

# **NVIDIA DOCA Flow**

Sample Guide

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# Chapter 1. Introduction

DOCA Flow is the most fundamental API for building generic execution pipes in HW.

The library provides an API for building a set of pipes, where each pipe consists of match criteria, monitoring, and a set of actions. Pipes can be chained so that after a pipe-defined action is executed, the packet may proceed to another pipe.

For more information about DOCA Flow library, refer to <u>NVIDIA DOCA Flow Programming</u> Guide.

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# Chapter 2. Dependencies

N/A

# Chapter 3. Prerequisites

The DOCA Flow samples are based on DPDK libraries. Therefore, the user is required to provide DPDK flags, and allocate huge pages.

sudo echo 2048 > /sys/kernel/mm/hugepages/hugepages-2048kB/nr\_hugepages

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# Chapter 4. Running the Sample

- 1. Refer to the following documents:
  - NVIDIA DOCA Installation Guide for Linux for details on how to install BlueField-related software.
  - NVIDIA DOCA Troubleshooting Guide for any issue you may encounter with the installation, compilation, or execution of DOCA samples.
- 2. To build a given sample:

```
cd /opt/mellanox/doca/samples/doca flow/<sample name>
meson build
ninja -C build
```



**Note:** The binary doca <sample name> will be created under ./build/.

3. Sample (e.g., flow aging) usage:

```
Usage: doca flow aging [DPDK Flags] -- [DOCA Flags]
DOCA Flags:
 -h, --help
-v, --version
-l, --log-level
                                   Print a help synopsis
                                   Print program version information
                                   Set the log level for the program <CRITICAL=20,
ERROR=30, WARNING=40, INFO=50, DEBUG=60>
```

4. For additional information per sample, use the -h option after the -- separator:

```
./build/doca <sample name> -- -h
```

- 5. DOCA Flow samples are based on DPDK libraries. Therefore, the user is required to provide DPDK flags. The following is an example from an execution on the DPU:
  - CLI example for running the samples with "vnf" mode:

```
./build/doca <sample name> -a auxiliary:mlx5_core.sf.2 -a
auxiliary:mlx5_core.sf.3 -- -1 60
```

CLI example for running the samples with "vnf,hws" mode:

```
./build/doca <sample name> -a auxiliary:mlx5 core.sf.2,dv flow en=2 -a
auxiliary:mlx5_core.sf.3,dv_flow_en=2 -- -1 60
```



Note: When running on the DPU using the command above, sub-functions must be enabled according to the Scalable Function Setup Guide.



Note: When running on the host, virtual functions must be used according to the instructions in the NVIDIA DOCA Virtual Functions User Guide.

# Chapter 5. Samples

## 5.1. Flow Aging

This sample illustrates the use of DOCA Flow's aging functionality. It demonstrates how to build a pipe and add different entries with different aging times and user data.

The sample logic includes:

- 1. Initializing DOCA Flow with mode args="vnf, hws" in the doca flow cfg struct.
- 2. Starting two DOCA Flow port.
- 3. On each port:
  - a). Building a pipe with changeable 5-tuple match and forward port action.
  - b). Adding 10 entries with different 5-tuple match, a monitor with different aging time (5-60 seconds), and setting user data in the monitor. The user data will contain the port ID, entry number, and entry pointer.
- 4. Handling aging every 5 seconds and removing each entry after age-out.
- 5. Running these commands until all entries age out.

### Reference:

- /opt/mellanox/doca/samples/doca flow/flow aging/flow aging sample.c
- /opt/mellanox/doca/samples/doca flow/flow aging/flow aging main.c
- /opt/mellanox/doca/samples/doca flow/flow aging/meson.build

## Flow Control Pipe

This sample shows how to use the DOCA Flow control pipe and decap action.

- 1. Initializing DOCA Flow by indicating mode args="vnf, hws" in the doca flow cfg struct.
- 2. Starting two DOCA Flow ports.
- 3. On each port:

- a). Building VXLAN pipe with match on VNI field, decap action, and forwarding the matched packets to the second port.
- b). Building GRE pipe with match on GRE key field, decap and build eth header actions, and forwarding the matched packets to the second port.
- c). Building a control pipe with the following entries:
  - If L4 type is UDP and destination port is 4789, forward to VXLAN pipe
  - ▶ If tunnel type and L4 type is GRE, forward to GRE pipe



Note: When GRE tunnel is decapped, the complete outer layer is removed (including L2) and the inner layer (IP layer) is exposed. To keep the packet valid, you must also modify the layer 2 source/destination MAC addresses and VLAN may optionally be modified. For example:

```
actions.decap = true;
/* append eth header after decap GRE tunnel */
SET MAC ADDR(actions.mod src mac, src mac[0], src mac[1], src mac[2],
src_mac[3], src_mac[4], src_mac[5]);
SET_MAC_ADDR(actions.mod_dst_mac, dst_mac[0], dst_mac[1], dst_mac[2],
dst mac[3], dst mac[4], dst mac[5]);
actions.mod dst ip.type = DOCA FLOW IP4 ADDR;
```

The same requirement applies to GTP tunnels or any other tunnel protocol which lacks an L2

However, for VXLAN it is not necessary to add an L2 since VXLAN itself already includes the L2, so the packet remains valid even after it is decapped.

## Reference:

- /opt/mellanox/doca/samples/doca flow/flow control pipe/ flow control pipe sample.c
- /opt/mellanox/doca/samples/doca flow/flow control pipe/ flow control pipe main.c
- /opt/mellanox/doca/samples/doca flow/flow control pipe/meson.build

## 5.3. Flow Copy to Meta

This sample shows how to use the DOCA Flow copy-to-metadata action to copy the source MAC address and then match on it.

- 1. Initializing DOCA Flow by indicating mode <code>args="vnf,hws"</code> in the doca\_flow\_cfg struct.
- 2. Starting two DOCA Flow ports.
- 3. On each port:
  - a). Building a pipe with changeable match on meta\_data and forwarding the matched packets to the second port.
  - b). Adding an entry that matches an example source MAC that has been copied to metadata.

- c). Building a pipe with changeable 5-tuple match, copying source MAC action, and fwd to the first pipe.
- d). Adding example 5-tuple entry to the pipe.

- /opt/mellanox/doca/samples/doca flow/flow copy to meta/ flow copy to meta sample.c
- /opt/mellanox/doca/samples/doca flow/flow copy to meta/ flow\_copy\_to\_meta\_main.c
- /opt/mellanox/doca/samples/doca flow/flow copy to meta/meson.build

## 5.4. Flow Drop

This sample illustrates how to build a pipe with 5-tuple match, forward action drop, and forward miss action to hairpin pipe. The sample also demonstrates how to dump pipe information to a file and query entry.

The sample logic includes:

- 1. Initializing DOCA Flow by indicating mode args="vnf, hws" in the doca flow cfg struct.
- 2. Starting two DOCA Flow ports.
- 3. On each port:
  - a). Building a hairpin pipe with an entry that matches all traffic and forwarding traffic to the second port.
  - b). Building a pipe with a changeable 5-tuple match, forwarding action drop and miss forward to the hairpin pipe. This pipe serves as a root pipe.
  - c). Adding example 5-tuple entry to the drop pipe with counter as monitor for query the entry later.
- 4. Waiting 5 seconds and querying the drop entry (total bytes and total packets).
- 5. Dumping the pipe information to a file.

### Reference:

- /opt/mellanox/doca/samples/doca flow/flow drop/flow drop sample sample.c
- /opt/mellanox/doca/samples/doca\_flow/flow\_drop/flow\_drop\_sample\_main.c
- /opt/mellanox/doca/samples/doca flow/flow drop/meson.build

## 5.5. Flow Hairpin

This sample illustrates how to build a pipe with 5-tuple match and to forward packets to the other port.

The sample logic includes:

1. Initializing DOCA Flow by indicating mode args="vnf, hws" in the doca flow cfg struct.

- 2. Starting two DOCA Flow ports.
- 3. On each port:
  - a). Building a pipe with changeable 5-tuple match and forwarding port action.
  - b). Adding example 5-tuple entry to the pipe.

- /opt/mellanox/doca/samples/doca flow/flow hairpin/flow\_hairpin\_sample.c
- /opt/mellanox/doca/samples/doca flow/flow hairpin/flow hairpin main.c
- /opt/mellanox/doca/samples/doca flow/flow hairpin/meson.build

### 5.6. Flow LPM

This sample illustrates how to use LPM (Longest Prefix Match) pipe.

The sample logic includes:

- 1. Initializing DOCA Flow by indicating mode args="vnf, hws" in the doca flow cfg struct.
- 2. Starting two DOCA Flow ports.
- 3. On each port:
  - a). Building an LPM pipe that matches changeable source IPv4 address.
  - b). Adding two example 5-tuple entries:
    - ▶ The first entry with full mask and forward port action
    - ▶ The second entry with 16-bit mask and drop action
  - c). Building a control pipe with one entry that forwards IPv4 traffic to the LPM pipe.

## Reference:

- /opt/mellanox/doca/samples/doca flow/flow lpm/flow lpm sample.c
- /opt/mellanox/doca/samples/doca flow/flow lpm/flow lpm main.c
- /opt/mellanox/doca/samples/doca flow/flow lpm/meson.build

## Flow Modify Header

This sample illustrates how to use DOCA Flow actions to decrease TTL by 1 and modify the destination MAC address.

- 1. Initializing DOCA Flow by indicating mode args="vnf, hws" in the doca flow cfg struct.
- 2. Starting two DOCA Flow ports.
- 3. On each port:

- a). Building a pipe with action dec ttl=true and changeable mod dst mac. The pipe matches IPv4 traffic with a changeable destination IP and forwards the matched packets to the second port.
- b). Adding an entry with an example destination IP and mod dst mac value.

- /opt/mellanox/doca/samples/doca flow/flow modify header/ flow modify header sample.c
- /opt/mellanox/doca/samples/doca flow/flow modify header/ flow modify header main.c
- /opt/mellanox/doca/samples/doca flow/flow modify header/meson.build

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This sample illustrates how to use DOCA Flow monitor meter.

The sample logic includes:

- 1. Initializing DOCA Flow by indicating mode args="vnf, hws" in the doca flow cfg struct.
- 2. Starting two DOCA Flow ports.
- 3. On each port:
  - a). Building a pipe with monitor meter flag and changeable 5-tuple match. The pipe forwards the matched packets to the second port.
  - b). Adding an entry with an example CIR and CBS values.

## Reference:

- /opt/mellanox/doca/samples/doca flow/flow monitor meter/ flow monitor meter sample.c
- /opt/mellanox/doca/samples/doca\_flow/flow\_monitor\_meter/ flow monitor meter main.c
- /opt/mellanox/doca/samples/doca flow/flow monitor meter/meson.build

### Flow Multi-actions 5 9

This sample shows how to use a DOCA Flow array of actions in a pipe.

- 1. Initializing DOCA Flow by indicating mode args="vnf, hws" in the doca flow cfg struct.
- 2. Starting two DOCA Flow ports.
- 3. On each port:
  - a). Building a pipe with changeable source IP match which forwards the matched packets to the second port and sets different actions in the actions array:

- i. Changeable modify source MAC address
- ii. Changeable modify source IP address
- b). Adding two entries to the pipe with different source IP match:
  - i. The first entry with an example modify source MAC address.
  - ii. The second with a modify source IP address.

- /opt/mellanox/doca/samples/doca flow/flow multi actions/ flow multi actions sample.c
- /opt/mellanox/doca/samples/doca flow/flow multi actions/ flow multi actions main.c
- /opt/mellanox/doca/samples/doca flow/flow multi actions/meson.build

## 5.10. Flow RSS Meta

This sample shows how to use DOCA Flow forward RSS, set meta action, and then retrieve the matched packets in the sample.

The sample logic includes:

- 1. Initializing DOCA Flow by indicating mode args="vnf, hws" in the doca flow cfg struct.
- 2. Starting two DOCA Flow ports.
- 3. On each port:
  - a). Building a pipe with a changeable 5-tuple match, forwarding to RSS queue with index 0, and setting changeable packet meta data.
  - b). Adding an entry with an example 5-tuple and metadata value to the pipe.
  - c).
- 4. Retrieving the packets on both ports from a receive queue, and printing the packet metadata value.

## Reference:

- /opt/mellanox/doca/samples/doca\_flow/flow\_rss\_meta/flow\_rss\_meta\_sample.c
- /opt/mellanox/doca/samples/doca flow/flow rss meta/flow rss meta main.c
- /opt/mellanox/doca/samples/doca flow/flow rss meta/meson.build

## 5.11. Flow Set Meta

This sample shows how to use the DOCA Flow set metadata action and then match on it.

- 1. Initializing DOCA Flow by indicating mode args="vnf, hws" in the doca flow cfg struct.
- 2. Starting two DOCA Flow ports.

## 3. On each port:

- a). Building a pipe with a changeable match on metadata and forwarding the matched packets to the second port.
- b). Adding an entry that matches an example metadata value.
- c). Building a pipe with changeable 5-tuple match, changeable metadata action, and fwd to the first pipe.
- d). Adding entry with an example 5-tuple and metadata value to the pipe.

### Reference:

- /opt/mellanox/doca/samples/doca flow/flow set meta/flow set meta sample.c
- /opt/mellanox/doca/samples/doca flow/flow set meta/flow set meta main.c
- /opt/mellanox/doca/samples/doca flow/flow set meta/meson.build

## 5.12. Flow Shared Counter

This sample shows how to use the DOCA Flow shared counter and query it to get the counter statistics.

The sample logic includes:

- 1. Initializing DOCA Flow by indicating mode args="vnf, hws" in the doca flow cfg struct.
- 2. Starting two DOCA Flow ports.
- 3. On each port:
  - a). Binding the shared counter to the port.
  - b). Building a pipe with changeable 5-tuple match with UDP protocol, changeable shared counter ID and forwarding the matched packets to the second port.
  - c). Adding an entry with an example 5-tuple match and shared counter with ID=port id.
  - d). Building a pipe with changeable 5-tuple match with TCP protocol, changeable shared counter ID and forwarding the matched packets to the second port.
  - e). Adding an entry with an example 5-tuple match and shared counter with ID=port id.
  - f). Building a control pipe with the following entries:
    - If L4 type is UDP, forwards the packets to the UDP pipe
    - ▶ If L4 type is TCP, forwards the packets to the TCP pipe
- 4. Waiting 5 seconds and querying the shared counters (total bytes and total packets).

### Reference:

- /opt/mellanox/doca/samples/doca flow/flow shared counter/ flow shared counter sample.c
- /opt/mellanox/doca/samples/doca flow/flow shared counter/ flow shared counter main.c
- /opt/mellanox/doca/samples/doca flow/flow shared counter/meson.build

## 5.13. Flow Shared Meter

This sample shows how to use the DOCA Flow shared meter.

The sample logic includes:

- 1. Initializing DOCA Flow by indicating mode args="vnf, hws" in the doca flow cfg struct.
- 2. Starting two DOCA Flow ports.
- 3. On each port:
  - a). Config a shared meter with specific cir and cbs values.
  - b). Binding the shared meter to the port.
  - c). Building a pipe with a changeable 5-tuple match with UDP protocol, changeable shared meter ID and forwarding the matched packets to the second port.
  - d). Adding an entry with an example 5-tuple match and shared meter with ID=port id.
  - e). Building a pipe with a changeable 5-tuple match with TCP protocol, changeable shared meter ID and forwarding the matched packets to the second port.
  - f). Adding an entry with an example 5-tuple match and shared meter with ID=port id.
  - g). Building a control pipe with the following entries:
    - If L4 type is UDP, forwards the packets to the UDP pipe
    - If L4 type is TCP, forwards the packets to the TCP pipe

## Reference:

- /opt/mellanox/doca/samples/doca flow/flow shared meter/ flow shared meter sample.c
- /opt/mellanox/doca/samples/doca flow/flow shared meter/ flow\_shared\_meter main.c
- /opt/mellanox/doca/samples/doca flow/flow shared meter/meson.build

## 5.14. Flow VXLAN Encap

This sample shows how to use DOCA Flow actions to create a VXLAN tunnel.

The sample logic includes:

- 1. Initializing DOCA Flow by indicating mode args="vnf, hws" in the doca flow cfg struct.
- 2. Starting two DOCA Flow ports.
- 3. On each port:
  - a). Building a pipe with changeable 5-tuple match, encap action, and forward port action.
  - b). Adding example 5-tuple and encapsulation values entry to the pipe.

### Reference:

- /opt/mellanox/doca/samples/doca flow/flow vxlan encap/ flow\_vxlan\_encap\_sample.c
- ▶ /opt/mellanox/doca/samples/doca flow/flow vxlan encap/ flow vxlan encap main.c
- ▶ /opt/mellanox/doca/samples/doca flow/flow vxlan encap/meson.build

## 5.15. Flow gRPC Counter

This sample shows how to use DOCA Flow gRPC library to create a pipe and entry with a counter and to query the entry stats.

The sample logic includes:

- 1. Creating gRPC environment.
- 2. Initializing DOCA Flow.
- 3. Starting two DOCA Flow ports.
- 4. On each port:
  - a). Building a pipe with changeable 5-tuple match.
  - b). Adding example 5-tuple and monitoring with counter flag.
  - c). Waiting 5 seconds and querying the entries (total bytes and total packets).

### References:

- /opt/mellanox/doca/samples/doca flow/grpc flow counter/ grpc\_flow\_counter\_sample.c
- /opt/mellanox/doca/samples/doca flow/grpc flow counter/ grpc flow counter main.c
- /opt/mellanox/doca/samples/doca flow/grpc flow counter/meson.build

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