erase uff-converter-tf
```

You can later use `autoremove` to uninstall `graphsurgeon-tf` as well.

```
sudo apt-get autoremove
```

Or

```
sudo yum autoremove
```

3. Uninstall the Python TensorRT wheel file.

If using Python 2.7:

```
sudo pip2 uninstall tensorrt
```

If using Python 3.x:

```
sudo pip3 uninstall tensorrt
```

4. Uninstall the Python UFF wheel file.

If using Python 2.7:

```
sudo pip2 uninstall uff
```

If using Python 3.x:

```
sudo pip3 uninstall uff
```

5. Uninstall the Python GraphSurgeon wheel file.

If using Python 2.7:

```
sudo pip2 uninstall graphsurgeon
```

If using Python 3.x:

```
sudo pip3 uninstall graphsurgeon
```

# Chapter 7.

## INSTALLING PYCUDA

This section provides useful information regarding PyCUDA including how to install.



**Attention** If you have to update your CUDA version on your system, do not install PyCUDA at this time. Perform the steps in [Updating CUDA](#) first, then install PyCUDA.

PyCUDA is used within Python wrappers to access NVIDIA's CUDA APIs. Some of the key features of PyCUDA include:

- ▶ Maps all of CUDA into Python.
- ▶ Enables run-time code generation (RTCG) for flexible, fast, automatically tuned codes.
- ▶ Added robustness: automatic management of object lifetimes, automatic error checking
- ▶ Added convenience: comes with ready-made on-GPU linear algebra, reduction, scan.
- ▶ Add-on packages for FFT and LAPACK available.
- ▶ Fast. Near-zero wrapping overhead.

To install PyCUDA first make sure **nvcc** is in your **PATH**, then issue the following command:

```
pip install 'pycuda>=2019.1.1'
```

If you encounter any issues with PyCUDA usage after installing PyCUDA with the above command, you may need to recompile it yourself. For more information, see [Installing PyCUDA on Linux](#).

### 7.1. Updating CUDA

Existing installations of PyCUDA will not automatically work with a newly installed CUDA Toolkit. That is because PyCUDA will only work with a CUDA Toolkit that is

already on the target system when PyCUDA was installed. This requires that PyCUDA be updated after the newer version of the CUDA Toolkit is installed.

The steps below are the most reliable method to ensure that everything works in a compatible fashion after the CUDA Toolkit on your system has been upgraded.

1. Uninstall the existing PyCUDA installation.
2. Update CUDA. For more information, see the [CUDA Installation Guide](#).
3. Install PyCUDA. To install PyCUDA, issue the following command:

```
pip install 'pycuda>=2019.1.1'
```

# Chapter 8. TROUBLESHOOTING

For troubleshooting support refer to your support engineer or post your questions onto the NVIDIA Developer Forum.

[NVIDIA Developer Forum](#)

# Appendix A.

## APPENDIX

The following section provides our list of acknowledgements.

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