



# NVIDIA DOCA Firewall

## Application Guide

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# Chapter 1. Introduction

A firewall application is a network security application that leverages the DPU's hardware capability to monitor incoming and outgoing network traffic and allow or block packets based on a set of preconfigured rules.

The firewall application is based on DOCA Flow gRPC, used for remote programming of the DPU's hardware.

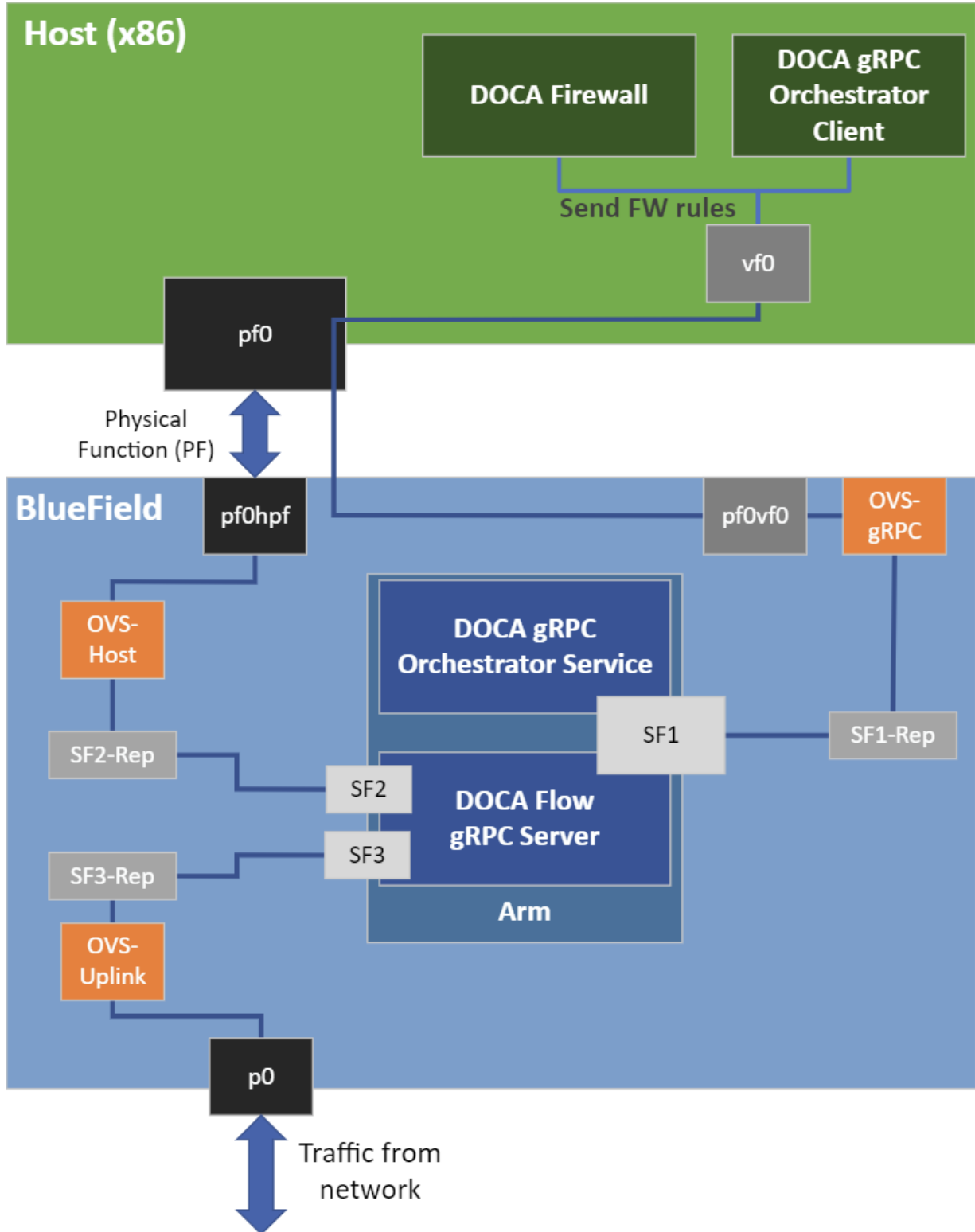
The firewall can operate in two modes:

- ▶ Static mode – the firewall application gets 5-tuple traffic from the user with a JSON file for packets to be dropped. The packets that do not match any of the 5-tuple are forwarded by a hairpin pipe.
- ▶ Interactive mode – the user can add rules from the command line in real time to execute different firewall rules

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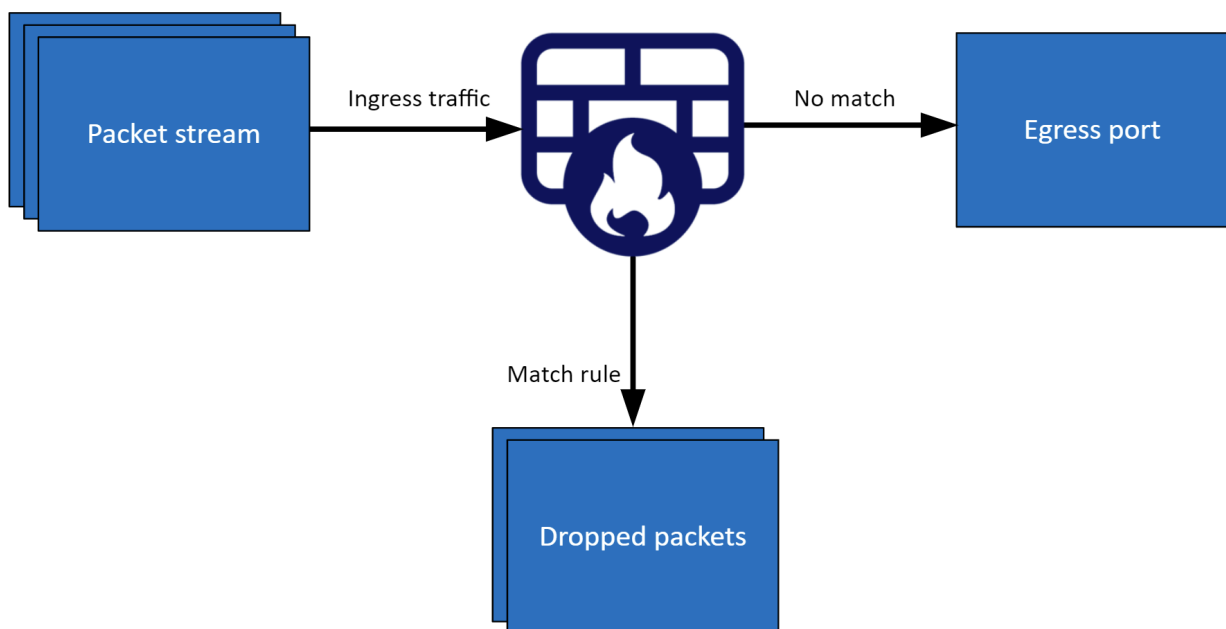
## Chapter 2. System Design

The firewall application is designed to run on the host and to use DOCA Flow gRPC client to send instructions to a server that runs on the BlueField DPU instance. The DPU intercepts ingress traffic from the wire and either drops it or forwards it to the egress port using a hairpin. The decision is made using traffic classification.

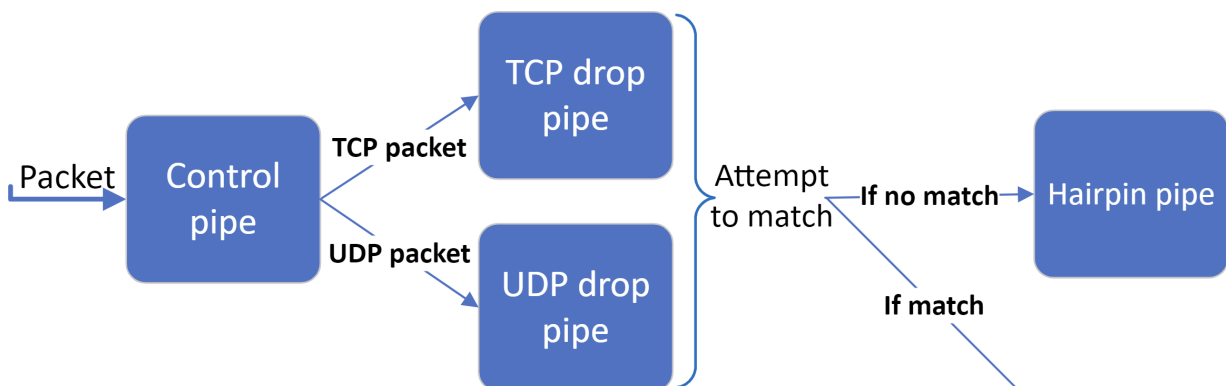


# Chapter 3. Application Architecture

The firewall runs on top of DOCA Flow gRPC to classify packets.



## 3.1. Static Mode



1. The firewall application builds 4 pipes for each port: One control pipe, two drop pipes, and a hairpin pipe.
2. The drop pipes match only 5-tuple traffic with specific source and destination IPs and source and destination ports.
  - ▶ One of the drop pipes matches TCP traffic and the other matches UDP
  - ▶ The hairpin pipe matches every packet (no misses)
  - ▶ The control pipe serves as a root pipe and has two entries: The first entry forwards the TCP traffic to the TCP drop pipe, and the second entry forwards UDP traffic to the UDP drop pipe
  - ▶ The hairpin pipe serves as a forwarding miss component to the drop pipes. Therefore, every received packet is checked first against the drop pipes. If there is a match, then it is dropped, otherwise, it is forwarded to the hairpin pipe and is then matched.

## 3.2. Interactive Mode

Running in interactive mode initializes 2 ports, creates the same pipes as in "Static Mode", and the user then adds or removes entries.

- ▶ When adding an entry, the user must run commands to create a 5-tuple match beforehand
- ▶ After an entry is created successfully, the relevant ID is printed for future use

Available commands:

- ▶ `add entry port_id=<port_id>`
- ▶ `rm entry port_id=<port_id>,entry_id=[entry_id]`
- ▶ `port pipes flush port_id=[port_id]`
- ▶ `port pipes dump port_id=[port_id],file=[file_name]`
- ▶ `create entry_match [field=value,...]`

5-tuple match struct fields:

Fields	Field Options
<code>outer.src_ip_addr</code>	
<code>outer.dst_ip_addr</code>	
<code>outer.l4_type_ext</code>	<code>tcp, udp</code>
<code>outer.tcp_src_port</code>	
<code>outer.tcp_dst_port</code>	
<code>outer.udp_src_port</code>	
<code>outer.udp_dst_port</code>	

The following is an example for creating a pipe and adding an entry:

```
create entry_match
  outer.src_ip_addr=192.168.105.2,outer.dst_ip_addr=192.168.105.3,outer.l4_type_ext=tcp,outer.tcp_s
add entry port_id=0,pipe_queue=0
```



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# Chapter 4. DOCA Libraries

This application leverages the [DOCA Flow library](#).

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# Chapter 5. Configuration Flow

## 1. Parse application argument.

### a). Initialize the arg parser resources.

```
doca_argp_init();
```

### b). Register application parameters.

```
register_firewall_params();
```

### c). Parse application parameters.

```
doca_argp_start();
```

## 2. Firewall initialization.

```
firewall_ports_init();
```

### a). Create a new gRPC channel and initialize a stub.

### b). Initialize DOCA Flow and DOCA Flow ports.

## 3. Create control, TCP, UDP, and hairpin pipes for both ports.

```
firewall_pipes_init();
```

## 4. Configure firewall rules.

Mode	Procedure
Static	<p>a). Initialize drop packets array from the input JSON file: <code>init_drop_packets();</code></p> <p>b). Add firewall drop rules parsed from JSON file: <code>firewall_add_drop_rules();</code></p>
Interactive	<p>a). Initialize the firewall's interactive command line: <code>interactive_cmdline();</code></p> <p>b). Free allocated resources: <code>interactive_mode_cleanup();</code></p>

## 5. Firewall cleanup.

```
firewall_ports_destroy();
```

### a). Destroy all DOCA Flow resources.

## 6. Arg parser destroy.

```
doca_argp_destroy();
```

---

# Chapter 6. Running the Application

1. Refer to the following documents:

- ▶ [NVIDIA DOCA Installation Guide for Linux](#) for details on how to install BlueField-related software.
- ▶ [NVIDIA DOCA Troubleshooting Guide](#) for any issue you may encounter with the installation, compilation, or execution of DOCA applications.
- ▶ [NVIDIA DOCA Applications Overview](#) for additional compilation instructions and development tips regarding the DOCA applications.

2. The firewall example binary is located under `/opt/mellanox/doca/applications/firewall/bin/doca_firewall`.



**Note:** Before building the application, make sure that gRPC support is enabled. Set the `enable_grpc_support` flag in `/opt/mellanox/doca/applications/meson_options.txt` to `true`.

To build all the applications together, run:

```
cd /opt/mellanox/doca/applications/  
meson build  
ninja -C build
```

3. To build only the firewall application:

a). Edit the following flags in `/opt/mellanox/doca/applications/meson_options.txt`:

- ▶ Set `enable_all_applications` to `false`
- ▶ Set `enable_firewall` to `true`

b). Run the commands in step 2.



**Note:** `doca_firewall` will be created under `./build/firewall/src/`.

Application usage:

```
Usage: doca_firewall [DOCA Flags] [Program Flags]  
DOCA Flags:  
-h, --help                Print a help synopsis  
-v, --version             Print program version information  
-l, --log-level           Set the log level for the program  
<CRITICAL=20, ERROR=30, WARNING=40, INFO=50, DEBUG=60>  
--grpc-address ip_address[:port] Set the IP address for the grpc server  
Program Flags:
```

```
-m, --mode                Set running mode {static, interactive}
-r, --firewall-rules <path> Path to the JSON file with 5-tuple rules when
running with static mode
```



**Note:** For additional information on the app use `-h`:

```
/opt/mellanox/doca/applications/firewall/bin/doca_firewall -h
```

#### 4. Running the application on the host:

- ▶ For instructions on running the DOCA Flow gRPC server on the BlueField, refer to [NVIDIA DOCA gRPC Infrastructure User Guide](#).

- ▶ CLI example for running the app in interactive mode:

```
/opt/mellanox/doca/applications/firewall/bin/doca_firewall --grpc-address
192.168.101.2 -l 50 -m interactive
```

- ▶ CLI example for running the app in static mode:

```
/opt/mellanox/doca/applications/firewall/bin/doca_firewall --grpc-address
192.168.101.2 -l 50 -m static -d firewall_rules.json
```

#### 5. To run `doca_firewall` using a JSON file:


```
doca_firewall --json [json_file]
```

For example:

```
cd /opt/mellanox/doca/applications/firewall/bin
./doca_firewall --json firewall_params.json
```

# Chapter 7. Arg Parser DOCA Flags

Refer to [NVIDIA DOCA Arg Parser Programming Guide](#) for more information.

Flag Type	Short Flag	Long Flag/ JSON Key	Description	JSON Content
General Flags	l	log-level	Set the log level for the application: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▶ CRITICAL=20</li> <li>▶ ERROR=30</li> <li>▶ WARNING=40</li> <li>▶ INFO=50</li> <li>▶ DEBUG=60</li> </ul>	<code>"log-level": 60</code>
	v	version	Print program version information	N/A
	h	help	Print a help synopsis	N/A
	g	grpc-address	Set the IP address for the gRPC server	<code>"grpc-address": "0.0.0.0"</code>
Program Flags	m	mode	Set running mode {static or interactive} <div style="border: 1px solid gray; padding: 5px; margin-top: 10px;">  <b>Note:</b> This flag is mandatory.           </div>	<code>"mode": "interactive"</code>
	r	firewall-rules	Path to JSON rules file	<code>"firewall-rules": "firewall_rules.json"</code>

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## Chapter 8. References

- ▶ `/opt/mellanox/doca/applications/firewall/src`

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