

NVIDIA TensorRT

Support Matrix | NVIDIA Docs

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Chapter 1. Features for Platforms and Software

This section lists the supported $\mathsf{NVIDIA}^{\circledast}$ Tensor $\mathsf{RT}^{\mathsf{TM}}$ features based on which platform and software.

Table 1. List of Supported Features per Platform

	Linux x86-64	Windows x64	Linux ppc64le	Linux AArch64
	8.4.x	8.4.x	8.0.x	8.4.x
Supported NVIDIA	11.71	11.7	11.3 update 1	11.6 update 2
<u>CUDA[®] versions</u>	11.6 update 2	<u>11.6 update 2</u>		11.4
	<u>11.5 update 2</u> ²	11.5 update 2 ⁸		
	11.4 update 4	11.4 update 4 ⁹		
	<u>11.3 update 1</u> ³	11.3 update 1 ¹⁰		
	11.2 update 2 ⁴	11.2 update 2 ¹¹		
	11.1 update 1 ⁵	11.1 update 1 ¹²		

¹ CUDA 11.7 added a feature called Lazy loading, however, this feature is not supported by TensorRT 8.4 because the CUDA 11.x binaries were built with CUDA Toolkit 11.6.

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OUDA 11.7 added a feature called Lazy loading, however, this feature is not supported by TensorRT 8.4 because the CUDA 11.x binaries were built with CUDA Toolkit 11.6.

² These CUDA versions are supported using a single build, built with CUDA toolkit 11.6. It is compatible with all CUDA 11.x versions and only requires driver 450.x.

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⁴ These CUDA versions are supported using a single build, built with CUDA toolkit 11.6. It is compatible with all CUDA 11.x versions and only requires driver 450.x.

¹¹ These CUDA versions are supported using a single build, built with CUDA toolkit 11.6. It is compatible with all CUDA 11.x versions and only requires driver 450.x.

These CUDA versions are supported using a single build, built with CUDA toolkit 11.6. It is compatible with all CUDA 11.x versions and only requires driver 450.x.

	Linux x86-64	Windows x64	Linux ppc64le	Linux AArch64
	8.4.x	8.4.x	8.0.x	8.4.x
	<u>11.0 update 1</u> ⁶	11.0 update 1 ¹³		
	10.2	10.2		
Supported cuBLAS	11.10.1.x	11.10.1.x	11.5.1.109	11.9.2.x
<u>versions</u>	11.9.2.x	11.9.2.x		11.6.5.x
	11.7.4.6	11.7.4.6		
	11.6.5.2	11.6.5.2		
	11.5.1.109	11.5.1.109		
	11.4.1.1043	11.4.1.1043		
	11.3.0.106	11.3.0.106		
	11.2.0.252	11.2.0.252		
	10.2.3.254	10.2.3.254		
Supported cuDNN versions	<u>cuDNN 8.4.1</u>	<u>cuDNN 8.4.1</u>	<u>cuDNN 8.2.1</u>	<u>cuDNN 8.3.3</u>
TensorRT Python API	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
NvUffParser	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
NvOnnxParser	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Loops	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes



Note:

- Serialized engines are not portable across platforms or TensorRT versions.
- Refer to the minimum compatible driver versions in the NVIDIA CUDA Release Notes for specific NVIDIA Driver versions.

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⁶ These CUDA versions are supported using a single build, built with CUDA toolkit 11.6. It is compatible with all CUDA 11.x

versions and only requires driver 450.x.

These CUDA versions are supported using a single build, built with CUDA toolkit 11.6. It is compatible with all CUDA 11.x versions and only requires driver 450.x.

Chapter 2. Layers and Features

The section lists the supported TensorRT layers and each of the features.

About this task



Note:

- Supports broadcast indicates support for broadcast in this layer. This layer allows its two input tensors to be of dimensions [1, 5, 4, 3] and [1, 5, 1, 1], and its output is [1, 5, 4, 3]. The second input tensor has been broadcast in the innermost two dimensions.
- Supports broadcast across batch indicates support for broadcast across the batch dimension. "NA" in this column means it is not allowed in networks with an implicit batch dimension.

Table 2. List of Supported Features per TensorRT Layer

Layer	Dimensions of input tensor	Dimensions of output tensor	Does the operation apply to only the innermost 3 dimensions?	Supports broadcast	Supports broadcast across batch
<u>IActivationLayer</u>	0-7 dimensions	0-7 dimensions	No	No	No
<u>IAssertionLayer</u>	0-1 dimensions	No output	No	No	No
<u>IConcatenationL</u>	a <u>ve7</u> dimensions	1-7 dimensions	No	No	No
<u>IConditionLayer</u>	Zero	No output	No	No	No
<u>IConstantLayer</u>	Has no inputs	0-7 dimensions	No	No	Always
IConvolutionLayer > 2D Convolution	effhree or more dimensions	Three or more dimensions	Yes	No	No

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Layer	Dimensions of input tensor	Dimensions of output tensor	Does the operation apply to only the innermost 3 dimensions?	Supports broadcast	Supports broadcast across batch
IConvolutionLay > 3D Convolution	elFour or more dimensions	Four or more dimensions	No	No	No
IDeconvolutionL > 2D Deconvolution	a yen ree or more dimensions	Three or more dimensions	Yes	No	No
IDeconvolutionL > 3D Deconvolution	a∳œur or more dimensions	Four or more dimensions	No	No	No
<u>IDequantizeLaye</u>	rTwo or more dimensions	Two or more dimensions	Yes	No	No
<u>IEinsumLayer</u>	0-7 dimensions	0-7 dimensions	No	No	Yes
<u>IElementWiseLa</u>	<u>yθr</u> 7 dimensions	0-7 dimensions	No	Yes	Yes
<u>IFillLayer</u>	One dimension	0-7 dimensions	No	Not Applicable	Not Applicable
<u>IFullyConnected</u>	L āḥee e or more dimensions	Three or more dimensions	Yes	No	No
<u>IGatherLayer</u>	Input1: 1-7 dimensionsInput2: 0-7 dimensions	0-7 dimensions	No	No	Yes
<u>IldentityLayer</u>	0-7 dimensions	0-7 dimensions	No	No	No
<u>IIfConditionalOu</u>	tp:0:17_dignerensions	0-7 dimensions	No	No	No
IIfConditionalInp	u@LZaydeimensions	0-7 dimensions	No	No	No
<u>IlteratorLayer</u>	1-7 dimensions	0-6 dimensions	No	No	Not Applicable
<u>ILoopOutputLaye</u>	ILoopOutputLayer0-7 dimensions		No	No	Not Applicable
ILRNLayer	Three or more dimensions	Three or more dimensions	Yes	No	No
<u>IMatrixMultiplyL</u>	a √w o or more dimensions	Two or more dimensions	No	Yes	Yes
<u>IPaddingLayer</u>	Three or more dimensions	Three or more dimensions	Yes	No	No

Layer	Dimensions of input tensor	Dimensions of output tensor	Does the operation apply to only the innermost 3 dimensions?	Supports broadcast	Supports broadcast across batch
<u>IParametricRelu</u>	<u>L'ayed</u> imensions	1-7 dimensions	No	No	No
<u>IPluginV2Layer</u>	User defined	User defined	User defined	User defined	User defined
IPoolingLayer > 2D Pooling	Three or more dimensions	Three or more dimensions	Yes	Yes	Yes
IPoolingLayer > 3D Pooling	Four or more dimensions	Four or more dimensions	No	Yes	Yes
<u>IQuantizeLayer</u>	Two or more dimensions	Two or more dimensions	Yes	No	No
IRaggedSoftMax	Layer Input: Two dimensions ► Bounds: Two dimensions	Two or more dimensions	No	No	Yes
IRecurrenceLaye	en0-7 dimensions	0-7 dimensions	No	No	Not Applicable
IReduceLayer	1-7 dimensions	0-7 dimensions	No	No	No
IResizeLayer	1-7 dimensions	1-7 dimensions	No	No	No
IRNNv2Layer			No	No	No
<u>IScaleLayer</u>	Three or more dimensions	Three or more dimensions	Yes	No	No
<u>IScatterLayer</u>	0-7 dimensions	0-7 dimensions	No	No	No
<u>ISelectLayer</u>	0-7 dimensions	0-7 dimensions	No	Yes	Not Applicable
<u>IShapeLayer</u>	One or more dimensions	One dimension	No	No	Not Applicable

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Layer	Dimensions of input tensor	Dimensions of output tensor	Does the operation apply to only the innermost 3 dimensions?	Supports broadcast	Supports broadcast across batch
<u>IShuffleLayer</u>	0-7 dimensions	0-7 dimensions	No	No	No
<u>ISliceLayer</u>	1-7 dimensions	1-7 dimensions	No	No	Yes
<u>ISoftMaxLayer</u>	1-7 dimensions	1-7 dimensions	No	No	Yes
ITopKLayer	1-7 dimensions	Output1: 1-7 dimensionsOutput2: 1-7 dimensions	Yes	No	Yes
ITripLimitLayer	Zero dimensions	Has no outputs	No	No	Not Applicable
<u>IUnaryLayer</u>	1-7 dimensions	1-7 dimensions	No	No	No

For more information about each of the TensorRT layers, see $\underline{\sf TensorRT\ Layers}$.

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Chapter 3. Layers and Precision

The section lists the TensorRT layers and the precision modes that each layer supports. It also lists the ability of the layer to run on Deep Learning Accelerator (DLA).

For more information about additional constraints, see <u>DLA Supported Layers</u>.

For more information about each of the TensorRT layers, see <u>TensorRT Layers</u>. To view a list of the specific attributes that are supported by each layer, refer to the NVIDIA TensorRT API Reference documentation.

Table 3. List of Supported Precision Modes per TensorRT Layer

Layer	FP32	FP16	INT8	INT32	Bool	DLA FP16	DLA INT8
<u>IActivationL</u>	a ye is	Yes	Yes	No	No	Yes ¹⁴	Yes ¹⁵
IAssertionLa	ayNeto	No	No	No	Yes	No	No
<u>IConcatenat</u>	i Y relsayer	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Yes ¹⁶	Yes ⁵
<u>IConditionLa</u>	ayhdo	No	No	No	Yes	No	No
<u>IConstantLa</u>	<u>yĕe</u> s	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No	No
IConvolution > 2D Convolution		Yes	Yes	No	No	Yes	Yes
IConvolution > 3D Convolution		Yes	Yes	No	No	No	No
IDeconvoluti > 2D Deconvoluti		Yes	Yes	No	No	Yes	Yes ¹⁷

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Partial support. Yes for Relu, Clipped Relu, Leaky Relu, Sigmoid, and Tanh activation types only.

Partial support. Yes for ReLU, Clipped ReLU, Leaky ReLU, Sigmoid, and Tanh activation types only.

Partial support. Yes for concatenation across c dimension only.

¹⁷ Partial support. Yes for ungrouped deconvolutions and No for grouped.

Layer FP32	FP16	INT8	INT32	Bool	DLA FP16	DLA INT8
IDeconvolution	Yes	No	No	No	No	No
IDequantize L M øer	No	Yes	No	No	No	No
<u>IEinsumLaye</u> Yes	Yes	No	No	No	No	No
<u>IElementWisMesyer</u>	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes ¹⁸	Yes ¹⁹
<u>IFillLayer</u> Yes	No	No	Yes	No	No	No
IFullyConnec Yes Layer	Yes	Yes	No	No	Yes	Yes
<u>IGatherLayer</u> Yes	Yes	No	Yes	No	No	No
<u>IldentityLayer</u> Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No	No
IIfConditional (Cest put Laye	r Yes	No	Yes	Yes	No	No
IIfConditional YesutLayer	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	No	No
<u>IlteratorLaye</u> Yes	Yes	No	Yes	No	No	No
ILoopOutputL Yay er	Yes	No	Yes	No	No	No
ILRNLayer Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No	Yes	No
<u>IMatrixMultipYydsayer</u>	Yes	Yes ²⁰	No	No	No	No
<u>IPaddingLaye</u> Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No	No	No
IParametric Reds Layer	Yes	Yes	No	No	Yes	Yes
IPluginV2Lay¥es	Yes	Yes	No	No	No	No
IPoolingLayeYes > 2D Pooling	Yes	Yes	No	No	Yes ²¹	Yes ⁹
IPoolingLayeYes > 3D Pooling	Yes	No	No	No	No	No
<u>IQuantizeLay¥es</u>	No	No	No	No	No	No
IRaggedSoft Mes Layer	No	No	No	No	No	No
IRecurrence L'ager	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	No	No
<u>IReduceLayer</u> Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No	No
<u>IResizeLayer</u> Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No	Yes	Yes

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Partial support. Yes for sum, sub, prod, min , and max elementwise operations only.
Partial support. Yes for sum, sub, prod, min , and max elementwise operations only.
Partial support. Yes for the case the second input is build-time constant and the first input is not transposed - either produced by a Shuffle layer or opA == kTRANSPOSE.
Partial support. Yes for max and average padding inclusive pooling type only.

Layer	FP32	FP16	INT8	INT32	Bool	DLA FP16	DLA INT8
IRNNv2Laye	<u>r</u> Yes	Yes	No	No	No	No	No
<u>IScaleLayer</u>	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No	Yes ²²	Yes ¹⁰
<u>IScatterLaye</u>	e r Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No	No
ISelectLayer	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	No	No
IShapeLayer	²³ Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No
IShuffleLaye	rYes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Yes ²⁴	Yes ²⁵
<u>ISliceLayer</u>	Yes	Yes	No ²⁶	Yes	No	Yes	No
<u>ISoftMaxLay</u>	<u>e</u> Yes	Yes	No	No	No	Yes	No
ITopKLayer	Yes	Yes	No	No	No	No	No
ITripLimitLa	y Ye s	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	No	No
<u>IUnaryLayer</u>	² Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No



Note: DLA with FP16/INT8 precision with some restrictions on layer parameters.

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Partial support. DLA does not support power on the scale layer.

Output is always INT32.

Partial support in TensorRT 8.4.12 only.

Partial support in TensorRT 8.4.12 only.

Partial support. Yes for unstrided Slice and No for strided.

Datatype support is limited to the type of unary operation used. Refer to the Unary Layer for more information.

Chapter 4. Hardware and Precision

The following table lists NVIDIA hardware and which precision modes that each hardware supports. TensorRT supports all NVIDIA hardware with capability SM 5.0 or higher. It also lists the availability of DLA on this hardware. Refer to the following tables for the specifics.



Note: Support for CUDA compute capability version 3.0 has been removed. Support for CUDA compute capability versions below 5.0 may be removed in a future release and is now deprecated.

Supported Hardware Table 4.

CUDA Compute Capability	Example Device	TF32	FP32	FP16	INT8	FP16 Tensor Cores	INT8 Tensor Cores	DLA
8.7	NVIDIA DRIVE AGX Orin [™]	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
8.6	NVIDIA A10	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No
8.0	NVIDIA A100/ GA100 GPU	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No
7.5	NVIDIA T4	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No
7.2	Jetson AGX Xavier	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
7.0	NVIDIA V100	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No

CUDA Compute Capability	-	TF32	FP32	FP16	INT8	FP16 Tensor Cores	INT8 Tensor Cores	DLA
6.1	NVIDIA P4	No	Yes	No	Yes	No	No	No
6.0	NVIDIA P100	No	Yes	Yes	No	No	No	No
5.2	NVIDIA M4	No	Yes	No	No	No	No	No
5.0	Quadro K2200	No	Yes	No	No	No	No	No

Deprecated Hardware

Table 5. List of Supported Precision Mode per Hardware

CUDA Compute Capability	Example Device	FP32	FP16	INT8	FP16 Tensor Cores	INT8 Tensor Cores	DLA
3.7	NVIDIA K80	Yes	No	No	No	No	No
3.5	NVIDIA K40	Yes	No	No	No	No	No

Removed Hardware

Table 6. List of Supported Precision Mode per Hardware

CUDA Compute Capability	Example Device	FP32	FP16	INT8	FP16 Tensor Cores	INT8 Tensor Cores	DLA
3.0	NVIDIA K10	Yes	No	No	No	No	No

Chapter 5. Layers for Flow-Control Constructs

The following table lists the TensorRT layers that can be used as interior layers in TensorRT flow-control constructs.

Currently, TensorRT supports loop constructs (using ILoopLayer) and ternary conditional constructs (using IIfConditionalLayer). Interior layers are layers that include the body of a loop or one of the two branches of an if-conditional.

An IloopLayer interior layer may contain other loops and if-conditionals. An IIfConditionalLayer branch may contain other if-conditionals and loops.

Flow-control constructs do not support INT8 calibration and interior-layers cannot employ implicit-quantization (INT8 is supported only in explicit-quantization mode).

Table 7. List of TensorRT Layers that are Supported as Interior Layers of Flow-control Constructs

Layer	Supported
<u>IActivationLayer</u>	Yes, when the operation is one of: krelu,
	kSIGMOID, kTANH, kELU
<u>IAssertionLayer</u>	Yes
<u>IConcatenationLayer</u>	Yes
<u>IConditionLayer</u>	Yes (for nested conditionals)
<u>IConstantLayer</u>	Yes
IConvolutionLayer > 2D Convolution	singleton channel and spatial dims, that are, the
	dimensions must be static or have a single value
	in each optimization profile
IConvolutionLayer > 3D Convolution	singleton channel and spatial dims
IDeconvolutionLayer > 2D Deconvolution	No
IDeconvolutionLayer > 3D Deconvolution	No
<u>IDequantizeLayer</u>	No

Layer	Supported
<u>IEinsumLayer</u>	Yes
<u>IElementWiseLayer</u>	Yes
<u>IFillLayer</u>	kRANDOM_UNIFORM only
<u>IFullyConnectedLayer</u>	Yes
<u>IGatherLayer</u>	Yes
<u>IldentityLayer</u>	Yes
<u>IlfConditionalOutputLayer</u>	Yes (for nested conditionals)
<u>IlfConditionalInputLayer</u>	Yes (for nested conditionals)
<u>IlteratorLayer</u>	Yes (for nested loops)
<u>ILoopOutputLayer</u>	Yes (for nested loops)
ILRNLayer	No
<u>IMatrixMultiplyLayer</u>	Yes
<u>IPaddingLayer</u>	No
<u>IParametricReluLayer</u>	No
<u>IPluginV2Layer</u>	Yes
IPoolingLayer > 2D Pooling	No
<u>IPoolingLayer > 3D Pooling</u>	No
<u>IQuantizeLayer</u>	No
<u>IRaggedSoftMaxLayer</u>	No
<u>IRecurrenceLayer</u>	Yes
IReduceLayer	Yes
<u>IResizeLayer</u>	No
IRNNv2Layer	No
<u>IScaleLayer</u>	Yes
<u>IScatterLayer</u>	Yes
<u>ISelectLayer</u>	Yes
<u>IShapeLayer</u>	Yes
<u>IShuffleLayer</u>	Yes
<u>ISliceLayer</u>	Yes
<u>ISoftMaxLayer</u>	Yes
ITopKLayer	No
<u>ITripLimitLayer</u>	Yes

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Layer	Supported
<u>IUnaryLayer</u>	Yes, when the operation is one of: kabs, kcell,
	kERF, kEXP, kFLOOR, kLOG, kNEG, kNOT, kRECIP,
	kROUND, kSIGN, kSQRT, kSIN, kCOS, kATAN

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Chapter 6. Compute Capability Per Platform

The section lists the supported compute capability based on platform.

Compute Capability per Platform Table 8.

Platform	Compute capability
Linux x86-64	3.5, 3.7, 5.0, 5.2, 6.0, 6.1, 7.0, 7.5, 8.0 ²⁸ , 8.6 ²⁹
Windows 10 x64	3.5, 3.7, 5.0, 5.2, 6.0, 6.1, 7.0, 7.5, 8.0 ¹³ , 8.6 ¹⁴
CentOS 8.3 ppc64le	7.0, 7.5, 8.0, 8.6
Ubuntu 20.04 SBSA	7.0, 7.5, 8.0, 8.6
NVIDIA JetPack AArch64	5.3, 6.2, 7.2, 8.7

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²⁸ Requires CUDA toolkit 11.0 or newer and a TensorRT CUDA 11.x build.
29 Requires CUDA toolkit 11.1 or newer and a TensorRT CUDA 11.x build.

Chapter 7. Software Versions Per Platform

The section lists the supported software versions based on platform.

List of Supported Platforms per Software Version Table 9.

Platform	Compiler version	Python version
Ubuntu 18.04 x86-64	gcc 8.3.1	3.6
Ubuntu 20.04 x86-64	gcc 8.3.1	3.8
CentOS 7.9 x86-64	gcc 8.3.1	3.6
CentOS 8.3 x86-64	gcc 8.3.1	3.8
SLES 15 x86-64	gcc 8.3.1	Not Applicable
Windows 10 x64	MSVC 2017u8	Not Applicable
CentOS 8.3 ppc64le	<u>Clang 10.0.1</u>	3.8
Ubuntu 20.04 SBSA	gcc 8.4.0	3.8
NVIDIA JetPack AArch64	gcc 9.3.0	3.8



Note: Python versions supported when using Debian or RPM packages. When using Python wheel files, versions 3.6, 3.7, 3.8, 3.9, and 3.10 are supported.

Chapter 8. ONNX Operator Support

The ONNX operator support list for TensorRT can be found here.

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