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(i) Note

fTMP over OP-TEE is supported on NVIDIA® BlueField®-3 DPUs and higher only on host OS Ubuntu 22.04 or Oracle Linux.

The Trusted Computing Group (TCG) is responsible for the specifications governing the trusted platform module (TPM). In many systems, the TPM provides integrity measurements, health checks and authentication services.

Attributes of a TPM:

- Support for bulk (symmetric) encryption in the platform
- High quality random numbers
- Cryptographic services
- Protected persistent store for small amounts of data, sticky bits, monotonic counters, and extendible registers
- Protected pseudo-persistent store for unlimited amounts of keys and data
- Extensive choice of authorization methods to access protected keys and data
- Platform identities
- Support for platform privacy
- Signing and verifying digital signatures
- Certifying the properties of keys and data
- Auditing the usage of keys and data

With TPM 2.0., the TCG creates a library specification describing all the commands or features that could be implemented and may be necessary in servers, laptops, or embedded systems. Each platform can select the features needed and the level of

security or assurance required. This flexibility allows the newest TPMs to be applied to many embedded applications.

Firmware TPM (fTPM) is implemented in protected software. The code runs on the main CPU so that a separate chip is not required. While running like any other program, the code is in a protected execution environment called a trusted execution environment (TEE) which is separate from the rest of the programs running on the CPU. By doing this, secrets (e.g., private keys perhaps needed by the TPM but should not be accessed by others) can be kept in the TEE creating a more secure environment.



(i) Info

fTPM provides similar functionality to a chip-based TPM, but does not require extra hardware. It complies with the official TCG reference implementation of the <u>TPM 2.0 specification</u>. The source code of this implementation is located here.



(i) Info

fTPM f ully supports TPM2 Tools and the TCG TPM2 Software Stack (TSS).

Characteristics of an fTPM:

- Emulated TPM using an isolated hardware environment
- Executes in an open-source trusted execution environment (OP-TEE)
- fTPM trusted application (TA) is part of the OP-TEE binary. This allows early access on bootup, runs only in secure DRAM.

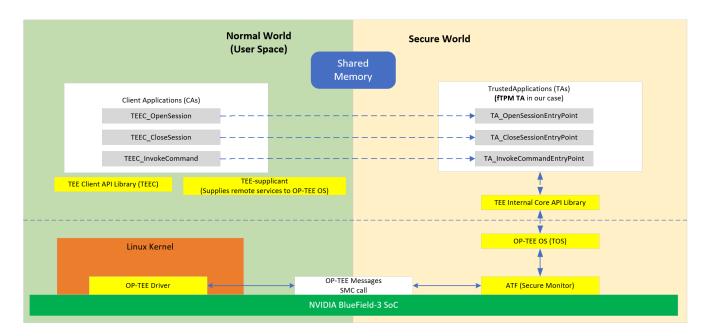


Info

Currently, the only TA supported is fTPM.

• fTPM is not a task waiting to be woken up. It only executes when TPM primitives are forwarded to it from the user space. It is guaranteed shielded execution via the TEE OS and, when invoked via the TEE Dispatcher, runs to completion.

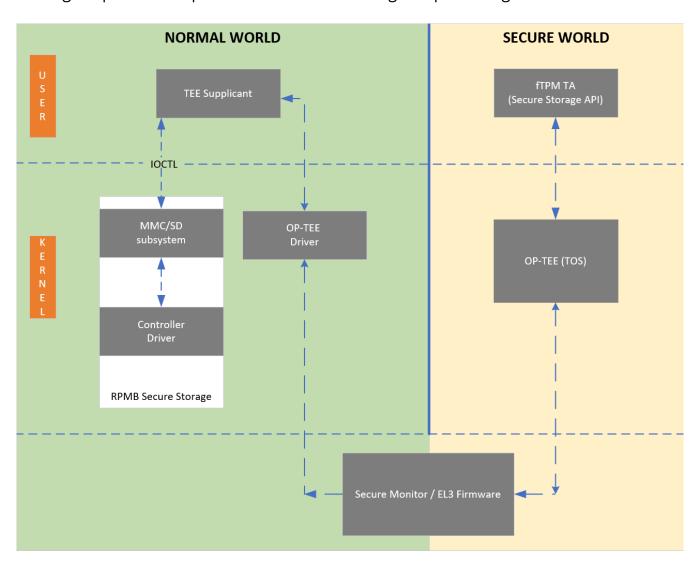
The fTPM TA is the only TA BlueField-3 currently supports. Any TA loaded by OP-TEE must be signed (signing done externally) and then authenticated by OP-TEE before being allowed to load and execute.



A replay-protected memory block (RPMB) is provided as a means for a system to store data to the specific memory area in an authenticated and replay-protected manner, making it readable and writable only after a successful authentication read/write accesses. The RPMB is a dedicated partition available on the eMMC, which makes it possible to store and retrieve data with integrity and authenticity support. A signed access to an RPMB is supported by first programming authentication key information to the eMMC memory (shared secret). The RPMB authentication key is programmed into BlueField at manufacturing time.



There is no eMMC controller driver in OP-TEE. All device operations have to go through the normal world via the TEE-supplicant daemon, which relies on the Linux kernel's ioctl interface to access the device. All writes to the RPMB are atomic, authenticated, and encrypted. The RPMB partition stores data in an authenticated, replay-protected manner, making it a perfect complement to fTPM for storing and protecting data.



Enabling OP-TEE on BlueField-3

Enable OP-TEE in the UEFI menu:

1. ESC into the UEFI on BlueField boot.

- 2. Navigate to Device Manager > System Configuration.
- 3. Check "Enable OP-TEE".
- 4. Save the change and reset/reboot.
- 5. Upon reboot OP-TEE is enabled.



Note

OP-TEE is essentially dormant (does not have an OS scheduler) and reacts to external inputs.

Verifying BlueField-3 is Running OP-TEE

Users can see the OP-TEE version during BlueField-3 boot:

```
Nvidia BlueField-3 rev1 BL1 V1.0
INFO: psc supervisor init.
INFO: psc_irq_init...
INFO: force_crs_enable=0 pcr.lock0 = 0, time = 111291
INFO: enter idle task.
NOTICE: Running as 9009D3B400ENEA system
NOTICE: BL2: v2.2(release):4.5.0-16-g2bd9b06e2-dirty
NOTICE: BL2: Built : 15:43:42, Sep 7 2023
NOTICE: BL2 built for hw (ver 2)
NOTICE: # Finished initializing DDR MSS1
NOTICE: DDR POST passed.
INFO: mailbox rx: channel = 2, code = 0x43544c44
NOTICE: BL31: v2.2(release):4.5.0-16-g2bd9b06e2-dirty
NOTICE: BL31: Built : 15:43:44, Sep 7 2023
NOTICE: BL31 built for hw (ver 2), lifecycle Production
PTM:171288:2:0:6~
I/TC: OP-TEE version: 3.10.0-21-g450b24a (gcc version 8.3.0 (GCC)) #1 Sat Aug 26 11:54:32 UTC 2023 aarch64
1/IC: Primary CPU initializing
I/TC: Primary CPU switching to normal world boot
UEFI firmware (version BlueField:4.5.0-16-g0e7fa9c192-BId0 built at 20:53:10 on Sep 6 2023)
```

The following indicators should all be present if fTPM over OP-TEE is enabled:

• Check "dmesg" for the OP-TEE driver initializing

```
root@localhost ~]# dmesg | grep tee

[ 5.646578] optee: probing for conduit method.

[ 5.653282] optee: revision 3.10 (450b24ac)

[ 5.653991] optee: initialized driver
```

• Verify that the following kernel modules are loaded (running):

```
[root@localhost ~]# lsmod | grep tee
tpm_ftpm_tee 16384 0
optee 49152 1
tee 49152 3 optee,tpm_ftpm_tee
```

• Verify that the proper devices are created/available (4 in total):

```
[root@localhost ~]# ls -l /dev/tee*
crw------ 1 root root 234, 0 Sep 8 18:24 /dev/tee0
crw------ 1 root root 234, 16 Sep 8 18:24 /dev/teepriv0

[root@localhost ~]# ls -l /dev/tpm*
crw-rw---- 1 tss root 10, 224 Sep 8 18:24 /dev/tpm0
crw-rw---- 1 tss tss 252, 65536 Sep 8 18:24 /dev/tpmrm0
```

• Verify that the required processes are running (3 in total):

```
[root@localhost ~]# ps axu | grep tee
root 707 0.0 0.0 76208 1372? Ssl 14:42 0:00 /usr/sbin/tee-supplicant
root 715 0.0 0.0 0 0? I< 14:42 0:00 [optee_bus_scan]

[root@localhost ~]# ps axu | grep tpm
root 124 0.0 0.0 0 0? I< 18:24 0:00 [tpm_dev_wq]
```

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