DEEPSTREAM SDK 6.4 FOR NVIDIA DGPU/X86 AND JETSON

RN-09353-003 | December 14, 2023
Advance Information | Subject to Change

6.4 Release Notes
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These release notes are for the NVIDIA® DeepStream SDK for NVIDIA® Tesla®, NVIDIA® Ampere®, NVIDIA® Hopper®, NVIDIA® Ada Lovelace®, NVIDIA® Jetson AGX Orin™, NVIDIA® Jetson Orin™ NX, and NVIDIA® Jetson Orin™ Nano.

1.1 WHAT’S NEW

The following new features are supported in this DeepStream SDK release:

1.1.1 DS 6.4

- Migration to ubuntu 22.04; Gst version 1.20.3
- Supports Triton 23.08 for x86/dGPU, Triton 23.11 for Jetson and Rivermax v1.40.
- Jetson package based on JP 6.0 DP (r36.2.0 BSP).
- Enhanced REST API support to control DeepStream pipeline on-the-fly (Alpha, x86 and Jetson).
- NV V4L2 Encoder Plugin Enhancements for additional control.
- Added AV1 encoder support.
- New gstreamer plugins `nvimagedec` and `nvimageenc` based on CUDA `nvjpeg` APIs.
- Support of Trafficcamnet as Primary detector and 2 new secondary classifier models (`VehicleMakeNet`, `VehicleTypeNet`) with DS reference app.
- Enhance video template plug-in to support audio-in / video-out.
- Single-View 3D Tracking (Alpha).
- NvDCF tracker now supported with PVA backend on Jetson (Alpha).
- REST API Support Enhancements.
- MQTT TLS and keepalive support.
- Improved ReID Accuracy in Tracker.
- Enhancements in new `Gst-nvstreammux` plugin. New `nvstreammux` can be enabled by exporting `USE_NEW_NVSTREAMMUX=yes`. For more information, see the "Gst-nvstreammux" section in the NVIDIA DeepStream SDK Developer Guide 6.4 Release.
- Performance optimizations.
- NVIDIA TAO toolkit (previously called NVIDIA Transfer Learning Toolkit) Models from https://github.com/NVIDIA-AI-IOT/deepstream_tao_apps (branch: release/tao5.1_ds6.4ga) integrated into SDK.
- Improved stability.
- New Plugins:
  - nvimagedec
  - nvimageenc
- Python bindings and samples updates:
  - Upgrade to Python 3.10 and Ubuntu 22.04; Python 3.8 and DeepStream 6.3 support is deprecated.
  - `Deepstream-test2` application: updated to use new names for tracker metadata types in DeepStream 6.4.
  - `DeepStream-test4` application: updated to support MQTT adapter.

Note: Jetson version of DeepStream based on JetPack 6.0 DP (Developer Preview). It is not for production purpose.

1.1.2 DS 6.3 (Previous Release)

- Supports Triton 22.03 for x86/dGPU, Triton 23.01 for Jetson and Rivermax v1.20.
- Jetson package based on JP 5.1.2 GA (r35.4.1 BSP).
- Enable Pre-Processing plugin support for `nvinferserver` plugin.
- Multi-Arch dockers for Jetson and x86.
- REST API support to control DeepStream pipeline on-the-fly (Alpha, x86 and Jetson).
- 10, 12-bit `yuv420` decoding support for decoder on Jetson and x86. 8-bit `yuv444` decoding support for decoder on Jetson and x86 and 10, 12-bit `YUV444` decoding support for decoder on x86.
- 10-bit `YUV 420` and `YUV444 H.265` encoding support on x86.
- Optical flow support on Jetson AGX Orin.
- `Nvinferserver` (Triton) support to most of DS sample apps.
- Support Google protobuf encoding and decoding message to message brokers (only Kafka).
- Support NVIDIA TAO and ONNX models in Tracker.
Improving ReID Accuracy in Tracker.
Support ReID feature output from Tracker for downstream access.
Support dynamic creation/destruction of NMOS Senders and Receivers for deepstream-nmos app.
CUDA accelerated support for jpeg encoder for x86.
Enhancements in new Gst-nvstreammux plugin. New nvstreammux can be enabled by exporting USE.NEW_NVSTREAMMUX=yes. For more information, see the “Gst-nvstreammux” section in the NVIDIA DeepStream SDK Developer Guide 6.3 Release.
Performance optimizations.
NVIDIA TAO toolkit (previously called NVIDIA Transfer Learning Toolkit) Models from [https://github.com/NVIDIA-AI-IOT/deepstream_tao_apps](https://github.com/NVIDIA-AI-IOT/deepstream_tao_apps) (branch: release/tao4.0_ds6.3ga) integrated into SDK.
nvdsudpsrc plugin optimizations for supporting Mellanox NIC for Receiver.
SMPTE 2110 compliance related changes for nvdsudpsink.
Improved stability.
New sample applications:
- Triton Ensemble: Demonstrates use of Triton ensemble models with gst-nvinferserver plugin and how to implement custom Triton C++ backend to access DeepStream metadata like stream ID using multi-input tensors.
- Deepstream-multigpu-nvlink-test: Application demonstrating usage of NVLink across multiple GPUs.
Python bindings and samples updates:
- New Jupyter notebook for Launchpad lab based on deepstream-test3 app.
- Updated deepstream-rtsp-in-rtsp-out sample to demonstrate usage of new binding: configure_source_for_ntp_sync().
Opensource plugins:
- Analytics plugin Gst-nvdsanalytics
- Tracker plugin Gst-nvtracker
- New muxer Gst-nvstreammux and demuxer Gst-nvstreamdemux

1.1.3 Graph Composer 3.1.0

Graph Composer 3.1.0 is mostly aimed at compute stack update and support on Ubuntu-22.04.

- **Graph Execution Engine**
  - Supported on Ubuntu 22.04 x86_64 and NVIDIA Jetson.
  - Version updated to 3.1.0.
  - Improved python APIs to compose & run graphs.

- **Graph Composer**
  - Version updated to 3.1.0.
  - x86 only - Ubuntu 22.04 and Windows 10.

- **Container Builder**
  - No change in version.

- **Registry**
  - No change in version.

- **Extensions update**
  - Minor version of all the extensions is updated.

1.2 CONTENTS OF THIS RELEASE

This release includes the following:

- The DeepStream SDK. Refer to *NVIDIA DeepStream SDK Developer Guide 6.4 Release* for a detailed description of the contents of the DeepStream release package. The Developer Guide also contains other information to help you get started with DeepStream, including information about system software and hardware requirements and external software dependencies that you must install before you use the SDK.

  - For detailed information about GStreamer plugins and metadata usage, see the “DeepStream Plugin Guide” section in the *NVIDIA DeepStream SDK Developer Guide 6.4 Release*.
  - For detailed troubleshooting information and frequently asked questions, see the “DeepStream Troubleshooting and FAQ Guide” section in the *NVIDIA DeepStream SDK Developer Guide 6.4 Release*.

- Graph Composer 3.1.0 and DeepStream reference graphs for dGPU and Jetson.
- LICENSE.txt contains the license terms of third-party libraries used.
1.3 DOCUMENTATION IN THIS RELEASE

This release contains the following documentation.

- NVIDIA DeepStream SDK Developer Guide 6.4 Release
- NVIDIA DeepStream SDK API Reference
- NVIDIA DeepStream Python API Reference

1.4 BREAKING CHANGES W.R.T DEEPSTREAM 6.3

- Primary detector (PGIE) resnet10 based model replaced by Trafficcamnet
- Car color model is removed.
- Car Make model is replaced by VehicleMakeNet:
- Car type model replaced by VehicleTypeNet:

So, now, the DeepStream reference app will have a new Trafficcamnet as PGIE and 2 new SGIE models (VehicleMakeNet, VehicleTypeNet).

- With DeepStream-6.4, REST API endpoints have been updated to include currently supported version "/api/v1/".
- When building TensorRT engines for DLA, there is a known issue that entire DLA subgraphs listed in "Layers Running on DLA" (seen with TensorRT's verbose mode) cannot be built/eventually fall back to GPU with the message "{ForeignNode[...]}
cannot be compiled by DLA, falling back to GPU". This has been observed with the two ResNet-based models PeopleNet v2.6 and TrafficCamNet from TAO.

In both cases, this issue can be fixed by changing TensorRT's default DLA SRAM pool size of 1 MiB to 0.5 MiB. Using trtexec, this can be achieved by adding the argument "--memPoolSize=dlASRAM:0.5" when building the TensorRT engine – for other TensorRT applications calling TensorRT APIs directly, refer to this code section in trtexec.

The generated engine from above can be used in DeepStream.

- UCX applications are now unified to one sample app.
- FasterRCNN application removed.
- Need to use /opt/nvidia/deepstream/deepstream/update_rtpmanager.sh script to apply patch to minimize issue impacting RTSP use cases while EOS.
- While running tritonsserver, "--backend-directory" option is not needed.
- API change in Python bindings: alloc_nvds_event_msg_meta() now expects a NvDsUserMeta pointer which the NvDsEventMsgMeta is associated with. Refer to
the deepstream-test4 sample app and bindschema.cpp in bindings source code for reference.

1.5 DIFFERENCES WITH DEEPSTREAM 6.1 AND ABOVE

gstreamer1.0-libav, libav, OSS encoder, decoder plugins (x264/x265) and audioparsers packages are removed in DeepStream dockers from DeepStream 6.1. You may install these packages based on your requirement (gstreamer1.0-plugins-good/ gstreamer1.0-plugins-bad/ gstreamer1.0-plugins-ugly). While running DeepStream applications inside dockers, you may see the following warnings:

WARNING from src_elem: No decoder available for type 'audio/mpeg, mpegversion=(int)4, framed=(boolean)true, stream-format=(string)raw, level=(string)2, base-profile=(string)lc, profile=(string)lc, codec_data=(buffer)119056e500, rate=(int)48000, channels=(int)2'.

Debug info: gsturidecodebin.c(920): unknown_type_cb ():

To avoid such warnings, install gstreamer1.0-libav and gstreamer1.0-plugins-good inside docker.

Specifically, for deepstream-nmos, deepstream-avsync-app and python based deepstream-imagedata-multistream app you would need to install gstreamer1.0-libav and gstreamer1.0-plugins-good.

Gst-nveglglessink plugin is deprecated. Use Gst-nv3dsink plugin for Jetson instead.
2.0 LIMITATIONS

This section provides details about issues discovered during development and QA but not resolved in this release.

- DeepStream on Jetson is based on L4T BSP version r36.2.0. Refer to “Known Issues” section in Jetson release notes.
- With V4L2 codecs only MAX 1024 (decode + encode) instances are provided. The maximum number of instances can be increased by making changes in open-source code.
- detected-min-w and detected-min-h must be set to values larger than 32 in the primary inference configuration file (config_infer_primary.txt) for gst-dsexample on Jetson.
- The Kafka protocol adapter sometimes does not automatically reconnect when the Kafka Broker to which it is connected goes down and comes back up. This requires the application to restart.
- If the nvds log file ds.log has been deleted, to restart logging you must delete the file /run/rsyslogd.pid within the container before reenabling logging by running the setup_nvds_logger.sh script. This is described in the “nvds_logger: Logging Framework” sub-section in the “Gst-nvmsgbroker” section in the NVIDIA DeepStream Developer Guide 6.4 Release.
- Running a DeepStream application over SSH (via putty) with X11 forwarding does not work.
- DeepStream currently expects model network width to be a multiple of 4 and network height to be a multiple of 2.
- Triton Inference Server implementation in DeepStream currently supports a single GPU. The models need to be configured to use a single GPU.
- For some models output in DeepStream is not exactly same as observed in TAO Toolkit. This is due to input scaling algorithm differences.
- Dynamic resolution change support is Alpha quality.
- On the fly Model update only supports the same type of Model with same Network parameters.
Rivermax SDK is not part of DeepStream. So, the following warning is observed (gst-plugin-scanner:33257):

```plaintext
GStreamer-WARNING **: 11:38:46.882: Failed to load plugin '/usr/lib/x86_64-linux-gnu/gstreamer-1.0/deepstream/libnvdsgst_udp.so': librivermax.so.0: cannot open shared object file: No such file or directory
```

You can ignore this warning safely.

When using Composer WebSocket streaming, sometimes errors like "Error while sending buffer: invalid state" is seen, or the window becomes unresponsive. Refreshing the browser page might fix it.

Composer WebRTC Streaming is supported only on RTX GPUs.

On jetson, when the screen is idle, fps is lowered for DeepStream applications. This behavior is by design to save power. However, if user does not want screen idle then refer to the FAQ for WAR.

RDMA functionality is only supported on x86 and only in x86 Triton docker for now.

You cannot build the DeepStream out of the box on Jetson dockers except its Triton variant.

There can be performance drop from TensorRT to Triton for some models (5 to 15%).

To generate the YOLOV3, the precision of some layers should be specified as FP32 for TensorRT limitations. The solution is updated in https://github.com/NVIDIA-AI-IOT/deepstream_tao_apps.

NVRM: XID errors seen sometimes when running 275+ streams on Ampere, Hopper and ADA.

NVRM: XID errors seen on some setups with gst-dseexample and transfer learning sample apps.

Sometimes during deepstream-testsr app execution, assertion "GStreamer-CRITICAL **: 12:55:35.006: gst_pad_link_full: assertion 'GST_IS_PAD sinkpad)' failed" is seen which can be safely ignored.

Gst-nvdsasr plugin and deepstream-avsync-app is not supported on Hopper GPU.

Multifilesrc plugin with jpeg files fails inconsistently with nv3dsink. To address this issue, need to add nvvideoconvert element before nv3dsink.

For some of the models during engine file generation, error "[TRT]: 3: [builder.cpp:-Builder::307] Error Code 3: API Usage Error" observed from TensorRT, but has no impact on functionality and can be safely ignored.

ASR and TTS plugins are not supported on NVIDIA Hopper.

deepstream-server app is not supported with new nvstreammux plugin.

TAO point-pillar model works only in FP32 mode.

REST API support for few components (decoder, preprocessor, nvinfer along with stream addition deletion support) with limited configuration options. However, you can extend the functionality with the steps mentioned in SDK documentation.

Critical error (masked_scan_uint32_peek: assertion '(guint64) offset + size <= reader->size - reader->byte' failed) observed while running python segmentation application but it can be ignored safely.
On Jetson dockers while running DeepStream applications the error “modprobe: FATAL: Module nvidia not found...” is seen but can be safely ignored.

With Basler camera, on Jetson, only images with width of multiple of 4 supported.

Sometimes, error “GLib (gthread-posix.c): Unexpected error from C library during ’pthread_setspecific’: Invalid argument” is seen while running DeepStream applications.

The issue is caused because of a bug in glib 2.0-2.72 version which comes with ubuntu22.04 by default. The issue is addressed in glib2.76 and its installation is required to fix the issue (https://github.com/GNOME/glib/tree/2.76.6).

depstream-lidar-inference-app sample app fails to run on Jetson.

The issue is caused because of a bug in glib 2.0-2.72 version which comes with ubuntu22.04 by default. The issue is addressed in glib2.76 and its installation is required to fix the issue (https://github.com/GNOME/glib/tree/2.76.6).

TensorRT engine file generation fails for few models (like VehicleMakeNet, VehicleTypeNet) while running DeepStream application. To avoid this failure run below commands before running application to boost the clocks:

```
$ sudo nvpmodel -m 0
$ sudo jetson_clocks
```

If the issue is still seen, then use trtexec utility in TensorRT to generate engine file and use the same file in DeepStream.

Sometimes inference output on Jetson varies run to run.

On Jetson, nvinferserver support for deepstream-segmentation-app is broken.

depstream-testsr-app on Jetson intermittently may have blurred output if bounding box enabled.

In some cases, performance with Python sample apps may be lower than C version.

while running deepstream-opencv-test app, warning "gst_caps_features_set_parent_refcount: assertion 'refcount == NULL' failed" observed. No impact on functionality & can be safely ignored.

Observing below errors for Jetson dockers (but no impact on functionality)

a) While decoding: /bin/dash: 1: lsmod: not found and /bin/dash: 1: modprobe: not found.
b) At start pipeline: Failed to detect NVIDIA driver version.

On Jetson Orin, software encoder is not supported. Workaround is to use nvvideoconvert instead nvvidconv before nvv4l2decoder.

On Jetson, deepstream-dewarper-test app, first-time runs fail with error: “cuGraphicsEGLRegisterImage failed: 700, cuda process stop”. However, for subsequent runs the issue is not seen.
3.0 NOTES

- Optical flow is supported only on dGPUs having Turing architecture (onwards) and NVIDIA® Jetson Orin™ family.
- REST API commands only work after the video shows up on the host screen.
- The REST API server application `deepstream-server-app` should be used with `dsserver_config.yml` config file. `dsserver_pgie_config.yml` should not be used as this is inference config file.
- On vGPU, only CUDA device memory `NVBUF_MEM_CUDA_DEVICE` supported.
- From next release, models like SSD – ResNet18, DSSD – ResNet18 and OSS Yolo (from darknet) will be removed from DeepStream package.

**Note:**
- OpenCV is deprecated by default. But you can enable OpenCV in plugins such as `nvinfer` (nvsinfer) and `dsexample` (gst-dsexample) by setting `WITH_OPENCV=1` in the Makefile of these components. Refer to the component README for more instructions.
- When using docker make sure `libopencv-dev` package is installed inside docker if the Application requires it.

3.1 APPLICATIONS MAY BE DEPLOYED IN A DOCKER CONTAINER

Applications built with DeepStream can be deployed using a Docker container, available on NGC (https://ngc.nvidia.com/). Sign up for an NVIDIA GPU Cloud account and look for DeepStream containers to get started.
After you sign into your NGC account, navigate to Dashboard → Setup → Get API key to get your nvcr.io authentication details.

As an example, you can use DeepStream 6.4. docker containers on NGC and run the deepstream-test4-app sample application as an Azure edge runtime module on your edge device.

The following procedure deploys deepstream-test4-app:

- Using a sample video stream (sample_720p.h264)
- Sending messages with minimal schema
- Running with display disabled
- Using message topic mytopic (message topic may not be empty)

Set up and install Azure IoT Edge on your system with the instructions provided in the Azure module client README file in the deepstream-6.4 package:

```bash
<deepstream-6.4_package>/sources/libs/azure_protocol_adaptor/module_client/README
```

Note: For the Jetson platform, omit installation of the Moby packages. Moby is currently incompatible with NVIDIA Container Runtime.

See the Azure documentation for information about prerequisites for creating an Azure edge device on the Azure portal:

https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/iot-edge/how-to-deploy-modules-portal#prerequisites

**To deploy deepstream-test4-app as an Azure IoT edge runtime module**

1. On the Azure portal, click the IoT edge device you have created and click Set Modules.
2. Enter these settings:

   **Container Registry Settings:**
   - Name: NGC
   - Address: nvcr.io
   - User name: $oauthtoken
   - Password: use the password or API key from your NGC account

   **Deployment modules:**
   - Add a new module with the name ds.

   **Image URI:**
   - For x86 dockers:
Multi-Arch dockers for x86 and Jetson:

- For x86:
  
  ```bash
  docker pull --platform linux/amd64 nvcr.io/nvidia/deepstream:6.4-triton-multiarch
  ```

- For Jetson:
  
  ```bash
  docker pull --platform linux/arm64 nvcr.io/nvidia/deepstream:6.4-triton-multiarch
  docker pull --platform linux/arm64 nvcr.io/nvidia/deepstream:6.4-samples-multiarch
  ```

Container Create options:

- For Jetson:
  
  ```json
  {
    "HostConfig": {
      "Runtime": "nvidia"
    },
    "WorkingDir": "/opt/nvidia/deepstream/deepstream/sources/apps/sample_apps/deepstream-test4",
    "ENTRYPOINT": [
      "/opt/nvidia/deepstream/deepstream/bin/deepstream-test4-app",
      "-i", "/opt/nvidia/deepstream/deepstream/samples/streams/sample_720p.h264",
      "-p",
      "/opt/nvidia/deepstream/deepstream/lib/libnvds_azure_edge_proto.so",
      "--no-display",
      "-q",
      "-l",
      "--topic",
      "mytopic"
    ]
  }
  ```

- For X86:
  
  ```json
  {
    "HostConfig": {
      "Runtime": "nvidia"
    },
    "WorkingDir": "/opt/nvidia/deepstream/deepstream/sources/apps/sample_apps/deepstream-test4",
    "ENTRYPOINT": [
      "/opt/nvidia/deepstream/deepstream/bin/deepstream-test4-app",
      "-i",
      "/opt/nvidia/deepstream/deepstream/samples/streams/sample_720p.h264",
      "--no-display",
      "-q",
      "-l",
      "--topic",
      "mytopic"
    ]
  }
  ```
3. Specify route options for the module:

- Option 1: Use a default route where every message from every module is sent upstream.

```json
{
   "routes": {
      "route": "FROM /messages/* INTO $upstream"
   }
}
```

- Option 2: Specific routes where messages sent upstream can be filtered based on topic name. For example, in the sample test programs, topic name `mytopic` is used for the module name `ds`:

```json
{
   "routes": {
      "route": "FROM /messages/modules/ds/outputs/mytopic INTO $upstream"
   }
}
```

3.2 SAMPLE APPLICATIONS MALFUNCTION IF DOCKER ENVIRONMENT CANNOT SUPPORT DISPLAY

If the Docker environment cannot support display, the sample applications `deepstream-test1`, `deepstream-test2`, `deepstream-test3`, and `deepstream-test4` do not work as expected.

**Workaround:**

To correct this problem, you must recompile the test applications after replacing `nveglglessink` on x86 and `nv3dsink` on Jetson with `fakesink`. With `deepstream-test4`, you also have the option to specify `fakesink` by adding the `--no-display` command line switch.
Alternatively virtual display can be used. For more information refer to “How to visualize the output if the display is not attached to the system” section in “Quick Start Guide” section of NVIDIA DeepStream Developer Guide 6.4 Release.

### 3.3 INSTALLING DEEPSTREAM ON JETSON

1. Download the NVIDIA SDK Manager to install JetPack 6.0 DP.
2. Select all the JetPack 6.0 DP components except DeepStreamSDK from the “Additional SDKs” section.

Refer to the “Quick Start Guide” section in NVIDIA DeepStream Developer Guide 6.4 Release to update additional BSP libraries if available. Continue with the DeepStream installation instructions after the BSP update.

**Note:** NVIDIA Container Runtime package shall be installed using JetPack 6.0 DP and is a pre-requisite for all DeepStream L4T docker containers.

### 3.4 TRITON INFERENCE SERVER IN DEEPSTREAM

Triton inference server (version 23.08) on dGPU is supported only via docker deepstream:6.4-triton-multiarch for x86. On Jetson, version 23.11 is supported with or without docker.

Refer to the NVIDIA DeepStream Development Guide 6.4 Release for more details about Triton inference server.

Triton inference server Supports following frameworks:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Framework</th>
<th>Tesla</th>
<th>Jetson</th>
<th>Notes / Limitations</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>TensorRT</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Supports TensorRT plan or engine file (*.plan, *.engine)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>- Triton model config.pbtxt for TensorRT engine file format</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>platform: &quot;tensorrt_plan&quot;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>default_model_filename: &quot;model.engine&quot;</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
|             |       |        |   input [...]
|             |       |        |   output [...]
| TensorFlow  | Yes   | Yes    | - Supports Tensorflow 2.x (Tensorflow 1.x is deprecated) |
|             |       |        | - Supports TF-TensorRT optimization |
- Supported model formats: *GraphDef* or *SavedModel*
- Other TF formats such as checkpoint variables or estimators are not directly supported
- Triton model config.pbtxt for Graphdef format
  ```yaml
  platform: "tensorflow_graphdef"
  default_model_filename: "model.graphdef"
  ```
- Triton model config.pbtxt for Graphdef format
  ```yaml
  platform: "tensorflow_savedmodel"
  default_model_filename: "model.savedmodel"
  ```

Triton Tensorflow backend documentation:
https://github.com/triton-inference-server/tensorflow_backend

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>ONNX</th>
<th>Yes</th>
<th>Yes</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>- Supports ONNX model</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>- Supports ONNX TensorRT optimization</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Triton model config.pbtxt for ONNX</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
  ```yaml
  platform: "onnxruntime_onnx"
  default_model_filename: "model.onnx"
  # [optional: TensorRT optimization, disabled by default]
  optimization { execution_accelerators {
    gpu_execution_accelerator : [ {
      name : "tensorrt"
      parameters { key: "precision_mode" value: "FP16" }
      parameters { key: "max_workspace_size_bytes" value: "1073741824" }
    } ]
  }
  ```
| Triton ONNXRuntime backend documentation: |
|https://github.com/triton-inference-server/onnxruntime_backend|

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>PyTorch(TorchScript)</th>
<th>Yes</th>
<th>Yes</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>- Support TorchScript models(file format *.pt), PyTorch model must be traced and saved as a TorchScript Model (.pt)</td>
<td></td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Triton model config.pbtxt for TorchScript format</td>
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<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
  ```yaml
  backend: "pytorch"
  ```

Triton ONNXRuntime backend documentation:
https://github.com/triton-inference-server/onnxruntime_backend
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Python Backend</th>
<th>Yes</th>
<th>Yes</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>- Support Custom Triton-Python backend</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- Support Python Custom conda Execution Environment</td>
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<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Triton model config.pbtxt for Python file format</td>
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<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>backend: &quot;python&quot;</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>default_model_filename: &quot;model.py&quot;</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td># [optional: custom conda env, disabled by default]</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>parameters: {</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>key: &quot;EXECUTION_ENV_PATH&quot;,</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>value: {string_value: &quot;$$TRITON_MODEL_DIRECTORY/python3.6.tar.gz&quot;}</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>}</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Triton Python backend documentation:</td>
<td></td>
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</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Ensemble Models</th>
<th>Yes</th>
<th>Yes</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>- Support Triton Ensemble Models to connect multiple model inference graph</td>
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<tr>
<td>Triton model config.pbtxt for ensemble model</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>platform: &quot;ensemble&quot;</td>
<td></td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>input[...]]</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>output[...]</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ensemble_scheduling {</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>step [</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>{model_name: &quot;model_A&quot;},</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>{model_name: &quot;model_B&quot;},</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>{model_name: &quot;model_C&quot;},</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>]</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>}</td>
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<tr>
<td>Triton Ensemble Model documentation:</td>
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</table>
For more information refer to the following links:

- Triton inference server documentation entry: https://github.com/triton-inference-server/server
- Triton inference server model repository: https://github.com/triton-inference-server/server/blob/main/docs/user_guide/model_repository.md
- Triton inference server supported backends and QA: https://github.com/triton-inference-server/server
- TensorFlow saved model: https://www.tensorflow.org/guide/saved_model#the_savedmodel_format_on_disk
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