

Red Hat OpenShift on DGX

User Guide

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Chapter 1. Introduction

This chapter provides a brief introduction to OpenShift for DGX.

Red Hat OpenShift is an Enterprise-grade container-management solution based on Kubernetes for automating deployment, scaling, and management of containerized applications. It is developed and supported by Red Hat and includes additional security features and tooling for managing complex infrastructures on-premises as well as in hybrid cloud installations.

Red Hat OpenShift 4 is a major release upgrade from version 3 incorporating many technologies from the acquisition of CoreOS. It follows a new paradigm where systems are always reimaged with the latest version with only minimal provisioning. At its core are the immutable Red Hat CoreOS (RHCOS) system images based on Red Hat Enterprise Linux 8. All additional software, drivers, and configuration are ephemeral and provided through kubernetes primitives, such as containers, deployments, and operators. This includes the NVIDIA GPU operator for supporting NVIDIA GPUs and the NVIDIA Network Operator for the ConnectX network interfaces.

While OpenShift 4 still supports Red Hat Enterprise Linux 7 and 8 on the worker nodes, customers are advised to move to the newer Red Hat CoreOS deployments for improved supportability. Refer to the corresponding installation instructions for Red Hat Enterprise Linux on DGX and the OpenShift documentation when you are not planning to use Red Hat CoreOS on DGX.

This user guide provides additional information for installing and configuring OpenShift 4 with Red Hat CoreOS on clusters incorporating DGX worker nodes. It should be seen as a companion document to the official Red Hat OpenShift documentation. The following chapters describe additional configuration steps and best practices that are specific to NVIDIA DGXTM systems. Refer to the <u>OpenShift Container Platform Documentation</u> for generic information about OpenShift and installation instructions.

Customer Support

Customer support for running OpenShift on DGX systems is provided by Red Hat for OpenShift and NVIDIA for the DGX platform and drivers. For CoreOS and OpenShift support, visit the Red Hat Enterprise Support website: <u>https://www.redhat.com/en/services/support</u>. For DGX hardware, firmware / drivers, or NGC application issues, visit the NVIDIA Enterprise Support website: <u>https://www.nvidia.com/en-us/support/enterprise/</u>

Additional Documentation

Refer to the following documents for additional Information:

- Red Hat OpenShift Product page
- OpenShift Container Platform Documentation
- <u>GPU Operator on OpenShift</u>
- NVIDIA System Management Documentation

Chapter 2. Installing RHEL OpenShift

This chapter describes additional steps that are required or recommended to install OpenShift and CoreOS on DGX worker nodes.

- 1. Installing Red Hat CoreOS.
- 2. Installing the NFD Operator and NVIDIA GPU Operator.
- 3. Installing and Using NVSM.

2.1. Prerequisites

Here are the prerequisites for using RHEL OpenShift.

Red Hat Subscription

Installing and running OpenShift requires a Red Hat account and additional subscriptions. Please refer to <u>Red Hat OpenShift</u> for more information.

• OpenShift 4.9.9 or later

Support for DGX has been added to the GPU operator in version 1.9. The operator requires OpenShift 4.9.9 or later.

Helm Management Tool

<u>NVIDIA System Management (NVSM)</u> uses <u>Helm</u> for installing NVSM on DGX worker nodes. NVSM is a software framework for collecting health status information and helps users analyze hardware and software issues. Refer to <u>Installing Helm</u> for instructions installing the Helm tool on the system you use to interact with the OpenShift cluster.

2.2. Installing Red Hat CoreOS

Installing OpenShift and Red Hat CoreOS on clusters with DGX worker nodes is the same as installing on other systems.

Follow the instructions described in <u>Installing a cluster on bare metal</u> or other methods to create an OpenShift cluster and to install Red Hat CoreOS on the nodes.

2.3. Installing the NVIDIA GPU Operator

The NVIDIA GPU Operator is required to manage and allocate GPU resources to workloads. It uses the operator framework within Kubernetes to automate the management of all NVIDIA software components needed to provision the GPU. These components include the NVIDIA drivers (to enable CUDA), Kubernetes device plugin for GPUs, the NVIDIA Container Toolkit, and DCGM based monitoring.

To install the Node Feature Discovery (NFD) Operator and NVIDIA GPU Operator, follow the instructions in the <u>GPU Operator on OpenShift</u> user guide. The NFD Operator manages the detection of hardware features and configurations in an OpenShift Container Platform cluster by labeling the nodes with hardware-specific information. These labels are required by the GPU Operator to identify machines with a valid GPU.

2.4. Installing NVSM

NVIDIA System Management (NVSM) is a software framework for monitoring NVIDIA DGX nodes in a data center. It includes active health monitoring, system alerts, and log generation, and also supports a stand-alone mode from the command line to get a quick health report of the system. Running NVSM is typically requested by the NVIDIA Enterprise Support team to resolve a reported problem.

NVSM can be deployed on the DGX nodes with the NVIDIA System Management NGC Container. It allows users to execute the NVSM tool remotely and on-demand in the containers that are deployed to the DGX nodes.

The installation uses the NVSM Helm Chart to create the necessary resources on the cluster. The deployment is limited to systems that are manually labeled with nvidia.com/gpu.nvsm.deploy=true.

To deploy NVSM on the DGX worker nodes:

- 1. **Optional:** Issue the following command to get a list of all DGX nodes in the cluster.
- oc get nodes --show-labels|grep nvidia.com/gpu.machine=.*DGX[^,]*
- 2. Set the nvidia.com/gpu.nvsm.deploy=true flag on the DGX worker nodes on which you want to deploy NVSM (replace WORKER1 and so on with the actual name of the nodes).

```
oc label node/WORKER1 nvidia.com/gpu.nvsm.deploy=true
oc label node/WORKER2 nvidia.com/gpu.nvsm.deploy=true
...
```

3. Get the Helm chart for deploying NVSM on the cluster.

helm fetch https://helm.ngc.nvidia.com/nvidia/cloud-native/charts/nvsm-1.0.1.tgz
--username='\$oauthtoken' --password=<NGC_API_KEY>

4. Ensure the file is in your local directory.

ls ./nvsm-1.0.1.tgz

5. To ensure the default settings are correct for your installation, inspect the contents of values.yaml file in the above tar file.

If the settings are not correct, update the values.yaml file as per the cluster configuration.

helm install --

6. Deploy NVSM to the cluster.

The cluster installs the container on all nodes that have been labeled in the previous steps. The following command creates the namespace nvidia-nvsm namespace and deploys the resource in the namespace:

```
helm install --set platform.openshift=true --create-namespace -n nvidia-nvsm
nvidia-nvsm ./nvsm-1.0.1.tgz
```

7. Validate that NVSM has been deployed on all selected DGX nodes.

You should see an nvidia-nvsm-xxxx pod instance for each node:

oc get pods -n nvidia-nvsm -o wide										
NAME	READY	STATUS	RESTARTS	AGE	IP	NODE				
nvidia-nvsm-d9d9t	1/1	Running	1	8h	10.128.2.11	worker-0				
nvidia-nvsm-tt8g5	1/1	Running	1	8h	10.131.0.11	worker-1				

NVSM is now installed and can be run remotely using oc exec.

Chapter 3. Using NVSM

For a maintenance task, or to complete a health analysis, you can now run NVSM remotely inside the deployed containers on one of the DGX worker nodes.

Here is the general NVSM workflow:

1. List all NVSM pod instances and the corresponding worker nodes to find the pod name associated with a specific DGX.

oc get pods -n nvidia-nvsm -o wide										
NAME	READY	STATUS	RESTARTS	AGE	IP	NODE				
nvidia-nvsm-d9d9t	1/1	Running	1	8h	10.128.2.11	worker-0				
nvidia-nvsm-tt8g5	1/1	Running	1	8h	10.131.0.11	worker-1				

2. Use the oc exec command to start an interactive shell in the container that is running on that system.

oc exec -it <pod-name> -n nvidia-nvsm -- /bin/bash

3. You can now use one of the following main NVSM commands.

Note: When you execute NVSM, it can take a couple of minutes to collect system information.

► To print the software and firmware versions of the DGX system:

nvsm show version

► To provide a summary of the system health:

nvsm show health

To create a snapshot of the system components for offline analysis and diagnosis: nvsm dump health

This command generates a tar-file in the /tmp directory This command generates a tar-file in the /tmp directory. (see <u>Retrieving Health Information</u> for more information).

4. Exit the interactive shell: nvsm dump health

3.1. Retrieving Health Information

This section describes the steps to generate and retrieve health information to debug a system issue offline or when requested by the NVIDIA Enterprise Support organization.

1. List all NVSM pod instances and the corresponding worker nodes to find the pod name that is associated with a DGX system.

```
oc get pods -n nvidia-nvsm -o wide

        NAME
        READY
        STATUS
        RESTARTS
        AGE
        IP
        NODE
        ...

        nvidia-nvsm-d9d9t
        1/1
        Running
        1
        8h
        10.128.2.11
        worker-0
        ...

        nvidia-nvsm-tt8g5
        1/1
        Running
        1
        8h
        10.131.0.11
        worker-1
        ...

2. Start an interactive shell in the NVSM pod of the corresponding DGX worker node.
    POD is the name of the pd from the list in the table in step 1.
    oc exec -it <pod-name> -n nvidia-nvsm -- /bin/bash
    Here is an example:
    oc exec -it nvidia-nvsm-d9d9t -n nvidia-nvsm -- /bin/bash
    diagnostics.
    The file is created in the /tmp directory in the container.
```

- 3. Create the NVSM snapshot file of all system components for offline analysis and

nvsm dump health Unable to find NVML library, Aborting. Health dump started This command will collect system configuration and diagnostic information to help diagnose the system. The output may contain data considered sensitive and should be reviewed before sending to any third party. Collecting 100% |

The output of this command is written to: /tmp/nvsm-health-nvidia-nvsmd9d9t-20211211170039.tar.xz

4. Exit the container.

exit

5. Copy the snapshot file out of the container to the local host for further analysis or to send it to NVIDIA Enterprise Support.

oc cp nvidia-nvsm/POD:tmp/<snapshot-file> <target-file>

snapshot-file refers to the name of the generated file from step 3, and target-file refers to the name of the file on the local host. You need to replace these variables with actual names.

- 6. Delete the generated snapshot file in the NVSM pod.
 - oc exec -it POD -n nvidia-nvsm -- rm /tmp/<snapshot-file>

The generated file can now be used to debug and analyze system issues, or you can send the file to NVIDIA Enterprise Support.

Chapter 4. Known Issues

This section provides a list of known issues for OpenShift.

March 8, 2022

 OpenShift and Red Hat CoreOS do not currently support upgrading DGX component firmware using the NVIDIA Firmware Update container method.

On the DGX A100, you can use the <u>DGX A100 Firmware Update ISO</u> method. For other DGX systems, you need to install Red Hat Enterprise Linux or DGX OS to upgrade the firmware before you can return the system to the OpenShift cluster.

The current version of the <u>NVIDIA Network Operator</u> provides only limited support for DGX systems, and should be considered experimental.

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