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Chapter 1.
NVML API REFERENCE

The NVIDIA Management Library (NVML) is a C-based programmatic interface for monitoring and managing various states within NVIDIA Tesla™ GPUs. It is intended to be a platform for building 3rd party applications, and is also the underlying library for the NVIDIA-supported `nvidia-smi` tool. NVML is thread-safe so it is safe to make simultaneous NVML calls from multiple threads.

API Documentation

Supported OS platforms:

- Linux: 64-bit

For a full list of supported Linux OS distributions, refer to the Tesla driver release notes at [http://docs.nvidia.com/datacenter/tesla](http://docs.nvidia.com/datacenter/tesla).

Supported products:

- Full Support
  - NVIDIA Tesla Line:
    - T4
    - V100
    - P100, P40, P4, P6
    - M60, M40, M6, M4
    - K80, K520
  - NVIDIA Quadro Line:
    - RTX 8000, RTX 6000, RTX 5000, RTX 4000, RTX 3000
    - GV100, GP100, P6000, P5200, P5000, P4000, P2200, P2000, P1000, P620, P600, P400
    - M6000 24GB, M6000, M5000, M4000, M2000
- K6000, K5200, K5000, K4000, K4200, K2200, K2000, K2000D, K1200, K620, K600, K420, 410
- NVIDIA GeForce Line: None

Limited Support

- NVIDIA Tesla Line: All other current and previous generation Tesla-branded parts
- NVIDIA Quadro Line: All other current and previous generation Quadro-branded parts
- NVIDIA GeForce Line: All current and previous generation GeForce-branded parts

The NVML library can be found at: %ProgramW6432%"NVIDIA Corporation"\NVSMI on Windows, but will not be added to the path. To dynamically link to NVML, add this path to the PATH environmental variable. To dynamically load NVML, call LoadLibrary with this path.

On Linux the NVML library will be found on the standard library path.

The NVML API is divided into five categories:

- Support Methods:
  - Initialization and Cleanup
- Query Methods:
  - System Queries
  - Device Queries
  - Unit Queries
- Control Methods:
  - Unit Commands
  - Device Commands
- Event Handling Methods:
  - Event Handling Methods
- Error reporting Methods
  - Error Reporting
Chapter 2.
MODULES

Here is a list of all modules:

- Device Structs
- Device Enums
- Field Value Enums
- Unit Structs
- Accounting Statistics
- Encoder Structs
- Frame Buffer Capture Structures
- definitions related to the drain state
- Initialization and Cleanup
- Error reporting
- Constants
- System Queries
- Unit Queries
- Device Queries
- Unit Commands
- Device Commands
- NvLink Methods
- Event Handling Methods
  - Event Types
  - Drain states
  - Field Value Queries
- GRID Virtualization Enums, Constants and Structs
  - GRID Virtualization Enums
  - GRID Virtualization Constants
  - GRID Virtualization Structs
- GRID Virtualization APIs
2.1. Device Structs

struct nvmlPciInfo_t
struct nvmlEccErrorCounts_t
struct nvmlUtilization_t
struct nvmlMemory_t
struct nvmlBAR1Memory_t
struct nvmlProcessInfo_t
struct nvmlNvLinkUtilizationControl_t
struct nvmlBridgeChipInfo_t
struct nvmlBridgeChipHierarchy_t
union nvmlValue_t
struct nvmlSample_t
struct nvmlViolationTime_t
enum nvmlBridgeChipType_t

Enum to represent type of bridge chip
Values
NVML_BRIDGE_CHIP_PLX = 0
NVML_BRIDGE_CHIP_BRO4 = 1

enum nvmlNvLinkUtilizationCountUnits_t
Enum to represent the NvLink utilization counter packet units

Values
NVML_NVLINK_COUNTER_UNIT_CYCLES = 0
NVML_NVLINK_COUNTER_UNIT_PACKETS = 1
NVML_NVLINK_COUNTER_UNIT_BYTES = 2
NVML_NVLINK_COUNTER_UNIT_RESERVED = 3
NVML_NVLINK_COUNTER_UNIT_COUNT

enum nvmlNvLinkUtilizationCountPktTypes_t
Enum to represent the NvLink utilization counter packet types to count **
this is ONLY applicable with the units as packets or bytes ** as specified in
nvmlNvLinkUtilizationCountUnits_t ** all packet filter descriptions are target GPU
centric ** these can be "OR’d" together

Values
NVML_NVLINK_COUNTER_PKTFILTER_NOP = 0x1
NVML_NVLINK_COUNTER_PKTFILTER_READ = 0x2
NVML_NVLINK_COUNTER_PKTFILTER_WRITE = 0x4
NVML_NVLINK_COUNTER_PKTFILTER_RATOM = 0x8
NVML_NVLINK_COUNTER_PKTFILTER_NRATOM = 0x10
NVML_NVLINK_COUNTER_PKTFILTER_FLUSH = 0x20
NVML_NVLINK_COUNTER_PKTFILTER_RESPDATA = 0x40
NVML_NVLINK_COUNTER_PKTFILTER_RESPNODATA = 0x80
NVML_NVLINK_COUNTER_PKTFILTER_ALL = 0xFF

enum nvmlNvLinkCapability_t
Enum to represent NvLink queryable capabilities

Values
NVML_NVLINK_CAP_P2P_SUPPORTED = 0
NVML_NVLINK_CAP_SYSMEM_ACCESS = 1
NVML_NVLINK_CAP_P2P_ATOMICS = 2
NVML_NVLINK_CAP_SYSMEM_ATOMICS = 3
NVML_NVLINK_CAP_SLI_BRIDGE = 4
NVML_NVLINK_CAP_VALID = 5
NVML_NVLINK_CAP_COUNT

enum nvmlNvLinkErrorCounter_t
Enum to represent NvLink queryable error counters

Values
NVML_NVLINK_ERROR_DL_REPLAY = 0
NVML_NVLINK_ERROR_DL_RECOVERY = 1
NVML_NVLINK_ERROR_DL_CRC_FLIT = 2
NVML_NVLINK_ERROR_DL_CRC_DATA = 3
NVML_NVLINK_ERROR_COUNT

enum nvmlGpuTopologyLevel_t
Represents level relationships within a system between two GPUs The enums are spaced to allow for future relationships

Values
NVML_TOPOLOGY_INTERNAL = 0
NVML_TOPOLOGY_SINGLE = 10
NVML_TOPOLOGY_MULTIPLE = 20
NVML_TOPOLOGY_HOSTBRIDGE = 30
NVML_TOPOLOGY_NODE = 40
NVML_TOPOLOGY_SYSTEM = 50

enum nvmlSamplingType_t
Represents Type of Sampling Event

Values
NVML_TOTAL_POWER_SAMPLES = 0
   To represent total power drawn by GPU.
NVML_GPU_UTILIZATION_SAMPLES = 1
   To represent percent of time during which one or more kernels was executing on the GPU.
NVML_MEMORY_UTILIZATION_SAMPLES = 2
   To represent percent of time during which global (device) memory was being read or written.
NVML_ENC_UTILIZATION_SAMPLES = 3
   To represent percent of time during which NVENC remains busy.
NVML_DEC_UTILIZATION_SAMPLES = 4
To represent percent of time during which NVDEC remains busy.

NVML_PROCESSOR_CLK_SAMPLES = 5
To represent processor clock samples.

NVML_MEMORY_CLK_SAMPLES = 6
To represent memory clock samples.

NVML_SAMPLINGTYPE_COUNT

enum nvmlPcieUtilCounter_t
Represents the queryable PCIe utilization counters

Values

NVML_PCIE_UTIL_TX_BYTES = 0
NVML_PCIE_UTIL_RX_BYTES = 1
NVML_PCIE_UTIL_COUNT

enum nvmlValueType_t
Represents the type for sample value returned

Values

NVML_VALUE_TYPE_DOUBLE = 0
NVML_VALUE_TYPE_UNSIGNED_INT = 1
NVML_VALUE_TYPE_UNSIGNED_LONG = 2
NVML_VALUE_TYPE_UNSIGNED_LONG_LONG = 3
NVML_VALUE_TYPE_SIGNED_LONG_LONG = 4
NVML_VALUE_TYPE_COUNT

enum nvmlPerfPolicyType_t
Represents type of perf policy for which violation times can be queried

Values

NVML_PERF_POLICY_POWER = 0
How long did power violations cause the GPU to be below application clocks.

NVML_PERF_POLICY_THERMAL = 1
How long did thermal violations cause the GPU to be below application clocks.

NVML_PERF_POLICY_SYNC_BOOST = 2
How long did sync boost cause the GPU to be below application clocks.

NVML_PERF_POLICY_BOARD_LIMIT = 3
How long did the board limit cause the GPU to be below application clocks.
NVML_PERF_POLICY_LOW_UTILIZATION = 4
   How long did low utilization cause the GPU to be below application clocks.

NVML_PERF_POLICY_RELIABILITY = 5
   How long did the board reliability limit cause the GPU to be below application clocks.

NVML_PERF_POLICY_TOTAL_APP_CLOCKS = 10
   Total time the GPU was held below application clocks by any limiter (0 - 5 above).

NVML_PERF_POLICY_TOTAL_BASE_CLOCKS = 11
   Total time the GPU was held below base clocks.

NVML_PERF_POLICY_COUNT

#define NVML_VALUE_NOT_AVAILABLE (-1)
   Special constant that some fields take when they are not available. Used when only part of the struct is not available.

Each structure explicitly states when to check for this value.

#define NVML_DEVICE_PCI_BUS_ID_BUFFER_SIZE 32
   Buffer size guaranteed to be large enough for pci bus id

#define NVML_DEVICE_PCI_BUS_ID_BUFFER_V2_SIZE 16
   Buffer size guaranteed to be large enough for pci bus id for busIdLegacy

#define NVML_DEVICE_PCI_BUS_ID_LEGACY_FMT "%04X:%02X:%02X.0"
   PCI format string for busIdLegacy

#define NVML_DEVICE_PCI_BUS_ID_FMT "%08X:%02X:%02X.0"
   PCI format string for busId

#define NVML_DEVICE_PCI_BUS_ID_FMT_ARGS (pciInfo)->domain, 
   \ (pciInfo)->bus, \ (pciInfo)->device
   Utility macro for filling the pci bus id format from a nvmlPciInfo_t

#define NVML_NVLINK_MAX_LINKS 6
   Maximum number of NvLink links supported
#define NVML_MAX_PHYSICAL_BRIDGE (128)

Maximum limit on Physical Bridges per Board

2.2. Device Enums

enum nvmlEnableState_t

Generic enable/disable enum.

Values

NVML_FEATURE_DISABLED = 0
Feature disabled.

NVML_FEATURE_ENABLED = 1
Feature enabled.

enum nvmlBrandType_t

* The Brand of the GPU

Values

NVML_BRAND_UNKNOWN = 0
NVML_BRAND_QUADRO = 1
NVML_BRAND_TESLA = 2
NVML_BRAND_NVS = 3
NVML_BRAND_GRID = 4
NVML_BRAND_GEFORCE = 5
NVML_BRAND_TITAN = 6
NVML_BRAND_COUNT

enum nvmlTemperatureThresholds_t

Temperature thresholds.

Values

NVML_TEMPERATURE_THRESHOLD_SHUTDOWN = 0
NVML_TEMPERATURE_THRESHOLD_SLOWDOWN = 1
NVML_TEMPERATURE_THRESHOLD_MEM_MAX = 2
NVML_TEMPERATURE_THRESHOLD_GPU_MAX = 3
NVML_TEMPERATURE_THRESHOLD_COUNT
enum nvmlTemperatureSensors_t

Temperature sensors.

Values

NVML_TEMPERATURE_GPU = 0
    Temperature sensor for the GPU die.
NVML_TEMPERATURE_COUNT

enum nvmlComputeMode_t

Compute mode.

NVML_COMPUTEMODE_EXCLUSIVE_PROCESS was added in CUDA 4.0. Earlier CUDA versions supported a single exclusive mode, which is equivalent to NVML_COMPUTEMODE_EXCLUSIVE_THREAD in CUDA 4.0 and beyond.

Values

NVML_COMPUTEMODE_DEFAULT = 0
    Default compute mode -- multiple contexts per device.
NVML_COMPUTEMODE_EXCLUSIVE_THREAD = 1
    Support Removed.
NVML_COMPUTEMODE_PROHIBITED = 2
    Compute-prohibited mode -- no contexts per device.
NVML_COMPUTEMODE_EXCLUSIVE_PROCESS = 3
    Compute-exclusive-process mode -- only one context per device, usable from multiple threads at a time.
NVML_COMPUTEMODE_COUNT

enum nvmlMemoryErrorType_t

Memory error types

Values

NVML_MEMORY_ERROR_TYPE_CORRECTED = 0
    A memory error that was corrected. For ECC errors, these are single bit errors. For Texture memory, these are errors fixed by resend.
NVML_MEMORY_ERROR_TYPE_UNCORRECTED = 1
    A memory error that was not corrected. For ECC errors, these are double bit errors. For Texture memory, these are errors where the resend fails.
NVML_MEMORY_ERROR_TYPE_COUNT
    Count of memory error types.
**enum nvmlEccCounterType_t**

ECC counter types.

Note: Volatile counts are reset each time the driver loads. On Windows this is once per boot. On Linux this can be more frequent. On Linux the driver unloads when no active clients exist. If persistence mode is enabled or there is always a driver client active (e.g. X11), then Linux also sees per-boot behavior. If not, volatile counts are reset each time a compute app is run.

**Values**

- **NVML_VOLATILE_ECC = 0**
  - Volatile counts are reset each time the driver loads.
- **NVML_AGGREGATE_ECC = 1**
  - Aggregate counts persist across reboots (i.e. for the lifetime of the device).
- **NVML_ECC_COUNTER_TYPE_COUNT**
  - Count of memory counter types.

**enum nvmlClockType_t**

Clock types.

All speeds are in Mhz.

**Values**

- **NVML_CLOCK_GRAPHICS = 0**
  - Graphics clock domain.
- **NVML_CLOCK_SM = 1**
  - SM clock domain.
- **NVML_CLOCK_MEM = 2**
  - Memory clock domain.
- **NVML_CLOCK_VIDEO = 3**
  - Video encoder/decoder clock domain.
- **NVML_CLOCK_COUNT**
  - Count of clock types.

**enum nvmlClockId_t**

Clock Ids. These are used in combination with nvmlClockType_t to specify a single clock value.
Values

NVML_CLOCK_ID_CURRENT = 0
Current actual clock value.

NVML_CLOCK_ID_APP_CLOCK_TARGET = 1
Target application clock.

NVML_CLOCK_ID_APP_CLOCK_DEFAULT = 2
Default application clock target.

NVML_CLOCK_ID_CUSTOMER_BOOST_MAX = 3
OEM-defined maximum clock rate.

NVML_CLOCK_ID_COUNT
Count of Clock Ids.

enum nvmlDriverModel_t
Driver models.
Windows only.

Values

NVML_DRIVER_WDDM = 0
WDDM driver model -- GPU treated as a display device.

NVML_DRIVER_WDM = 1
WDM (TCC) model (recommended) -- GPU treated as a generic device.

enum nvmlPstates_t
Allowed PStates.

Values

NVML_PSTATE_0 = 0
Performance state 0 -- Maximum Performance.

NVML_PSTATE_1 = 1
Performance state 1.

NVML_PSTATE_2 = 2
Performance state 2.

NVML_PSTATE_3 = 3
Performance state 3.

NVML_PSTATE_4 = 4
Performance state 4.

NVML_PSTATE_5 = 5
Performance state 5.

NVML_PSTATE_6 = 6
Performance state 6.
NVML_PSTATE_7 = 7
    Performance state 7.
NVML_PSTATE_8 = 8
    Performance state 8.
NVML_PSTATE_9 = 9
    Performance state 9.
NVML_PSTATE_10 = 10
    Performance state 10.
NVML_PSTATE_11 = 11
    Performance state 11.
NVML_PSTATE_12 = 12
    Performance state 12.
NVML_PSTATE_13 = 13
    Performance state 13.
NVML_PSTATE_14 = 14
    Performance state 14.
NVML_PSTATE_15 = 15
    Performance state 15 -- Minimum Performance.
NVML_PSTATE_UNKNOWN = 32
    Unknown performance state.

enum nvmlGpuOperationException_t

GPU Operation Mode

GOM allows to reduce power usage and optimize GPU throughput by disabling GPU features.

Each GOM is designed to meet specific user needs.

Values

NVML_GOM_ALL_ON = 0
    Everything is enabled and running at full speed.
NVML_GOM_COMPUTE = 1
    Designed for running only compute tasks. Graphics operations are not allowed
NVML_GOM_LOW_DP = 2
    Designed for running graphics applications that don't require high bandwidth double precision

enum nvmlInforomObject_t

Available infoROM objects.
Values

**NVML_INFOROM_OEM = 0**
An object defined by OEM.

**NVML_INFOROM_ECC = 1**
The ECC object determining the level of ECC support.

**NVML_INFOROM_POWER = 2**
The power management object.

**NVML_INFOROM_COUNT**
This counts the number of infoROM objects the driver knows about.

```c
enum nvmlReturn_t
```
Return values for NVML API calls.

Values

**NVML_SUCCESS = 0**
The operation was successful.

**NVML_ERROR_UNINITIALIZED = 1**
NVML was not first initialized with nvmlInit().

**NVML_ERROR_INVALID_ARGUMENT = 2**
A supplied argument is invalid.

**NVML_ERROR_NOT_SUPPORTED = 3**
The requested operation is not available on target device.

**NVML_ERROR_NO_PERMISSION = 4**
The current user does not have permission for operation.

**NVML_ERROR_ALREADY_INITIALIZED = 5**
Deprecated: Multiple initializations are now allowed through ref counting.

**NVML_ERROR_NOT_FOUND = 6**
A query to find an object was unsuccessful.

**NVML_ERROR_INSUFFICIENT_SIZE = 7**
An input argument is not large enough.

**NVML_ERROR_INSUFFICIENT_POWER = 8**
A device’s external power cables are not properly attached.

**NVML_ERROR_DRIVER_NOT_LOADED = 9**
NVIDIA driver is not loaded.

**NVML_ERROR_TIMEOUT = 10**
User provided timeout passed.

**NVML_ERROR_IRQ_ISSUE = 11**
NVIDIA Kernel detected an interrupt issue with a GPU.

**NVML_ERROR_LIBRARY_NOT_FOUND = 12**
NVML Shared Library couldn’t be found or loaded.

**NVML_ERROR_FUNCTION_NOT_FOUND = 13**
Local version of NVML doesn’t implement this function.
NVML_ERROR_CORRUPTED_INFOROM = 14
  infoROM is corrupted

NVML_ERROR_GPU_IS_LOST = 15
  The GPU has fallen off the bus or has otherwise become inaccessible.

NVML_ERROR_RESET_REQUIRED = 16
  The GPU requires a reset before it can be used again.

NVML_ERROR_OPERATING_SYSTEM = 17
  The GPU control device has been blocked by the operating system/cgroups.

NVML_ERROR_LIB_RM_VERSION_MISMATCH = 18
  RM detects a driver/library version mismatch.

NVML_ERROR_IN_USE = 19
  An operation cannot be performed because the GPU is currently in use.

NVML_ERROR_MEMORY = 20
  Insufficient memory.

NVML_ERROR_NO_DATA = 21
  No data.

NVML_ERROR_VGPU_ECC_NOT_SUPPORTED = 22
  The requested vgpu operation is not available on target device, because ECC is enabled.

NVML_ERROR_UNKNOWN = 999
  An internal driver error occurred.

enum nvmlMemoryLocation_t

See nvmlDeviceGetMemoryErrorCounter

Values

NVML_MEMORY_LOCATION_L1_CACHE = 0
  GPU L1 Cache.

NVML_MEMORY_LOCATION_L2_CACHE = 1
  GPU L2 Cache.

NVML_MEMORY_LOCATION_DRAM = 2
  Turing+ DRAM.

NVML_MEMORY_LOCATION_DEVICE_MEMORY = 2
  GPU Device Memory.

NVML_MEMORY_LOCATION_REGISTER_FILE = 3
  GPU Register File.

NVML_MEMORY_LOCATION_TEXTURE_MEMORY = 4
  GPU Texture Memory.

NVML_MEMORY_LOCATION_TEXTURE_SHM = 5
  Shared memory.

NVML_MEMORY_LOCATION_CBU = 6
  CBU.
NVML_MEMORY_LOCATION_SRAM = 7
Turing+ SRAM.
NVML_MEMORY_LOCATION_COUNT
This counts the number of memory locations the driver knows about.

enum nvmlPageRetirementCause_t
Causes for page retirement

Values
NVML_PAGE_RETIREMENT_CAUSE_MULTIPLE_SINGLE_BIT_ECC_ERRORS = 0
Page was retired due to multiple single bit ECC error.
NVML_PAGE_RETIREMENT_CAUSE_DOUBLE_BIT_ECC_ERROR = 1
Page was retired due to double bit ECC error.
NVML_PAGE_RETIREMENT_CAUSE_COUNT

enum nvmlRestrictedAPI_t
API types that allow changes to default permission restrictions

Values
NVML_RESTRICTED_API_SET_APPLICATION_CLOCKS = 0
APIs that change application clocks, see nvmlDeviceSetApplicationsClocks and see
nvmlDeviceResetApplicationsClocks
NVML_RESTRICTED_API_SET_AUTO_BOOSTED_CLOCKS = 1
APIs that enable/disable Auto Boosted clocks see
nvmlDeviceSetAutoBoostedClocksEnabled
NVML_RESTRICTED_API_COUNT

#define nvmlFlagDefault 0x00
Generic flag used to specify the default behavior of some functions. See description of
particular functions for details.

#define nvmlFlagForce 0x01
Generic flag used to force some behavior. See description of particular functions for
details.

#define nvmlEccBitType_t nvmlMemoryErrorType_t
ECC bit types.
Deprecated See nvmlMemoryErrorType_t for a more flexible type
#define NVML_SINGLE_BIT_ECC
NVML_MEMORY_ERROR_TYPE_CORRECTED

Single bit ECC errors
Deprecated Mapped to NVML_MEMORY_ERROR_TYPE_CORRECTED

#define NVML_DOUBLE_BIT_ECC
NVML_MEMORY_ERROR_TYPE_UNCORRECTED

Double bit ECC errors
Deprecated Mapped to NVML_MEMORY_ERROR_TYPE_UNCORRECTED

2.3. Field Value Enums

struct nvmlFieldValue_t

#define NVML_FI_DEV_ECC_CURRENT 1
Current ECC mode. 1=Active. 0=Inactive.
Field Identifiers.
All Identifiers pertain to a device. Each ID is only used once and is guaranteed never to change.

#define NVML_FI_DEV_ECC_PENDING 2
Pending ECC mode. 1=Active. 0=Inactive.

#define NVML_FI_DEV_ECC_SBE_VOL_TOTAL 3
Total single bit volatile ECC errors.

#define NVML_FI_DEV_ECC_DBE_VOL_TOTAL 4
Total double bit volatile ECC errors.

#define NVML_FI_DEV_ECC_SBE_AGG_TOTAL 5
Total single bit aggregate (persistent) ECC errors.
#define NVML_FI_DEV_ECC_DBE_AGG_TOTAL 6
Total double bit aggregate (persistent) ECC errors.

#define NVML_FI_DEV_ECC_SBE_VOL_L1 7
L1 cache single bit volatile ECC errors.

#define NVML_FI_DEV_ECC_DBE_VOL_L1 8
L1 cache double bit volatile ECC errors.

#define NVML_FI_DEV_ECC_SBE_VOL_L2 9
L2 cache single bit volatile ECC errors.

#define NVML_FI_DEV_ECC_DBE_VOL_L2 10
L2 cache double bit volatile ECC errors.

#define NVML_FI_DEV_ECC_SBE_VOL_DEV 11
Device memory single bit volatile ECC errors.

#define NVML_FI_DEV_ECC_DBE_VOL_DEV 12
Device memory double bit volatile ECC errors.

#define NVML_FI_DEV_ECC_SBE_VOL_REG 13
Register file single bit volatile ECC errors.

#define NVML_FI_DEV_ECC_DBE_VOL_REG 14
Register file double bit volatile ECC errors.

#define NVML_FI_DEV_ECC_SBE_VOL_TEX 15
Texture memory single bit volatile ECC errors.

#define NVML_FI_DEV_ECC_DBE_VOL_TEX 16
Texture memory double bit volatile ECC errors.


```c
#define NVML_FI_DEV_ECC_DBE_VOL_CBU 17
CBU double bit volatile ECC errors.

#define NVML_FI_DEV_ECC_SBE_AGG_L1 18
L1 cache single bit aggregate (persistent) ECC errors.

#define NVML_FI_DEV_ECC_DBE_AGG_L1 19
L1 cache double bit aggregate (persistent) ECC errors.

#define NVML_FI_DEV_ECC_SBE_AGG_L2 20
L2 cache single bit aggregate (persistent) ECC errors.

#define NVML_FI_DEV_ECC_DBE_AGG_L2 21
L2 cache double bit aggregate (persistent) ECC errors.

#define NVML_FI_DEV_ECC_SBE_AGG_DEV 22
Device memory single bit aggregate (persistent) ECC errors.

#define NVML_FI_DEV_ECC_DBE_AGG_DEV 23
Device memory double bit aggregate (persistent) ECC errors.

#define NVML_FI_DEV_ECC_SBE_AGG_REG 24
Register File single bit aggregate (persistent) ECC errors.

#define NVML_FI_DEV_ECC_DBE_AGG_REG 25
Register File double bit aggregate (persistent) ECC errors.

#define NVML_FI_DEV_ECC_SBE_AGG_TEX 26
Texture memory single bit aggregate (persistent) ECC errors.

#define NVML_FI_DEV_ECC_DBE_AGG_TEX 27
Texture memory double bit aggregate (persistent) ECC errors.
```
#define NVML_FI_DEV_ECC_DBE_AGG_CBU 28
CBU double bit aggregate ECC errors.

#define NVML_FI_DEV_RETIRED_SBE 29
Number of retired pages because of single bit errors.

#define NVML_FI_DEV_RETIRED_DBE 30
Number of retired pages because of double bit errors.

#define NVML_FI_DEV_RETIRED_PENDING 31
If any pages are pending retirement. 1=yes. 0=no.

#define
NVML_FI_DEV_NVLINK_CRC_FLIT_ERROR_COUNT_L0 32
NVLink flow control CRC Error Counter for Lane 0.

#define
NVML_FI_DEV_NVLINK_CRC_FLIT_ERROR_COUNT_L1 33
NVLink flow control CRC Error Counter for Lane 1.

#define
NVML_FI_DEV_NVLINK_CRC_FLIT_ERROR_COUNT_L2 34
NVLink flow control CRC Error Counter for Lane 2.

#define
NVML_FI_DEV_NVLINK_CRC_FLIT_ERROR_COUNT_L3 35
NVLink flow control CRC Error Counter for Lane 3.

#define
NVML_FI_DEV_NVLINK_CRC_FLIT_ERROR_COUNT_L4 36
NVLink flow control CRC Error Counter for Lane 4.
#define NVML_FI_DEV_NVLink_CRC_FLIT_ERROR_COUNT_L5 37
NVLink flow control CRC Error Counter for Lane 5.

#define NVML_FI_DEV_NVLink_CRC_FLIT_ERROR_COUNT_TOTAL 38
NVLink flow control CRC Error Counter total for all Lanes.

#define NVML_FI_DEV_NVLink_CRC_DATA_ERROR_COUNT_L0 39
NVLink data CRC Error Counter for Lane 0.

#define NVML_FI_DEV_NVLink_CRC_DATA_ERROR_COUNT_L1 40
NVLink data CRC Error Counter for Lane 1.

#define NVML_FI_DEV_NVLink_CRC_DATA_ERROR_COUNT_L2 41
NVLink data CRC Error Counter for Lane 2.

#define NVML_FI_DEV_NVLink_CRC_DATA_ERROR_COUNT_L3 42
NVLink data CRC Error Counter for Lane 3.

#define NVML_FI_DEV_NVLink_CRC_DATA_ERROR_COUNT_L4 43
NVLink data CRC Error Counter for Lane 4.

#define NVML_FI_DEV_NVLink_CRC_DATA_ERROR_COUNT_L5 44
NVLink data CRC Error Counter for Lane 5.
#define NVML_FI_DEV_NVLINK_CRC_DATA_ERROR_COUNT_TOTAL 45
NvLink data CRC Error Counter total for all Lanes.

#define NVML_FI_DEV_NVLINK_REPLAY_ERROR_COUNT_L0 46
NvLink Replay Error Counter for Lane 0.

#define NVML_FI_DEV_NVLINK_REPLAY_ERROR_COUNT_L1 47
NvLink Replay Error Counter for Lane 1.

#define NVML_FI_DEV_NVLINK_REPLAY_ERROR_COUNT_L2 48
NvLink Replay Error Counter for Lane 2.

#define NVML_FI_DEV_NVLINK_REPLAY_ERROR_COUNT_L3 49
NvLink Replay Error Counter for Lane 3.

#define NVML_FI_DEV_NVLINK_REPLAY_ERROR_COUNT_L4 50
NvLink Replay Error Counter for Lane 4.

#define NVML_FI_DEV_NVLINK_REPLAY_ERROR_COUNT_L5 51
NvLink Replay Error Counter for Lane 5.

#define NVML_FI_DEV_NVLINK_REPLAY_ERROR_COUNT_TOTAL 52
NvLink Replay Error Counter total for all Lanes.
#define NVML_FI_DEV_NVMLINK_RECOVERY_ERROR_COUNT_L0 53
NVLink Recovery Error Counter for Lane 0.

#define NVML_FI_DEV_NVMLINK_RECOVERY_ERROR_COUNT_L1 54
NVLink Recovery Error Counter for Lane 1.

#define NVML_FI_DEV_NVMLINK_RECOVERY_ERROR_COUNT_L2 55
NVLink Recovery Error Counter for Lane 2.

#define NVML_FI_DEV_NVMLINK_RECOVERY_ERROR_COUNT_L3 56
NVLink Recovery Error Counter for Lane 3.

#define NVML_FI_DEV_NVMLINK_RECOVERY_ERROR_COUNT_L4 57
NVLink Recovery Error Counter for Lane 4.

#define NVML_FI_DEV_NVMLINK_RECOVERY_ERROR_COUNT_L5 58
NVLink Recovery Error Counter for Lane 5.

#define NVML_FI_DEV_NVMLINK_RECOVERY_ERROR_COUNT_TOTAL 59
NVLink Recovery Error Counter total for all Lanes.

#define NVML_FI_DEV_NVMLINK_BANDWIDTH_C0_L0 60
NVLink Bandwidth Counter for Counter Set 0, Lane 0.
```c
#define NVML_FI_DEV_NVLINK_BANDWIDTH_C0_L1 61
NVLink Bandwidth Counter for Counter Set 0, Lane 1.

#define NVML_FI_DEV_NVLINK_BANDWIDTH_C0_L2 62
NVLink Bandwidth Counter for Counter Set 0, Lane 2.

#define NVML_FI_DEV_NVLINK_BANDWIDTH_C0_L3 63
NVLink Bandwidth Counter for Counter Set 0, Lane 3.

#define NVML_FI_DEV_NVLINK_BANDWIDTH_C0_L4 64
NVLink Bandwidth Counter for Counter Set 0, Lane 4.

#define NVML_FI_DEV_NVLINK_BANDWIDTH_C0_L5 65
NVLink Bandwidth Counter for Counter Set 0, Lane 5.

#define NVML_FI_DEV_NVLINK_BANDWIDTH_C0_TOTAL 66
NVLink Bandwidth Counter Total for Counter Set 0, All Lanes.

#define NVML_FI_DEV_NVLINK_BANDWIDTH_C1_L0 67
NVLink Bandwidth Counter for Counter Set 1, Lane 0.

#define NVML_FI_DEV_NVLINK_BANDWIDTH_C1_L1 68
NVLink Bandwidth Counter for Counter Set 1, Lane 1.

#define NVML_FI_DEV_NVLINK_BANDWIDTH_C1_L2 69
NVLink Bandwidth Counter for Counter Set 1, Lane 2.

#define NVML_FI_DEV_NVLINK_BANDWIDTH_C1_L3 70
NVLink Bandwidth Counter for Counter Set 1, Lane 3.

#define NVML_FI_DEV_NVLINK_BANDWIDTH_C1_L4 71
NVLink Bandwidth Counter for Counter Set 1, Lane 4.
```
#define NVML_FI_DEV_NVLINK_BANDWIDTH_C1_L5 72
NVLink Bandwidth Counter for Counter Set 1, Lane 5.

#define NVML_FI_DEV_NVLINK_BANDWIDTH_C1_TOTAL 73
NVLink Bandwidth Counter Total for Counter Set 1, All Lanes.

#define NVML_FI_DEV_PERF_POLICY_POWER 74
Perf Policy Counter for Power Policy.

#define NVML_FI_DEV_PERF_POLICY_THERMAL 75
Perf Policy Counter for Thermal Policy.

#define NVML_FI_DEV_PERF_POLICY_SYNC_BOOST 76
Perf Policy Counter for Sync boost Policy.

#define NVML_FI_DEV_PERF_POLICY_BOARD_LIMIT 77
Perf Policy Counter for Board Limit.

#define NVML_FI_DEV_PERF_POLICY_LOW_UTILIZATION 78
Perf Policy Counter for Low GPU Utilization Policy.

#define NVML_FI_DEV_PERF_POLICY_RELIABILITY 79
Perf Policy Counter for Reliability Policy.

#define NVML_FI_DEV_PERF_POLICY_TOTAL_APP_CLOCKS 80
Perf Policy Counter for Total App Clock Policy.

#define NVML_FI_DEV_PERF_POLICY_TOTAL_BASE_CLOCKS 81
Perf Policy Counter for Total Base Clocks Policy.
#define NVML_FI_DEV_MEMORY_TEMP 82
Memory temperature for the device.

#define NVML_FI_DEV_TOTAL_ENERGY_CONSUMPTION 83
Total energy consumption for the GPU in mJ since the driver was last reloaded.

#define NVML_FI_DEV_NVLINK_SPEED_Mbps_L0 84
NVLink Speed in MBps for Link 0.

#define NVML_FI_DEV_NVLINK_SPEED_Mbps_L1 85
NVLink Speed in MBps for Link 1.

#define NVML_FI_DEV_NVLINK_SPEED_Mbps_L2 86
NVLink Speed in MBps for Link 2.

#define NVML_FI_DEV_NVLINK_SPEED_Mbps_L3 87
NVLink Speed in MBps for Link 3.

#define NVML_FI_DEV_NVLINK_SPEED_Mbps_L4 88
NVLink Speed in MBps for Link 4.

#define NVML_FI_DEV_NVLINK_SPEED_Mbps_L5 89
NVLink Speed in MBps for Link 5.

#define NVML_FI_DEV_NVLINK_SPEED_Mbps_COMMON 90
Common NVLink Speed in MBps for active links.

#define NVML_FI_DEV_NVLINK_LINK_COUNT 91
Number of NVLinks present on the device.

#define NVML_FI_DEV_RETIRED_PENDING_SBE 92
If any pages are pending retirement due to SBE. 1=yes. 0=no.
```c
#define NVML_FI_DEV_RETIRED_PENDING_DBE 93
If any pages are pending retirement due to DBE. 1=yes. 0=no.
```

```c
#define NVML_FI_DEV_PCIE_REPLAY_COUNTER 94
PCIe replay counter.
```

```c
#define NVML_FI_DEV_PCIE_REPLAY_ROLLOVER_COUNTER 95
PCIe replay rollover counter.
```

```c
#define NVML_FI_MAX 96
One greater than the largest field ID defined above.
```

2.4. Unit Structs

```c
struct nvmlHwbcEntry_t
struct nvmlLedState_t
struct nvmlUnitInfo_t
struct nvmlPSUInfo_t
struct nvmlUnitFanInfo_t
struct nvmlUnitFanSpeeds_t
enum nvmlFanState_t
```

Fan state enum.

Values

```
NVML_FAN_NORMAL = 0
    Fan is working properly.
```
NVML_FAN_FAILED = 1
Fan has failed.

enum nvmlLedColor_t
Led color enum.

Values

NVML_LED_COLOR_GREEN = 0
GREEN, indicates good health.

NVML_LED_COLOR_AMBER = 1
AMBER, indicates problem.

2.5. Accounting Statistics

Set of APIs designed to provide per process information about usage of GPU.

> All accounting statistics and accounting mode live in nvidia driver and reset to default (Disabled) when driver unloads. It is advised to run with persistence mode enabled.
> Enabling accounting mode has no negative impact on the GPU performance.

struct nvmlAccountingStats_t

nvmlReturn_t nvmlDeviceGetAccountingMode(nvmlDevice_t device, nvmlEnableState_t *mode)

Parameters

device
The identifier of the target device

mode
Reference in which to return the current accounting mode

Returns

> NVML_SUCCESS if the mode has been successfully retrieved
> NVML_ERROR_UNINITIALIZED if the library has not been successfully initialized
> NVML_ERROR_INVALID_ARGUMENT if device is invalid or mode are NULL
> NVML_ERROR_NOT_SUPPORTED if the device doesn't support this feature
> NVML_ERROR_UNKNOWN on any unexpected error
Description
Queries the state of per process accounting mode.

See nvmlDeviceGetAccountingStats for more details. See
nvmlDeviceSetAccountingMode

nvmlReturn_t nvmlDeviceGetAccountingStats
(nvmlDevice_t device, unsigned int pid, nvmlAccountingStats_t *stats)

Parameters

device
  The identifier of the target device

pid
  Process Id of the target process to query stats for

stats
  Reference in which to return the process’s accounting stats

Returns
  ‣ NVML_SUCCESS if stats have been successfully retrieved
  ‣ NVML_ERROR_UNINITIALIZED if the library has not been successfully initialized
  ‣ NVML_ERROR_INVALID_ARGUMENT if device is invalid or stats are NULL
  ‣ NVML_ERROR_NOT_FOUND if process stats were not found
  ‣ NVML_ERROR_NOT_SUPPORTED if the device doesn’t support this feature or
    accounting mode is disabled
  ‣ NVML_ERROR_UNKNOWN on any unexpected error

Description
Queries process’s accounting stats.

Accounting stats capture GPU utilization and other statistics across the lifetime of a
process. Accounting stats can be queried during life time of the process and after its
termination. The time field in nvmlAccountingStats_t is reported as 0 during the lifetime
of the process and updated to actual running time after its termination. Accounting stats
are kept in a circular buffer, newly created processes overwrite information about old
processes.
See `nvmlAccountingStats_t` for description of each returned metric. List of processes that can be queried can be retrieved from `nvmlDeviceGetAccountingPids`.

- Accounting Mode needs to be on. See `nvmlDeviceGetAccountingMode`.
- Only compute and graphics applications stats can be queried. Monitoring applications stats can't be queried since they don't contribute to GPU utilization.
- In case of pid collision stats of only the latest process (that terminated last) will be reported.

See also:

`nvmlDeviceGetAccountingBufferSize`

```
nvmlReturn_t nvmlDeviceGetAccountingPids
(nvmlDevice_t device, unsigned int *count, unsigned int *pids)
```

**Parameters**

- **device**
  The identifier of the target device
- **count**
  Reference in which to provide the pids array size, and to return the number of elements ready to be queried
- **pids**
  Reference in which to return list of process ids

**Returns**

- NVML_SUCCESS if pids were successfully retrieved
- NVML_ERROR_UNINITIALIZED if the library has not been successfully initialized
- NVML_ERROR_INVALID_ARGUMENT if device is invalid or count is NULL
- NVML_ERROR_NOT_SUPPORTED if the device doesn't support this feature or accounting mode is disabled
- NVML_ERROR_INSUFFICIENT_SIZE if count is too small (count is set to expected value)
- NVML_ERROR_UNKNOWN on any unexpected error

**Description**

Queries list of processes that can be queried for accounting stats. The list of processes returned can be in running or terminated state.
KEPLER_OR_NEWER%

To just query the number of processes ready to be queried, call this function with \*count = 0 and pids=NULL. The return code will be NVML_ERROR_INSUFFICIENT_SIZE, or NVML_SUCCESS if list is empty.

For more details see `nvmlDeviceGetAccountingStats`.

In case of PID collision some processes might not be accessible before the circular buffer is full.

See also:

`nvmlDeviceGetAccountingBufferSize`

**`nvmlReturn_t nvmlDeviceGetAccountingBufferSize`**

**Parameters**

`device`

The identifier of the target device

`bufferSize`

Reference in which to provide the size (in number of elements) of the circular buffer for accounting stats.

**Returns**

- NVML_SUCCESS if buffer size was successfully retrieved
- NVML_ERROR_UNINITIALIZED if the library has not been successfully initialized
- NVML_ERROR_INVALID_ARGUMENT if device is invalid or bufferSize is NULL
- NVML_ERROR_NOT_SUPPORTED if the device doesn’t support this feature or accounting mode is disabled
- NVML_ERROR_UNKNOWN on any unexpected error

**Description**

Returns the number of processes that the circular buffer with accounting pids can hold.

KEPLER_OR_NEWER%

This is the maximum number of processes that accounting information will be stored for before information about oldest processes will get overwritten by information about new processes.
nvmlReturn_t nvmlDeviceSetAccountingMode (nvmlDevice_t device, nvmlEnableState_t mode)

Parameters
device
The identifier of the target device
mode
The target accounting mode

Returns
• NVML_SUCCESS if the new mode has been set
• NVML_ERROR_UNINITIALIZED if the library has not been successfully initialized
• NVML_ERROR_INVALID_ARGUMENT if device or mode are invalid
• NVML_ERROR_NOT_SUPPORTED if the device doesn't support this feature
• NVML_ERROR_NO_PERMISSION if the user doesn't have permission to perform this operation
• NVML_ERROR_UNKNOWN on any unexpected error

Description
Enables or disables per process accounting.

KEPLER_OR_NEWER% Requires root/admin permissions.

This setting is not persistent and will default to disabled after driver unloads. Enable persistence mode to be sure the setting doesn't switch off to disabled.
• Enabling accounting mode has no negative impact on the GPU performance.
• Disabling accounting clears all accounting pids information.

See nvmlDeviceGetAccountingMode See nvmlDeviceGetAccountingStats See nvmlDeviceClearAccountingPids
nvmlReturn_t nvmlDeviceClearAccountingPids (nvmlDevice_t device)

Parameters

device
   The identifier of the target device

Returns

- NVML_SUCCESS if accounting information has been cleared
- NVML_ERROR_UNINITIALIZED if the library has not been successfully initialized
- NVML_ERROR_INVALID_ARGUMENT if device are invalid
- NVML_ERROR_NOT_SUPPORTED if the device doesn’t support this feature
- NVML_ERROR_NO_PERMISSION if the user doesn't have permission to perform this operation
- NVML_ERROR_UNKNOWN on any unexpected error

Description

Clears accounting information about all processes that have already terminated.
KEPLER_OR_NEWER% Requires root/admin permissions.
See nvmlDeviceGetAccountingMode See nvmlDeviceGetAccountingStats See nvmlDeviceSetAccountingMode

2.6. Encoder Structs

struct nvmlEncoderSessionInfo_t

enum nvmlEncoderType_t

Represents type of encoder for capacity can be queried

Values

NVML_ENCODER_QUERY_H264 = 0
   H264 encoder.
NVML_ENCODER_QUERY_HEVC = 1
   HEVC encoder.
2.7. Frame Buffer Capture Structures

struct nvmlFBCStats_t

struct nvmlFBCSessionInfo_t

enum nvmlFBCSessionType_t

Represents frame buffer capture session type

Values

NVML_FBC_SESSION_TYPE_UNKNOWN = 0
Unknwon.
NVML_FBC_SESSION_TYPE_TOSYS
ToSys.
NVML_FBC_SESSION_TYPE_CUDA
Cuda.
NVML_FBC_SESSION_TYPE_VID
Vid.
NVML_FBC_SESSION_TYPE_HWENC
HEnc.

#define NVML_NVFBC_SESSION_FLAG_DIFFMAP_ENABLED
0x00000001
Bit specifying differential map state.

#define NVML_NVFBC_SESSION_FLAG_CLASSIFICATIONMAP_ENABLED
0x00000002
Bit specifying classification map state.

#define NVML_NVFBC_SESSION_FLAG_CAPTURE_WITH_WAIT_NO_WAIT
0x00000004
Bit specifying if capture was requested as non-blocking call.
#define
NVML_NVFBC_SESSION_FLAG_CAPTURE_WITH_WAIT_INFINITE 0x00000008
Bit specifying if capture was requested as blocking call.

#define
NVML_NVFBC_SESSION_FLAG_CAPTURE_WITH_WAIT_TIMEOUT 0x00000010
Bit specifying if capture was requested as blocking call with timeout period.

2.8. definitions related to the drain state

enum nvmlDetachGpuState_t
Is the GPU device to be removed from the kernel by nvmlDeviceRemoveGpu()

Values
NVML_DETACH_GPU_KEEP = 0
NVML_DETACH_GPU_REMOVE

enum nvmlPcieLinkState_t
Parent bridge PCIe link state requested by nvmlDeviceRemoveGpu()

Values
NVML_PCIE_LINK_KEEP = 0
NVML_PCIE_LINK_SHUT_DOWN

2.9. Initialization and Cleanup

This chapter describes the methods that handle NVML initialization and cleanup. It is the user's responsibility to call nvmlInit() before calling any other methods, and nvmlShutdown() once NVML is no longer being used.
nvmlReturn_t nvmlInit (void)

Returns

- NVML_SUCCESS if NVML has been properly initialized
- NVML_ERROR_DRIVER_NOT_LOADED if NVIDIA driver is not running
- NVML_ERROR_NO_PERMISSION if NVML does not have permission to talk to the driver
- NVML_ERROR_UNKNOWN on any unexpected error

Description

Initialize NVML, but don't initialize any GPUs yet.

- nvmlInit_v3 introduces a “flags” argument, that allows passing boolean values modifying the behaviour of nvmlInit().
- In NVML 5.319 new nvmlInit_v2 has replaced nvmlInit_v1” (default in NVML 4.304 and older) that did initialize all GPU devices in the system.

This allows NVML to communicate with a GPU when other GPUs in the system are unstable or in a bad state. When using this API, GPUs are discovered and initialized in nvmlDeviceGetHandleBy* functions instead.

To contrast nvmlInit_v2 with nvmlInit_v1”, NVML 4.304 nvmlInit_v1” will fail when any detected GPU is in a bad or unstable state.

ALL_PRODUCTS%

This method, should be called once before invoking any other methods in the library. A reference count of the number of initializations is maintained. Shutdown only occurs when the reference count reaches zero.

nvmlReturn_t nvmlInitWithFlags (unsigned int flags)

Parameters

flags
  behaviour modifier flags

Returns

- NVML_SUCCESS if NVML has been properly initialized
- NVML_ERROR_DRIVER_NOT_LOADED if NVIDIA driver is not running
• NVML_ERROR_NO_PERMISSION if NVML does not have permission to talk to the driver
• NVML_ERROR_UNKNOWN on any unexpected error

Description

nvmlInitWithFlags is a variant of nvmlInit(), that allows passing a set of boolean values modifying the behaviour of nvmlInit(). Other than the "flags" parameter it is completely similar to nvmlInit.

nvmlReturn_t nvmlShutdown (void)

Returns

• NVML_SUCCESS if NVML has been properly shut down
• NVML_ERROR_UNINITIALIZED if the library has not been successfully initialized
• NVML_ERROR_UNKNOWN on any unexpected error

Description

Shut down NVML by releasing all GPU resources previously allocated with nvmlInit().

This method should be called after NVML work is done, once for each call to nvmlInit(). A reference count of the number of initializations is maintained. Shutdown only occurs when the reference count reaches zero. For backwards compatibility, no error is reported if nvmlShutdown() is called more times than nvmlInit().

#define NVML_INIT_FLAG_NO_GPUS 1
Don’t fail nvmlInit() when no GPUs are found.

#define NVML_INIT_FLAG_NO_ATTACH 2
Don’t attach GPUs.

2.10. Error reporting

This chapter describes helper functions for error reporting routines.
const DECLDIR char *nvmlErrorString (nvmlReturn_t result)

Parameters
result
    NVML error code to convert

Returns
String representation of the error.

Description
Helper method for converting NVML error codes into readable strings.

2.11. Constants

#define NVML_DEVICE_INFOROM_VERSION_BUFFER_SIZE 16
Buffer size guaranteed to be large enough for nvmlDeviceGetInforomVersion and nvmlDeviceGetInforomImageVersion

#define NVML_DEVICE_UUID_BUFFER_SIZE 80
Buffer size guaranteed to be large enough for nvmlDeviceGetUUID

#define NVML_DEVICE_PART_NUMBER_BUFFER_SIZE 80
Buffer size guaranteed to be large enough for nvmlDeviceGetBoardPartNumber

#define NVML_SYSTEM_DRIVER_VERSION_BUFFER_SIZE 80
Buffer size guaranteed to be large enough for nvmlSystemGetDriverVersion

#define NVML_SYSTEM_NVML_VERSION_BUFFER_SIZE 80
Buffer size guaranteed to be large enough for nvmlSystemGetNVMLVersion
#define NVMLDEVICE_NAME_BUFFER_SIZE 64
Buffer size guaranteed to be large enough for `nvmlDeviceGetName`

#define NVMLDEVICE_SERIAL_BUFFER_SIZE 30
Buffer size guaranteed to be large enough for `nvmlDeviceGetSerial`

#define NVMLDEVICE_VBIOS_VERSION_BUFFER_SIZE 32
Buffer size guaranteed to be large enough for `nvmlDeviceGetVbiosVersion`

2.12. System Queries

This chapter describes the queries that NVML can perform against the local system. These queries are not device-specific.

`nvmlReturn_t nvmlSystemGetDriverVersion (char *version, unsigned int length)`

Parameters

version
Reference in which to return the version identifier

length
The maximum allowed length of the string returned in version

Returns

- NVML_SUCCESS if version has been set
- NVML_ERROR_UNINITIALIZED if the library has not been successfully initialized
- NVML_ERROR_INVALID_ARGUMENT if version is NULL
- NVML_ERROR_INSUFFICIENT_SIZE if length is too small

Description

Retrieves the version of the system’s graphics driver.

The version identifier is an alphanumeric string. It will not exceed 80 characters in length (including the NULL terminator). See `nvmlConstants::NVML_SYSTEM_DRIVER_VERSION_BUFFER_SIZE`. 
nvmlReturn_t nvmlSystemGetNVMLVersion (char *version, unsigned int length)

Parameters

version
  Reference in which to return the version identifier

length
  The maximum allowed length of the string returned in version

Returns

- NVML_SUCCESS if version has been set
- NVML_ERROR_INVALID_ARGUMENT if version is NULL
- NVML_ERROR_INSUFFICIENT_SIZE if length is too small

Description

Retrieves the version of the NVML library.

ALL_PRODUCTS%

The version identifier is an alphanumeric string. It will not exceed 80 characters in length (including the NULL terminator). See nvmlConstants::NVML_SYSTEM_NVML_VERSION_BUFFER_SIZE.

nvmlReturn_t nvmlSystemGetCudaDriverVersion (int *cudaDriverVersion)

Parameters

cudaDriverVersion
  Reference in which to return the version identifier

Returns

- NVML_SUCCESS if cudaDriverVersion has been set
- NVML_ERROR_INVALID_ARGUMENT if cudaDriverVersion is NULL

Description

Retrieves the version of the CUDA driver.

ALL_PRODUCTS%
The CUDA driver version returned will be retrieved from the currently installed version of CUDA. If the cuda library is not found, this function will return a known supported version number.

```
nvmlReturn_t nvmlSystemGetCudaDriverVersion_v2 (int *cudaDriverVersion)
```

**Parameters**

- **cudaDriverVersion**
  Reference in which to return the version identifier

**Returns**

- NVML_SUCCESS if cudaDriverVersion has been set
- NVML_ERROR_INVALID_ARGUMENT if cudaDriverVersion is NULL
- NVML_ERROR_LIBRARY_NOT_FOUND if libcuda.so.1 or libcuda.dll is not found
- NVML_ERROR_FUNCTION_NOT_FOUND if cuDriverGetVersion() is not found in the shared library

**Description**

Retrieves the version of the CUDA driver from the shared library.

```
ALL_PRODUCTS%
```

The returned CUDA driver version by calling cuDriverGetVersion()

```
nvmlReturn_t nvmlSystemGetProcessName (unsigned int pid, char *name, unsigned int length)
```

**Parameters**

- **pid**
  The identifier of the process
- **name**
  Reference in which to return the process name
- **length**
  The maximum allowed length of the string returned in name

**Returns**

- NVML_SUCCESS if name has been set
- NVML_ERROR_UNINITIALIZED if the library has not been successfully initialized
Description
Gets name of the process with provided process id

ALL_PRODUCTS%

Returned process name is cropped to provided length. Name string is encoded in ANSI.

#define NVML_CUDA_DRIVER_VERSION_MAJOR
((v)/1000)

Macros for converting the CUDA driver version number to Major and Minor version numbers.

2.13. Unit Queries
This chapter describes that queries that NVML can perform against each unit. For S-class systems only. In each case the device is identified with an nvmlUnit_t handle. This handle is obtained by calling nvmlUnitGetHandleByIndex().

nvmlReturn_t nvmlUnitGetCount (unsigned int *unitCount)

Parameters
unitCount
  Reference in which to return the number of units

Returns
  • NVML_SUCCESS if unitCount has been set
  • NVML_ERROR_UNINITIALIZED if the library has not been successfully initialized
  • NVML_ERROR_INVALID_ARGUMENT if unitCount is NULL
  • NVML_ERROR_UNKNOWN on any unexpected error

Description
Retrieves the number of units in the system.
### nvmlReturn_t nvmlUnitGetHandleByIndex (unsigned int index, nvmlUnit_t *unit)

**Parameters**

- **index**
  The index of the target unit, >= 0 and < unitCount

- **unit**
  Reference in which to return the unit handle

**Returns**

- NVML_SUCCESS if unit has been set
- NVML_ERROR_UNINITIALIZED if the library has not been successfully initialized
- NVML_ERROR_INVALID_ARGUMENT if index is invalid or unit is NULL
- NVML_ERROR_UNKNOWN on any unexpected error

**Description**

Acquire the handle for a particular unit, based on its index.

Valid indices are derived from the unitCount returned by `nvmlUnitGetCount()`. For example, if unitCount is 2 the valid indices are 0 and 1, corresponding to UNIT 0 and UNIT 1.

The order in which NVML enumerates units has no guarantees of consistency between reboots.

### nvmlReturn_t nvmlUnitGetUnitInfo (nvmlUnit_t unit, nvmlUnitInfo_t *info)

**Parameters**

- **unit**
  The identifier of the target unit

- **info**
  Reference in which to return the unit information

**Returns**

- NVML_SUCCESS if info has been populated
- NVML_ERROR_UNINITIALIZED if the library has not been successfully initialized
- NVML_ERROR_INVALID_ARGUMENT if unit is invalid or info is NULL

**Description**

Retrieves the static information associated with a unit.

S_CLASS%

See `nvmlUnitInfo_t` for details on available unit info.

```
nvmlReturn_t nvmlUnitGetLedState (nvmlUnit_t unit, nvmlLedState_t *state)
```

**Parameters**

- **unit**
  The identifier of the target unit
- **state**
  Reference in which to return the current LED state

**Returns**

- NVML_SUCCESS if state has been set
- NVML_ERROR_UNINITIALIZED if the library has not been successfully initialized
- NVML_ERROR_INVALID_ARGUMENT if unit is invalid or state is NULL
- NVML_ERROR_NOT_SUPPORTED if this is not an S-class product
- NVML_ERROR_UNKNOWN on any unexpected error

**Description**

Retrieves the LED state associated with this unit.

S_CLASS%

See `nvmlLedState_t` for details on allowed states.

**See also:**

`nvmlUnitSetLedState()`
nvmlReturn_t nvmlUnitGetPsuInfo (nvmlUnit_t unit, nvmlPSUInfo_t *psu)

Parameters

unit
The identifier of the target unit

psu
Reference in which to return the PSU information

Returns

- NVML_SUCCESS if psu has been populated
- NVML_ERROR_UNINITIALIZED if the library has not been successfully initialized
- NVML_ERROR_INVALID_ARGUMENT if unit is invalid or psu is NULL
- NVML_ERROR_NOT_SUPPORTED if this is not an S-class product
- NVML_ERROR_UNKNOWN on any unexpected error

Description

Retrieves the PSU stats for the unit.

S_CLASS%

See nvmlPSUInfo_t for details on available PSU info.

nvmlReturn_t nvmlUnitGetTemperature (nvmlUnit_t unit, unsigned int type, unsigned int *temp)

Parameters

unit
The identifier of the target unit

type
The type of reading to take

temp
Reference in which to return the intake temperature

Returns

- NVML_SUCCESS if temp has been populated
- NVML_ERROR_UNINITIALIZED if the library has not been successfully initialized
- NVML_ERROR_INVALID_ARGUMENT if unit or type is invalid or temp is NULL
- NVML_ERROR_NOT_SUPPORTED if this is not an S-class product
• NVML_ERROR_UNKNOWN on any unexpected error

Description
Retrieves the temperature readings for the unit, in degrees C.

S_CLASS%
Depending on the product, readings may be available for intake (type=0), exhaust (type=1) and board (type=2).

\texttt{nvmlReturn\_t nvmlUnitGetFanSpeedInfo (nvmlUnit\_t unit, nvmlUnitFanSpeeds\_t *fanSpeeds)}

Parameters
\begin{itemize}
  \item \texttt{unit} \hspace{1cm} The identifier of the target unit
  \item \texttt{fanSpeeds} \hspace{1cm} Reference in which to return the fan speed information
\end{itemize}

Returns
• NVML_SUCCESS if fanSpeeds has been populated
• NVML_ERROR_UNINITIALIZED if the library has not been successfully initialized
• NVML_ERROR_INVALID_ARGUMENT if unit is invalid or fanSpeeds is NULL
• NVML_ERROR_NOT_SUPPORTED if this is not an S-class product
• NVML_ERROR_UNKNOWN on any unexpected error

Description
Retrieves the fan speed readings for the unit.

S_CLASS%
See \texttt{nvmlUnitFanSpeeds\_t} for details on available fan speed info.

\texttt{nvmlReturn\_t nvmlUnitGetDevices (nvmlUnit\_t unit, unsigned int *deviceCount, nvmlDevice\_t *devices)}

Parameters
\begin{itemize}
  \item \texttt{unit} \hspace{1cm} The identifier of the target unit
\end{itemize}
deviceCount
Reference in which to provide the devices array size, and to return the number of attached GPU devices

devices
Reference in which to return the references to the attached GPU devices

Returns
- NVML_SUCCESS if deviceCount and devices have been populated
- NVML_ERROR_UNINITIALIZED if the library has not been successfully initialized
- NVML_ERROR_INSUFFICIENT_SIZE if deviceCount indicates that the devices array is too small
- NVML_ERROR_INVALID_ARGUMENT if unit is invalid, either of deviceCount or devices is NULL
- NVML_ERROR_UNKNOWN on any unexpected error

Description
Retrieves the set of GPU devices that are attached to the specified unit.

S_CLASS%
The deviceCount argument is expected to be set to the size of the input devices array.

nvmlReturn_t nvmlSystemGetHicVersion (unsigned int *hwbcCount, nvmlHwbcEntry_t *hwbcEntries)

Parameters

hwbcCount
Size of hwbcEntries array

hwbcEntries
Array holding information about hwbc

Returns
- NVML_SUCCESS if hwbcCount and hwbcEntries have been populated
- NVML_ERROR_UNINITIALIZED if the library has not been successfully initialized
- NVML_ERROR_INVALID_ARGUMENT if either hwbcCount or hwbcEntries is NULL
- NVML_ERROR_INSUFFICIENT_SIZE if hwbcCount indicates that the hwbcEntries array is too small
Description
Retrieves the IDs and firmware versions for any Host Interface Cards (HICs) in the system.

S_CLASS%

The hwbcCount argument is expected to be set to the size of the input hwbcEntries array. The HIC must be connected to an S-class system for it to be reported by this function.

2.14. Device Queries

This chapter describes that queries that NVML can perform against each device. In each case the device is identified with an nvmlDevice_t handle. This handle is obtained by calling one of nvmlDeviceGetHandleByIndex(), nvmlDeviceGetHandleBySerial(), nvmlDeviceGetHandleByPciBusId(), or nvmlDeviceGetHandleByUUID().

\[
\text{nvmiReturn_t nvmlDeviceGetCount (unsigned int *deviceCount)}
\]

Parameters

deviceCount
Reference in which to return the number of accessible devices

Returns

- NVML_SUCCESS if deviceCount has been set
- NVML_ERROR_UNINITIALIZED if the library has not been successfully initialized
- NVML_ERROR_INVALID_ARGUMENT if deviceCount is NULL
- NVML_ERROR_UNKNOWN on any unexpected error

Description

Retrieves the number of compute devices in the system. A compute device is a single GPU.

ALL_PRODUCTS%

Note: New nvmlDeviceGetCount_v2 (default in NVML 5.319) returns count of all devices in the system even if nvmlDeviceGetHandleByIndex_v2 returns NVML_ERROR_NO_PERMISSION for such device. Update your code to handle this error, or use NVML 4.304 or older nvml header file. For backward binary compatibility
reasons _v1 version of the API is still present in the shared library. Old _v1 version of nvmlDeviceGetCount doesn't count devices that NVML has no permission to talk to.

nvmlReturn_t nvmlDeviceGetHandleByIndex (unsigned int index, nvmlDevice_t *device)

Parameters

index
The index of the target GPU, >= 0 and < accessibleDevices

device
Reference in which to return the device handle

Returns

- NVML_SUCCESS if device has been set
- NVML_ERROR_UNINITIALIZED if the library has not been successfully initialized
- NVML_ERROR_INVALID_ARGUMENT if index is invalid or device is NULL
- NVML_ERROR_INSUFFICIENT_POWER if any attached devices have improperly attached external power cables
- NVML_ERROR_NO_PERMISSION if the user doesn't have permission to talk to this device
- NVML_ERROR_IRQ_ISSUE if NVIDIA kernel detected an interrupt issue with the attached GPUs
- NVML_ERROR_GPU_IS_LOST if the target GPU has fallen off the bus or is otherwise inaccessible
- NVML_ERROR_UNKNOWN on any unexpected error

Description

Acquire the handle for a particular device, based on its index.

ALL_PRODUCTS%

Valid indices are derived from the accessibleDevices count returned by nvmlDeviceGetCount(). For example, if accessibleDevices is 2 the valid indices are 0 and 1, corresponding to GPU 0 and GPU 1.

The order in which NVML enumerates devices has no guarantees of consistency between reboots. For that reason it is recommended that devices be looked up by their PCI ids or UUID. See nvmlDeviceGetHandleByUUID() and nvmlDeviceGetHandleByPciBusId().

Note: The NVML index may not correlate with other APIs, such as the CUDA device index.
Starting from NVML 5, this API causes NVML to initialize the target GPU NVML may initialize additional GPUs if:

- The target GPU is an SLI slave

Note: New nvmlDeviceGetCount_v2 (default in NVML 5.319) returns count of all devices in the system even if nvmlDeviceGetHandleByIndex_v2 returns NVML_ERROR_NO_PERMISSION for such device. Update your code to handle this error, or use NVML 4.304 or older nvml header file. For backward binary compatibility reasons _v1 version of the API is still present in the shared library. Old _v1 version of nvmlDeviceGetCount doesn’t count devices that NVML has no permission to talk to. This means that nvmlDeviceGetHandleByIndex_v2 and _v1 can return different devices for the same index. If you don’t touch macros that map old (_v1) versions to _v2 versions at the top of the file you don’t need to worry about that.

See also:

nvmlDeviceGetIndex
nvmlDeviceGetCount

`nvmlReturn_t nvmlDeviceGetHandleBySerial (const char *serial, nvmlDevice_t *device)`

Parameters

serial
- The board serial number of the target GPU

device
- Reference in which to return the device handle

Returns

- NVML_SUCCESS if device has been set
- NVML_ERROR_UNINITIALIZED if the library has not been successfully initialized
- NVML_ERROR_INVALID_ARGUMENT if serial is invalid, device is NULL or more than one device has the same serial (dual GPU boards)
- NVML_ERROR_NOT_FOUND if serial does not match a valid device on the system
- NVML_ERROR_INSUFFICIENT_POWER if any attached devices have improperly attached external power cables
- NVML_ERROR_IRQ_ISSUE if NVIDIA kernel detected an interrupt issue with the attached GPUs
- NVML_ERROR_GPU_IS_LOST if any GPU has fallen off the bus or is otherwise inaccessible
NVML_ERROR_UNKNOWN on any unexpected error

**Description**

Acquire the handle for a particular device, based on its board serial number.

FERMI_OR_NEWER%

This number corresponds to the value printed directly on the board, and to the value returned by `nvmlDeviceGetSerial()`.

**Deprecated** Since more than one GPU can exist on a single board this function is deprecated in favor of `nvmlDeviceGetHandleByUUID`. For dual GPU boards this function will return NVML_ERROR_INVALID_ARGUMENT.

Starting from NVML 5, this API causes NVML to initialize the target GPU NVML may initialize additional GPUs as it searches for the target GPU.

**See also:**
- `nvmlDeviceGetSerial`
- `nvmlDeviceGetHandleByUUID`

```c
nvmlReturn_t nvmlDeviceGetHandleByUUID (const char *uuid, nvmlDevice_t *device)
```

**Parameters**

- **uuid**
  - The UUID of the target GPU
- **device**
  - Reference in which to return the device handle

**Returns**

- NVML_SUCCESS if device has been set
- NVML_ERROR_UNINITIALIZED if the library has not been successfully initialized
- NVML_ERROR_INVALID_ARGUMENT if `uuid` is invalid or `device` is null
- NVML_ERROR_NOT_FOUND if `uuid` does not match a valid device on the system
- NVML_ERROR_INSUFFICIENT_POWER if any attached devices have improperly attached external power cables
- NVML_ERROR_IRQ_ISSUE if NVIDIA kernel detected an interrupt issue with the attached GPUs
- NVML_ERROR_GPU_IS_LOST if any GPU has fallen off the bus or is otherwise inaccessible
- NVML_ERROR_UNKNOWN on any unexpected error
Description
Acquire the handle for a particular device, based on its globally unique immutable UUID associated with each device.

All PRODUCTS%

Starting from NVML 5, this API causes NVML to initialize the target GPU NVML may initialize additional GPUs as it searches for the target GPU

See also:
nvmlDeviceGetUUID

nvmlReturn_t nvmlDeviceGetHandleByPciBusId (const char *pciBusId, nvmlDevice_t *device)

Parameters
pciBusId
   The PCI bus id of the target GPU
device
   Reference in which to return the device handle

Returns
- NVML_SUCCESS if device has been set
- NVML_ERROR_UNINITIALIZED if the library has not been successfully initialized
- NVML_ERROR_INVALID_ARGUMENT if pciBusId is invalid or device is NULL
- NVML_ERROR_NOT_FOUND if pciBusId does not match a valid device on the system
- NVML_ERROR_INSUFFICIENT_POWER if the attached device has improperly attached external power cables
- NVML_ERROR_NO_PERMISSION if the user doesn’t have permission to talk to this device
- NVML_ERROR_IRQ_ISSUE if NVIDIA kernel detected an interrupt issue with the attached GPUs
- NVML_ERROR_GPU_IS_LOST if the target GPU has fallen off the bus or is otherwise inaccessible
- NVML_ERROR_UNKNOWN on any unexpected error

Description
Acquire the handle for a particular device, based on its PCI bus id.

All PRODUCTS%
This value corresponds to the `nvmlPciInfo_t::busId` returned by `nvmlDeviceGetPciInfo()`. Starting from NVML 5, this API causes NVML to initialize the target GPU NVML may initialize additional GPUs if:

- The target GPU is an SLI slave

---

**nvmlReturn_t nvmlDeviceGetName (nvmlDevice_t device, char *name, unsigned int length)**

**Parameters**

- **device**
  The identifier of the target device
- **name**
  Reference in which to return the product name
- **length**
  The maximum allowed length of the string returned in name

**Returns**

- NVML_SUCCESS if name has been set
- NVML_ERROR_UNINITIALIZED if the library has not been successfully initialized
- NVML_ERROR_INVALID_ARGUMENT if device is invalid, or name is NULL
- NVML_ERROR_INSUFFICIENT_SIZE if length is too small
- NVML_ERROR_GPU_IS_LOST if the target GPU has fallen off the bus or is otherwise inaccessible
- NVML_ERROR_UNKNOWN on any unexpected error

**Description**

Retrieves the name of this device.

ALL_PRODUCTS%

The name is an alphanumeric string that denotes a particular product, e.g. Tesla C2070. It will not exceed 64 characters in length (including the NULL terminator). See `nvmlConstants::NVML_DEVICE_NAME_BUFFER_SIZE`.
nvmlReturn_t nvmlDeviceGetBrand (nvmlDevice_t device, nvmlBrandType_t *type)

**Parameters**

device  
The identifier of the target device

**Returns**

- NVML_SUCCESS if name has been set
- NVML_ERROR_UNINITIALIZED if the library has not been successfully initialized
- NVML_ERROR_INVALID_ARGUMENT if device is invalid, or type is NULL
- NVML_ERROR_GPU_IS_LOST if the target GPU has fallen off the bus or is otherwise inaccessible
- NVML_ERROR_UNKNOWN on any unexpected error

**Description**

Retrieves the brand of this device.

ALL_PRODUCTS%

The type is a member of `nvmlBrandType_t` defined above.

---

nvmlReturn_t nvmlDeviceGetIndex (nvmlDevice_t device, unsigned int *index)

**Parameters**

device  
The identifier of the target device

index  
Reference in which to return the NVML index of the device

**Returns**

- NVML_SUCCESS if index has been set
- NVML_ERROR_UNINITIALIZED if the library has not been successfully initialized
- NVML_ERROR_INVALID_ARGUMENT if device is invalid, or index is NULL
- NVML_ERROR_GPU_IS_LOST if the target GPU has fallen off the bus or is otherwise inaccessible
**Description**
Retrieves the NVML index of this device.

**ALL PRODUCTS**
Valid indices are derived from the accessibleDevices count returned by `nvmlDeviceGetCount()`. For example, if accessibleDevices is 2 the valid indices are 0 and 1, corresponding to GPU 0 and GPU 1.

The order in which NVML enumerates devices has no guarantees of consistency between reboots. For that reason it is recommended that devices be looked up by their PCI ids or GPU UUID. See `nvmlDeviceGetHandleByPciBusId()` and `nvmlDeviceGetHandleByUUID()`.

Note: The NVML index may not correlate with other APIs, such as the CUDA device index.

**See also:**
- `nvmlDeviceGetHandleByIndex()`
- `nvmlDeviceGetCount()`
- `nvmlReturn_t nvmlDeviceGetSerial (nvmlDevice_t device, char *serial, unsigned int length)`

**Parameters**
- **device**
  - The identifier of the target device
- **serial**
  - Reference in which to return the board/module serial number
- **length**
  - The maximum allowed length of the string returned in serial

**Returns**
- **NVML_SUCCESS** if serial has been set
- **NVML_ERROR_UNINITIALIZED** if the library has not been successfully initialized
- **NVML_ERROR_INVALID_ARGUMENT** if device is invalid, or serial is NULL
- **NVML_ERROR_INSUFFICIENT_SIZE** if length is too small
- **NVML_ERROR_NOT_SUPPORTED** if the device does not support this feature
- **NVML_ERROR_GPU_IS_LOST** if the target GPU has fallen off the bus or is otherwise inaccessible
• NVML_ERROR_UNKNOWN on any unexpected error

**Description**
Retrieves the globally unique board serial number associated with this device's board.

INFOROM_SUPPORT%

The serial number is an alphanumeric string that will not exceed 30 characters (including the NULL terminator). This number matches the serial number tag that is physically attached to the board. See `nvmlConstants::NVML_DEVICE_SERIAL_BUFFER_SIZE`.

```c
nvmlReturn_t nvmlDeviceGetCpuAffinity (nvmlDevice_t device, unsigned int cpuSetSize, unsigned long *cpuSet)
```

**Parameters**
- `device`  
  The identifier of the target device
- `cpuSetSize`  
  The size of the `cpuSet` array that is safe to access
- `cpuSet`  
  Array reference in which to return a bitmask of CPUs, 64 CPUs per unsigned long on 64-bit machines, 32 on 32-bit machines

**Returns**
- NVML_SUCCESS if `cpuAffinity` has been filled
- NVML_ERROR_UNINITIALIZED if the library has not been successfully initialized
- NVML_ERROR_INVALID_ARGUMENT if device is invalid, `cpuSetSize` == 0, or `cpuSet` is NULL
- NVML_ERROR_NOT_SUPPORTED if the device does not support this feature
- NVML_ERROR_GPU_IS_LOST if the target GPU has fallen off the bus or is otherwise inaccessible
- NVML_ERROR_UNKNOWN on any unexpected error

**Description**
Retrieves an array of unsigned ints (sized to `cpuSetSize`) of bitmasks with the ideal CPU affinity for the device. For example, if processors 0, 1, 32, and 33 are ideal for the device and `cpuSetSize` == 2, `result[0] = 0x3`, `result[1] = 0x3`

KEPLER_OR_NEWER%Supported on Linux only.
nvmlReturn_t nvmlDeviceSetCpuAffinity (nvmlDevice_t device)

Parameters

device
   The identifier of the target device

Returns

‣ NVML_SUCCESS if the calling process has been successfully bound
‣ NVML_ERROR_UNINITIALIZED if the library has not been successfully initialized
‣ NVML_ERROR_INVALID_ARGUMENT if device is invalid
‣ NVML_ERROR_NOT_SUPPORTED if the device does not support this feature
‣ NVML_ERROR_GPU_IS_LOST if the target GPU has fallen off the bus or is otherwise inaccessible
‣ NVML_ERROR_UNKNOWN on any unexpected error

Description

Sets the ideal affinity for the calling thread and device using the guidelines given in nvmlDeviceGetCpuAffinity(). Note, this is a change as of version 8.0. Older versions set the affinity for a calling process and all children. Currently supports up to 64 processors.

KEPLER_OR_NEWER% Supported on Linux only.

nvmlReturn_t nvmlDeviceClearCpuAffinity (nvmlDevice_t device)

Parameters

device
   The identifier of the target device

Returns

‣ NVML_SUCCESS if the calling process has been successfully unbound
‣ NVML_ERROR_INVALID_ARGUMENT if device is invalid
‣ NVML_ERROR_UNINITIALIZED if the library has not been successfully initialized
‣ NVML_ERROR_UNKNOWN on any unexpected error
Description
Clear all affinity bindings for the calling thread. Note, this is a change as of version 8.0 as older versions cleared the affinity for a calling process and all children.
KEPLER_OR_NEWER% Supported on Linux only.

nvmlReturn_t nvmlDeviceGetTopologyCommonAncestor(nvmlDevice_t device1, nvmlDevice_t device2, nvmlGpuTopologyLevel_t *pathInfo)

Parameters
device1
  The identifier of the first device
device2
  The identifier of the second device
pathInfo
  A nvmlGpuTopologyLevel_t that gives the path type

Returns
- NVML_SUCCESS if pathInfo has been set
- NVML_ERROR_INVALID_ARGUMENT if device1, or device2 is invalid, or pathInfo is NULL
- NVML_ERROR_NOT_SUPPORTED if the device or OS does not support this feature
- NVML_ERROR_UNKNOWN an error has occurred in underlying topology discovery

Description
Retrieve the common ancestor for two devices ALL_PRODUCTS% Supported on Linux only.

nvmlReturn_t nvmlDeviceGetTopologyNearestGpus(nvmlDevice_t device, nvmlGpuTopologyLevel_t level, unsigned int *count, nvmlDevice_t *deviceArray)

Parameters
device
  The identifier of the first device
level
The nvmlGpuTopologyLevel_t level to search for other GPUs

count
When zero, is set to the number of matching GPUs such that deviceArray can be malloc'd. When non-zero, deviceArray will be filled with count number of device handles.

deviceArray
An array of device handles for GPUs found at level

Returns
- NVML_SUCCESS if deviceArray or count (if initially zero) has been set
- NVML_ERROR_INVALID_ARGUMENT if device, level, or count is invalid, or deviceArray is NULL with a non-zero count
- NVML_ERROR_NOT_SUPPORTED if the device or OS does not support this feature
- NVML_ERROR_UNKNOWN an error has occurred in underlying topology discovery

Description
Retrieve the set of GPUs that are nearest to a given device at a specific interconnectivity level ALL_PRODUCTS% Supported on Linux only.

```
nvmlReturn_t nvmlSystemGetTopologyGpuSet (unsigned int cpuNumber, unsigned int *count, nvmlDevice_t *deviceArray)
```

Parameters
- cpuNumber
  The CPU number
- count
  When zero, is set to the number of matching GPUs such that deviceArray can be malloc'd. When non-zero, deviceArray will be filled with count number of device handles.
- deviceArray
  An array of device handles for GPUs found with affinity to cpuNumber

Returns
- NVML_SUCCESS if deviceArray or count (if initially zero) has been set
- NVML_ERROR_INVALID_ARGUMENT if cpuNumber, or count is invalid, or deviceArray is NULL with a non-zero count
• NVML_ERROR_NOT_SUPPORTED if the device or OS does not support this feature
• NVML_ERROR_UNKNOWN an error has occurred in underlying topology discovery

Description
Retrieve the set of GPUs that have a CPU affinity with the given CPU number
ALL_PRODUCTS% Supported on Linux only.

```c
nvmlReturn_t nvmlDeviceGetP2PStatus
(nvmlDevice_t device1, nvmlDevice_t device2,
nvmlGpuP2PCapsIndex_t p2pIndex, nvmlGpuP2PStatus_t *p2pStatus)
```

Parameters

device1
  The first device
device2
  The second device
p2pIndex
  p2p Capability Index being looked for between device1 and device2
p2pStatus
  Reference in which to return the status of the p2pIndex between device1 and device2

Returns

• NVML_SUCCESS if p2pStatus has been populated
• NVML_ERROR_INVALID_ARGUMENT if device1 or device2 or p2pIndex is invalid or p2pStatus is NULL
• NVML_ERROR_UNKNOWN on any unexpected error

Description
Retrieve the status for a given p2p capability index between a given pair of GPU
nvmlReturn_t nvmlDeviceGetUUID (nvmlDevice_t device, char *uuid, unsigned int length)

Parameters

device
    The identifier of the target device

uuid
    Reference in which to return the GPU UUID

length
    The maximum allowed length of the string returned in uuid

Returns

‣ NVML_SUCCESS if uuid has been set
‣ NVML_ERROR_UNINITIALIZED if the library has not been successfully initialized
‣ NVML_ERROR_INVALID_ARGUMENT if device is invalid, or uuid is NULL
‣ NVML_ERROR_INSUFFICIENT_SIZE if length is too small
‣ NVML_ERROR_NOT_SUPPORTED if the device does not support this feature
‣ NVML_ERROR_GPU_IS_LOST if the target GPU has fallen off the bus or is otherwise inaccessible
‣ NVML_ERROR_UNKNOWN on any unexpected error

Description

Retrieves the globally unique immutable UUID associated with this device, as a 5 part hexadecimal string, that augments the immutable, board serial identifier.

The UUID is a globally unique identifier. It is the only available identifier for pre-Fermi-architecture products. It does NOT correspond to any identifier printed on the board. It will not exceed 80 characters in length (including the NULL terminator). See nvmlConstants::NVML_DEVICE_UUID_BUFFER_SIZE.

nvmlReturn_t nvmlDeviceGetMinorNumber (nvmlDevice_t device, unsigned int *minorNumber)

Parameters

device
    The identifier of the target device
minorNumber
Reference in which to return the minor number for the device

Returns
- NVML_SUCCESS if the minor number is successfully retrieved
- NVML_ERROR_UNINITIALIZED if the library has not been successfully initialized
- NVML_ERROR_INVALID_ARGUMENT if device is invalid or minorNumber is NULL
- NVML_ERROR_NOT_SUPPORTED if this query is not supported by the device
- NVML_ERROR_GPU_IS_LOST if the target GPU has fallen off the bus or is otherwise inaccessible
- NVML_ERROR_UNKNOWN on any unexpected error

Description
Retrieves minor number for the device. The minor number for the device is such that the Nvidia device node file for each GPU will have the form /dev/nvidia[minor number].

ALL_PRODUCTS% Supported only for Linux

nvmlReturn_t nvmlDeviceGetBoardPartNumber
(nvmlDevice_t device, char *partNumber, unsigned int length)

Parameters
device
Identifier of the target device
partNumber
Reference to the buffer to return
length
Length of the buffer reference

Returns
- NVML_SUCCESS if partNumber has been set
- NVML_ERROR_UNINITIALIZED if the library has not been successfully initialized
- NVML_ERROR_NOT_SUPPORTED if the needed VBIOS fields have not been filled
- NVML_ERROR_INVALID_ARGUMENT if device is invalid or serial is NULL
- NVML_ERROR_GPU_IS_LOST if the target GPU has fallen off the bus or is otherwise inaccessible
- NVML_ERROR_UNKNOWN on any unexpected error
Description
Retrieves the device board part number which is programmed into the board’s InfoROM

nvmlReturn_t nvmlDeviceGetInforomVersion
(nvmlDevice_t device, nvmlInforomObject_t object, char *version, unsigned int length)

Parameters
device
  The identifier of the target device
object
  The target infoROM object
version
  Reference in which to return the infoROM version
length
  The maximum allowed length of the string returned in version

Returns
  ▶ NVML_SUCCESS if version has been set
  ▶ NVML_ERROR_UNINITIALIZED if the library has not been successfully initialized
  ▶ NVML_ERROR_INVALID_ARGUMENT if version is NULL
  ▶ NVML_ERROR_INSUFFICIENT_SIZE if length is too small
  ▶ NVML_ERROR_NOT_SUPPORTED if the device does not have an infoROM
  ▶ NVML_ERROR_GPU_IS_LOST if the target GPU has fallen off the bus or is otherwise inaccessible
  ▶ NVML_ERROR_UNKNOWN on any unexpected error

Description
Retrieves the version information for the device’s infoROM object.

INFOROM_SUPPORT%
Fermi and higher parts have non-volatile on-board memory for persisting device info, such as aggregate ECC counts. The version of the data structures in this memory may change from time to time. It will not exceed 16 characters in length (including the NULL terminator). See nvmlConstants::NVML_DEVICE_INFOROM_VERSION_BUFFER_SIZE.

See nvmlInforomObject_t for details on the available infoROM objects.
See also:

nvmlDeviceGetInforomImageVersion

nvmlReturn_t nvmlDeviceGetInforomImageVersion(nvmlDevice_t device, char *version, unsigned int length)

Parameters

device
   The identifier of the target device

version
   Reference in which to return the infoROM image version

length
   The maximum allowed length of the string returned in version

Returns

- NVML_SUCCESS if version has been set
- NVML_ERROR_UNINITIALIZED if the library has not been successfully initialized
- NVML_ERROR_INVALID_ARGUMENT if version is NULL
- NVML_ERROR_INSUFFICIENT_SIZE if length is too small
- NVML_ERROR_NOT_SUPPORTED if the device does not have an infoROM
- NVML_ERROR_GPU_IS_LOST if the target GPU has fallen off the bus or is otherwise inaccessible
- NVML_ERROR_UNKNOWN on any unexpected error

Description

Retrieves the global infoROM image version

INFOROM_SUPPORT%

Image version just like VBIOS version uniquely describes the exact version of the infoROM flashed on the board in contrast to infoROM object version which is only an indicator of supported features. Version string will not exceed 16 characters in length (including the NULL terminator). See nvmlConstants::NVML_DEVICE_INFOROM_VERSION_BUFFER_SIZE.

See also:

nvmlDeviceGetInforomVersion
nvmlReturn_t
nvmlDeviceGetInforomConfigurationChecksum
(nvmlDevice_t device, unsigned int *checksum)

Parameters

device
   The identifier of the target device
checksum
   Reference in which to return the infoROM configuration checksum

Returns

 الفترة NVML_SUCCESS if checksum has been set
> NVML_ERROR_CORRUPTED_INFOROM if the device's checksum couldn't be retrieved due to infoROM corruption
> NVML_ERROR_UNINITIALIZED if the library has not been successfully initialized
> NVML_ERROR_INVALID_ARGUMENT if checksum is NULL
> NVML_ERROR_NOT_SUPPORTED if the device does not support this feature
> NVML_ERROR_GPU_IS_LOST if the target GPU has fallen off the bus or is otherwise inaccessible
> NVML_ERROR_UNKNOWN on any unexpected error

Description

Retrieves the checksum of the configuration stored in the device’s infoROM.

INFOROM_SUPPORT%

Can be used to make sure that two GPUs have the exact same configuration. Current checksum takes into account configuration stored in PWR and ECC infoROM objects. Checksum can change between driver releases or when user changes configuration (e.g. disable/enable ECC)

nvmlReturn_t nvmlDeviceValidateInforom (nvmlDevice_t device)

Parameters

device
   The identifier of the target device
Returns

- NVML_SUCCESS if infoROM is not corrupted
- NVML_ERROR_CORRUPTED_INFOROM if the device’s infoROM is corrupted
- NVML_ERROR_UNINITIALIZED if the library has not been successfully initialized
- NVML_ERROR_NOT_SUPPORTED if the device does not support this feature
- NVML_ERROR_GPU_IS_LOST if the target GPU has fallen off the bus or is otherwise inaccessible
- NVML_ERROR_UNKNOWN on any unexpected error

Description

Reads the infoROM from the flash and verifies the checksums.

INFOROM_SUPPORT%

```
nvmlReturn_t nvmlDeviceGetDisplayMode (nvmlDevice_t device, nvmlEnableState_t *display)
```

Parameters

- **device**
  
  The identifier of the target device

- **display**
  
  Reference in which to return the display mode

Returns

- NVML_SUCCESS if display has been set
- NVML_ERROR_UNINITIALIZED if the library has not been successfully initialized
- NVML_ERROR_INVALID_ARGUMENT if device is invalid or display is NULL
- NVML_ERROR_NOT_SUPPORTED if the device does not support this feature
- NVML_ERROR_GPU_IS_LOST if the target GPU has fallen off the bus or is otherwise inaccessible
- NVML_ERROR_UNKNOWN on any unexpected error

Description

Retrieves the display mode for the device.

ALL_PRODUCTS%

This method indicates whether a physical display (e.g. monitor) is currently connected to any of the device’s connectors.

See `nvmlEnableState_t` for details on allowed modes.
nvmlReturn_t nvmlDeviceGetDisplayActive
(nvmlDevice_t device, nvmlEnableState_t *isActive)

Parameters

device
   The identifier of the target device
isActive
   Reference in which to return the display active state

Returns

▶ NVML_SUCCESS if isActive has been set
▶ NVML_ERROR_UNINITIALIZED if the library has not been successfully initialized
▶ NVML_ERROR_INVALID_ARGUMENT if device is invalid or isActive is NULL
▶ NVML_ERROR_NOT_SUPPORTED if the device does not support this feature
▶ NVML_ERROR_GPU_IS_LOST if the target GPU has fallen off the bus or is otherwise inaccessible
▶ NVML_ERROR_UNKNOWN on any unexpected error

Description
Retrieves the display active state for the device.

ALL_PRODUCTS%
This method indicates whether a display is initialized on the device. For example whether X Server is attached to this device and has allocated memory for the screen.
Display can be active even when no monitor is physically attached.
See nvmlEnableState_t for details on allowed modes.

nvmlReturn_t nvmlDeviceGetPersistenceMode
(nvmlDevice_t device, nvmlEnableState_t *mode)

Parameters

device
   The identifier of the target device
mode
   Reference in which to return the current driver persistence mode
Returns

- NVML_SUCCESS if mode has been set
- NVML_ERROR_UNINITIALIZED if the library has not been successfully initialized
- NVML_ERROR_INVALID_ARGUMENT if device is invalid or mode is NULL
- NVML_ERROR_NOT_SUPPORTED if the device does not support this feature
- NVML_ERROR_GPU_IS_LOST if the target GPU has fallen off the bus or is otherwise inaccessible
- NVML_ERROR_UNKNOWN on any unexpected error

Description

Retrieves the persistence mode associated with this device.

ALL_PRODUCTS% For Linux only.

When driver persistence mode is enabled the driver software state is not torn down when the last client disconnects. By default this feature is disabled.

See `nvmlEnableState_t` for details on allowed modes.

See also:

`nvmlDeviceSetPersistenceMode()`

`nvmlReturn_t nvmlDeviceGetPciInfo (nvmlDevice_t device, nvmlPciInfo_t *pci)`

Parameters

device
  The identifier of the target device
pci
  Reference in which to return the PCI info

Returns

- NVML_SUCCESS if pci has been populated
- NVML_ERROR_UNINITIALIZED if the library has not been successfully initialized
- NVML_ERROR_INVALID_ARGUMENT if device is invalid or pci is NULL
- NVML_ERROR_GPU_IS_LOST if the target GPU has fallen off the bus or is otherwise inaccessible
- NVML_ERROR_UNKNOWN on any unexpected error
Description
Retrieves the PCI attributes of this device.

ALL_PRODUCTS%
See `nvmlPciInfo_t` for details on the available PCI info.

```c
nvmlReturn_t nvmlDeviceGetMaxPcieLinkGeneration
(nvmlDevice_t device, unsigned int *maxLinkGen)
```

Parameters
- `device`
  The identifier of the target device
- `maxLinkGen`
  Reference in which to return the max PCIe link generation

Returns
- NVML_SUCCESS if `maxLinkGen` has been populated
- NVML_ERROR_UNINITIALIZED if the library has not been successfully initialized
- NVML_ERROR_INVALID_ARGUMENT if `device` is invalid or `maxLinkGen` is null
- NVML_ERROR_NOT_SUPPORTED if PCIe link information is not available
- NVML_ERROR_GPU_IS_LOST if the target GPU has fallen off the bus or is otherwise inaccessible
- NVML_ERROR_UNKNOWN on any unexpected error

Description
Retrieves the maximum PCIe link generation possible with this device and system
I.E. for a generation 2 PCIe device attached to a generation 1 PCIe bus the max link
generation this function will report is generation 1.

FERMI_OR_NEWER%

```c
nvmlReturn_t nvmlDeviceGetMaxPcieLinkWidth
(nvmlDevice_t device, unsigned int *maxLinkWidth)
```

Parameters
- `device`
  The identifier of the target device
maxLinkWidth
Reference in which to return the max PCIe link generation

Returns
- NVML_SUCCESS if maxLinkWidth has been populated
- NVML_ERROR_UNINITIALIZED if the library has not been successfully initialized
- NVML_ERROR_INVALID_ARGUMENT if device is invalid or maxLinkWidth is null
- NVML_ERROR_NOT_SUPPORTED if PCIe link information is not available
- NVML_ERROR_GPU_IS_LOST if the target GPU has fallen off the bus or is otherwise inaccessible
- NVML_ERROR_UNKNOWN on any unexpected error

Description
Retrieves the maximum PCIe link width possible with this device and system
I.E. for a device with a 16x PCIe bus width attached to a 8x PCIe system bus this function will report a max link width of 8.

FERMI_OR_NEWER%

nvmlReturn_t nvmlDeviceGetCurrPcieLinkGeneration(nvmlDevice_t device, unsigned int *currLinkGen)

Parameters
- device
  The identifier of the target device
- currLinkGen
  Reference in which to return the current PCIe link generation

Returns
- NVML_SUCCESS if currLinkGen has been populated
- NVML_ERROR_UNINITIALIZED if the library has not been successfully initialized
- NVML_ERROR_INVALID_ARGUMENT if device is invalid or currLinkGen is null
- NVML_ERROR_NOT_SUPPORTED if PCIe link information is not available
- NVML_ERROR_GPU_IS_LOST if the target GPU has fallen off the bus or is otherwise inaccessible
- NVML_ERROR_UNKNOWN on any unexpected error
Description
Retrieves the current PCIe link generation
FERMI_OR_NEWER%

nvmlReturn_t nvmlDeviceGetCurrPcieLinkWidth
(nvmlDevice_t device, unsigned int *currLinkWidth)

Parameters

device
The identifier of the target device
currLinkWidth
Reference in which to return the current PCIe link generation

Returns
- NVML_SUCCESS if currLinkWidth has been populated
- NVML_ERROR_UNINITIALIZED if the library has not been successfully initialized
- NVML_ERROR_INVALID_ARGUMENT if device is invalid or currLinkWidth is null
- NVML_ERROR_NOT_SUPPORTED if PCIe link information is not available
- NVML_ERROR_GPU_IS_LOST if the target GPU has fallen off the bus or is otherwise inaccessible
- NVML_ERROR_UNKNOWN on any unexpected error

Description
Retrieves the current PCIe link width
FERMI_OR_NEWER%

nvmlReturn_t nvmlDeviceGetPcieThroughput
(nvmlDevice_t device, nvmlPcieUtilCounter_t counter,
unsigned int *value)

Parameters

device
The identifier of the target device
counter
The specific counter that should be queried nvmlPcieUtilCounter_t
value
Reference in which to return throughput in KB/s

Returns
- NVML_SUCCESS if value has been set
- NVML_ERROR_UNINITIALIZED if the library has not been successfully initialized
- NVML_ERROR_INVALID_ARGUMENT if device or counter is invalid, or value is NULL
- NVML_ERROR_NOT_SUPPORTED if the device does not support this feature
- NVML_ERROR_GPU_IS_LOST if the target GPU has fallen off the bus or is otherwise inaccessible
- NVML_ERROR_UNKNOWN on any unexpected error

Description
Retrieve PCIe utilization information. This function is querying a byte counter over a 20ms interval and thus is the PCIe throughput over that interval.

MAXWELL_OR_NEWER%
This method is not supported in virtual machines running virtual GPU (vGPU).

```
nvmlReturn_t nvmlDeviceGetPcieReplayCounter
(nvmlDevice_t device, unsigned int *value)
```

Parameters
- device
  The identifier of the target device
- value
  Reference in which to return the counter's value

Returns
- NVML_SUCCESS if value has been set
- NVML_ERROR_UNINITIALIZED if the library has not been successfully initialized
- NVML_ERROR_INVALID_ARGUMENT if device is invalid, or value is NULL
- NVML_ERROR_NOT_SUPPORTED if the device does not support this feature
- NVML_ERROR_GPU_IS_LOST if the target GPU has fallen off the bus or is otherwise inaccessible
- NVML_ERROR_UNKNOWN on any unexpected error
Description
Retrieve the PCIe replay counter.
KEPLER_OR_NEWER%

```
nvmlReturn_t nvmlDeviceGetClockInfo (nvmlDevice_t device, nvmlClockType_t type, unsigned int *clock)
```

Parameters
- `device` - The identifier of the target device
- `type` - Identify which clock domain to query
- `clock` - Reference in which to return the clock speed in MHz

Returns
- NVML_SUCCESS if clock has been set
- NVML_ERROR_UNINITIALIZED if the library has not been successfully initialized
- NVML_ERROR_INVALID_ARGUMENT if device is invalid or clock is NULL
- NVML_ERROR_NOT_SUPPORTED if the device cannot report the specified clock
- NVML_ERROR_GPU_IS_LOST if the target GPU has fallen off the bus or is otherwise inaccessible
- NVML_ERROR_UNKNOWN on any unexpected error

Description
Retrieves the current clock speeds for the device.
FERMI_OR_NEWER%

See `nvmlClockType_t` for details on available clock information.

```
nvmlReturn_t nvmlDeviceGetMaxClockInfo (nvmlDevice_t device, nvmlClockType_t type, unsigned int *clock)
```

Parameters
- `device` - The identifier of the target device
type
  Identify which clock domain to query

clock
  Reference in which to return the clock speed in MHz

Returns
  ▶ NVML_SUCCESS if clock has been set
  ▶ NVML_ERROR_UNINITIALIZED if the library has not been successfully initialized
  ▶ NVML_ERROR_INVALID_ARGUMENT if device is invalid or clock is NULL
  ▶ NVML_ERROR_NOT_SUPPORTED if the device cannot report the specified clock
  ▶ NVML_ERROR_GPU_IS_LOST if the target GPU has fallen off the bus or is otherwise inaccessible
  ▶ NVML_ERROR_UNKNOWN on any unexpected error

Description
Retrieves the maximum clock speeds for the device.
FERMI_OR_NEWER%

See nvmlClockType_t for details on available clock information.

On GPUs from Fermi family current P0 clocks (reported by nvmlDeviceGetClockInfo) can differ from max clocks by few MHz.

nvmlReturn_t nvmlDeviceGetApplicationsClock
  (nvmlDevice_t device, nvmlClockType_t clockType, unsigned int *clockMHz)

Parameters
  device  
    The identifier of the target device

  clockType
    Identify which clock domain to query

  clockMHz
    Reference in which to return the clock in MHz

Returns
  ▶ NVML_SUCCESS if clockMHz has been set
  ▶ NVML_ERROR_UNINITIALIZED if the library has not been successfully initialized
NVML_ERROR_INVALID_ARGUMENT if device is invalid or clockMHz is NULL or clockType is invalid

NVML_ERROR_NOT_SUPPORTED if the device does not support this feature

NVML_ERROR_GPU_IS_LOST if the target GPU has fallen off the bus or is otherwise inaccessible

NVML_ERROR_UNKNOWN on any unexpected error

Description
Retrieves the current setting of a clock that applications will use unless an overspec situation occurs. Can be changed using `nvmlDeviceSetApplicationsClocks`.

KEPLER_OR_NEWER%

```c
nvmlReturn_t nvmlDeviceGetDefaultApplicationsClock(nvmlDevice_t device, nvmlClockType_t clockType, unsigned int *clockMHz)
```

Parameters

device
The identifier of the target device
clockType
Identify which clock domain to query
clockMHz
Reference in which to return the default clock in MHz

Returns

- NVML_SUCCESS if clockMHz has been set
- NVML_ERROR_UNINITIALIZED if the library has not been successfully initialized
- NVML_ERROR_INVALID_ARGUMENT if device is invalid or clockMHz is NULL or clockType is invalid
- NVML_ERROR_NOT_SUPPORTED if the device does not support this feature
- NVML_ERROR_GPU_IS_LOST if the target GPU has fallen off the bus or is otherwise inaccessible
- NVML_ERROR_UNKNOWN on any unexpected error

Description
Retrieves the default applications clock that GPU boots with or defaults to after `nvmlDeviceResetApplicationsClocks` call.

KEPLER_OR_NEWER%
See also:

nvmlDeviceGetApplicationsClock

nvmlReturn_t nvmlDeviceResetApplicationsClocks
(nvmlDevice_t device)

Parameters

device
The identifier of the target device

Returns

- NVML_SUCCESS if new settings were successfully set
- NVML_ERROR_UNINITIALIZED if the library has not been successfully initialized
- NVML_ERROR_INVALID_ARGUMENT if device is invalid
- NVML_ERROR_NOT_SUPPORTED if the device does not support this feature
- NVML_ERROR_GPU_IS_LOST if the target GPU has fallen off the bus or is otherwise inaccessible
- NVML_ERROR_UNKNOWN on any unexpected error

Description

Resets the application clock to the default value

This is the applications clock that will be used after system reboot or driver reload. Default value is constant, but the current value an be changed using nvmlDeviceSetApplicationsClocks.

On Pascal and newer hardware, if clocks were previously locked with nvmlDeviceSetApplicationsClocks, this call will unlock clocks. This returns clocks their default behavior of automatically boosting above base clocks as thermal limits allow.

See also:

nvmlDeviceGetApplicationsClock
nvmlDeviceSetApplicationsClocks
FERMI_OR_NEWER_GF%
nvmlReturn_t nvmlDeviceGetClock (nvmlDevice_t device, nvmlClockType_t clockType, nvmlClockId_t clockId, unsigned int *clockMHz)

Parameters

device
The identifier of the target device
clockType
Identify which clock domain to query
clockId
Identify which clock in the domain to query
clockMHz
Reference in which to return the clock in MHz

Returns

‣ NVML_SUCCESS if clockMHz has been set
‣ NVML_ERROR_UNINITIALIZED if the library has not been successfully initialized
‣ NVML_ERROR_INVALID_ARGUMENT if device is invalid or clockMHz is NULL or clockType is invalid
‣ NVML_ERROR_NOT_SUPPORTED if the device does not support this feature
‣ NVML_ERROR_GPU_IS_LOST if the target GPU has fallen off the bus or is otherwise inaccessible
‣ NVML_ERROR_UNKNOWN on any unexpected error

Description
Retrieves the clock speed for the clock specified by the clock type and clock ID.

KEPLER_OR_NEWER%

nvmlReturn_t nvmlDeviceGetMaxCustomerBoostClock (nvmlDevice_t device, nvmlClockType_t clockType, unsigned int *clockMHz)

Parameters

device
The identifier of the target device
clockType
Identify which clock domain to query
clockMHz
Reference in which to return the clock in MHz

Returns
- NVML_SUCCESS if clockMHz has been set
- NVML_ERROR_UNINITIALIZED if the library has not been successfully initialized
- NVML_ERROR_INVALID_ARGUMENT if device is invalid or clockMHz is NULL or clockType is invalid
- NVML_ERROR_NOT_SUPPORTED if the device or the clockType on this device does not support this feature
- NVML_ERROR_GPU_IS_LOST if the target GPU has fallen off the bus or is otherwise inaccessible
- NVML_ERROR_UNKNOWN on any unexpected error

Description
Retrieves the customer defined maximum boost clock speed specified by the given clock type.

PASCAL_OR_NEWER%

nvmlReturn_t nvmlDeviceGetSupportedMemoryClocks (nvmlDevice_t device, unsigned int *count, unsigned int *clocksMHz)

Parameters
device
The identifier of the target device
count
Reference in which to provide the clocksMHz array size, and to return the number of elements
clocksMHz
Reference in which to return the clock in MHz

Returns
- NVML_SUCCESS if count and clocksMHz have been populated
- NVML_ERROR_UNINITIALIZED if the library has not been successfully initialized
- NVML_ERROR_INVALID_ARGUMENT if device is invalid or count is NULL
- NVML_ERROR_NOT_SUPPORTED if the device does not support this feature
- NVML_ERROR_INSUFFICIENT_SIZE if count is too small (count is set to the number of required elements)
- NVML_ERROR_GPU_IS_LOST if the target GPU has fallen off the bus or is otherwise inaccessible
- NVML_ERROR_UNKNOWN on any unexpected error

**Description**

Retrieves the list of possible memory clocks that can be used as an argument for `nvmlDeviceSetApplicationsClocks`.

KEPLER_OR_NEWER%

**See also:**
- `nvmlDeviceSetApplicationsClocks`
- `nvmlDeviceGetSupportedGraphicsClocks`

```c
nvmlReturn_t nvmlDeviceGetSupportedGraphicsClocks(nvmlDevice_t device, unsigned int memoryClockMHz, unsigned int *count, unsigned int *clocksMHz)
```

**Parameters**

- **device**
  The identifier of the target device
- **memoryClockMHz**
  Memory clock for which to return possible graphics clocks
- **count**
  Reference in which to provide the clocksMHz array size, and to return the number of elements
- **clocksMHz**
  Reference in which to return the clocks in MHz

**Returns**

- NVML_SUCCESS if count and clocksMHz have been populated
- NVML_ERROR_UNINITIALIZED if the library has not been successfully initialized
- NVML_ERROR_NOT_FOUND if the specified memoryClockMHz is not a supported frequency
- NVML_ERROR_INVALID_ARGUMENT if device is invalid or clock is NULL
- NVML_ERROR_NOT_SUPPORTED if the device does not support this feature
- NVML_ERROR_INSUFFICIENT_SIZE if count is too small
- NVML_ERROR_GPU_IS_LOST if the target GPU has fallen off the bus or is otherwise inaccessible
Description
Retrieves the list of possible graphics clocks that can be used as an argument for nvmlDeviceSetApplicationsClocks.

See also:
nvmlDeviceSetApplicationsClocks
nvmlDeviceGetSupportedMemoryClocks

nvmlReturn_t nvmlDeviceGetAutoBoostedClocksEnabled(nvmlDevice_t device, nvmlEnableState_t *isEnabled, nvmlEnableState_t *defaultIsEnabled)

Parameters
device
  The identifier of the target device
isEnabled
  Where to store the current state of Auto Boosted clocks of the target device
defaultIsEnabled
  Where to store the default Auto Boosted clocks behavior of the target device that the device will revert to when no applications are using the GPU

Returns
  ▶ NVML_SUCCESS If isEnabled has been been set with the Auto Boosted clocks state of device
  ▶ NVML_ERROR_UNINITIALIZED if the library has not been successfully initialized
  ▶ NVML_ERROR_INVALID_ARGUMENT if device is invalid or isEnabled is NULL
  ▶ NVML_ERROR_NOT_SUPPORTED if the device does not support Auto Boosted clocks
  ▶ NVML_ERROR_GPU_IS_LOST if the target GPU has fallen off the bus or is otherwise inaccessible
  ▶ NVML_ERROR_UNKNOWN on any unexpected error

Description
Retrieve the current state of Auto Boosted clocks on a device and store it in isEnabled
Auto Boosted clocks are enabled by default on some hardware, allowing the GPU to run at higher clock rates to maximize performance as thermal limits allow.

On Pascal and newer hardware, Auto Boosted clocks are controlled through application clocks. Use `nvmlDeviceSetApplicationsClocks` and `nvmlDeviceResetApplicationsClocks` to control Auto Boost behavior.

```c
nvmlReturn_t nvmlDeviceSetAutoBoostedClocksEnabled(nvmlDevice_t device, nvmlEnableState_t enabled)
```

**Parameters**

- **device**
  The identifier of the target device

- **enabled**
  What state to try to set Auto Boosted clocks of the target device to

**Returns**

- NVML_SUCCESS If the Auto Boosted clocks were successfully set to the state specified by enabled
- NVML_ERROR_UNINITIALIZED if the library has not been successfully initialized
- NVML_ERROR_INVALID_ARGUMENT if device is invalid
- NVML_ERROR_NOT_SUPPORTED if the device does not support Auto Boosted clocks
- NVML_ERROR_GPU_IS_LOST if the target GPU has fallen off the bus or is otherwise inaccessible
- NVML_ERROR_UNKNOWN on any unexpected error

**Description**

Try to set the current state of Auto Boosted clocks on a device.

Auto Boosted clocks are enabled by default on some hardware, allowing the GPU to run at higher clock rates to maximize performance as thermal limits allow. Auto Boosted clocks should be disabled if fixed clock rates are desired.

Non-root users may use this API by default but can be restricted by root from using this API by calling `nvmlDeviceSetAPIRestriction` with apiType=NVML_RESTRICTED_API_SET_AUTO_BOOSTED_CLOCKS. Note: Persistence Mode is required to modify current Auto Boost settings, therefore, it must be enabled.
On Pascal and newer hardware, Auto Boosted clocks are controlled through application clocks. Use `nvmlDeviceSetApplicationsClocks` and `nvmlDeviceResetApplicationsClocks` to control Auto Boost behavior.

```
nvmlReturn_t
nvmlDeviceSetDefaultAutoBoostedClocksEnabled
(nvmlDevice_t device, nvmlEnableState_t enabled,
unsigned int flags)
```

**Parameters**

- **device**
  The identifier of the target device
- **enabled**
  What state to try to set default Auto Boosted clocks of the target device to
- **flags**
  Flags that change the default behavior. Currently Unused.

**Returns**

- NVML_SUCCESS If the Auto Boosted clock’s default state was successfully set to the state specified by enabled
- NVML_ERROR_UNINITIALIZED if the library has not been successfully initialized
- NVML_ERROR_NO_PERMISSION If the calling user does not have permission to change Auto Boosted clock’s default state.
- NVML_ERROR_INVALID_ARGUMENT if device is invalid
- NVML_ERROR_NOT_SUPPORTED if the device does not support Auto Boosted clocks
- NVML_ERROR_GPU_IS_LOST if the target GPU has fallen off the bus or is otherwise inaccessible
- NVML_ERROR_UNKNOWN on any unexpected error

**Description**

Try to set the default state of Auto Boosted clocks on a device. This is the default state that Auto Boosted clocks will return to when no compute running processes (e.g. CUDA application which have an active context) are running.

KEPLER_OR_NEWER_GF% Requires root/admin permissions.

Auto Boosted clocks are enabled by default on some hardware, allowing the GPU to run at higher clock rates to maximize performance as thermal limits allow. Auto Boosted clocks should be disabled if fixed clock rates are desired.
On Pascal and newer hardware, Auto Boosted clocks are controlled through application clocks. Use `nvmlDeviceSetApplicationsClocks` and `nvmlDeviceResetApplicationsClocks` to control Auto Boost behavior.

```c
nvmlReturn_t nvmlDeviceGetFanSpeed (nvmlDevice_t device, unsigned int *speed)
```

**Parameters**

- **device**
  
  The identifier of the target device

- **speed**
  
  Reference in which to return the fan speed percentage

**Returns**

- `NVML_SUCCESS` if speed has been set
- `NVML_ERROR_UNINITIALIZED` if the library has not been successfully initialized
- `NVML_ERROR_INVALID_ARGUMENT` if device is invalid or speed is NULL
- `NVML_ERROR_NOT_SUPPORTED` if the device does not have a fan
- `NVML_ERROR_GPU_IS_LOST` if the target GPU has fallen off the bus or is otherwise inaccessible
- `NVML_ERROR_UNKNOWN` on any unexpected error

**Description**

Retrieves the intended operating speed of the device’s fan.

Note: The reported speed is the intended fan speed. If the fan is physically blocked and unable to spin, the output will not match the actual fan speed.

The fan speed is expressed as a percent of the maximum, i.e. full speed is 100%.

```c
nvmlReturn_t nvmlDeviceGetFanSpeed_v2 (nvmlDevice_t device, unsigned int fan, unsigned int *speed)
```

**Parameters**

- **device**
  
  The identifier of the target device
fan
   The index of the target fan, zero indexed.

speed
   Reference in which to return the fan speed percentage

Returns
   ▶ NVML_SUCCESS if speed has been set
   ▶ NVML_ERROR_UNINITIALIZED if the library has not been successfully initialized
   ▶ NVML_ERROR_INVALID_ARGUMENT if device is invalid, fan is not an acceptable index, or speed is NULL
   ▶ NVML_ERROR_NOT_SUPPORTED if the device does not have a fan or is newer than Maxwell
   ▶ NVML_ERROR_GPU_IS_LOST if the target GPU has fallen off the bus or is otherwise inaccessible
   ▶ NVML_ERROR_UNKNOWN on any unexpected error

Description
Retrieves the intended operating speed of the device’s specified fan.

Note: The reported speed is the intended fan speed. If the fan is physically blocked and unable to spin, the output will not match the actual fan speed.

FAN PRODUCTS%
The fan speed is expressed as a percentage of the maximum, i.e. full speed is 100%

```c
nvmlReturn_t nvmlDeviceGetTemperature
    (nvmlDevice_t device, nvmlTemperatureSensors_t sensorType, unsigned int *temp)
```

Parameters

device
   The identifier of the target device

sensorType
   Flag that indicates which sensor reading to retrieve

temp
   Reference in which to return the temperature reading

Returns
   ▶ NVML_SUCCESS if temp has been set
   ▶ NVML_ERROR_UNINITIALIZED if the library has not been successfully initialized
- NVML_ERROR_INVALID_ARGUMENT if device is invalid, sensorType is invalid or temp is NULL
- NVML_ERROR_NOT_SUPPORTED if the device does not have the specified sensor
- NVML_ERROR_GPU_IS_LOST if the target GPU has fallen off the bus or is otherwise inaccessible
- NVML_ERROR_UNKNOWN on any unexpected error

**Description**

Retrieves the current temperature readings for the device, in degrees C.

See `nvmlTemperatureSensors_t` for details on available temperature sensors.

```c
nvmlReturn_t nvmlDeviceGetTemperatureThreshold(nvmlDevice_t device, nvmlTemperatureThresholds_t thresholdType, unsigned int *temp)
```

**Parameters**

- **device**
  The identifier of the target device
- **thresholdType**
  The type of threshold value queried
- **temp**
  Reference in which to return the temperature reading

**Returns**

- NVML_SUCCESS if temp has been set
- NVML_ERROR_UNINITIALIZED if the library has not been successfully initialized
- NVML_ERROR_INVALID_ARGUMENT if device is invalid, thresholdType is invalid or temp is NULL
- NVML_ERROR_NOT_SUPPORTED if the device does not have a temperature sensor or is unsupported
- NVML_ERROR_GPU_IS_LOST if the target GPU has fallen off the bus or is otherwise inaccessible
- NVML_ERROR_UNKNOWN on any unexpected error

**Description**

Retrieves the temperature threshold for the GPU with the specified threshold type in degrees C.
KEPLER_OR_NEWER%

See `nvmlTemperatureThresholds_t` for details on available temperature thresholds.

```c
nvmlReturn_t nvmlDeviceGetPerformanceState(nvmlDevice_t device, nvmlPstates_t *pState)
```

**Parameters**

- `device`
  - The identifier of the target device

- `pState`
  - Reference in which to return the performance state reading

**Returns**

- `NVML_SUCCESS` if `pState` has been set
- `NVML_ERROR_UNINITIALIZED` if the library has not been successfully initialized
- `NVML_ERROR_INVALID_ARGUMENT` if `device` is invalid or `pState` is `NULL`
- `NVML_ERROR_NOT_SUPPORTED` if the device does not support this feature
- `NVML_ERROR_GPU_IS_LOST` if the target GPU has fallen off the bus or is otherwise inaccessible
- `NVML_ERROR_UNKNOWN` on any unexpected error

**Description**

Retrieves the current performance state for the device.

FERMI_OR_NEWER%

See `nvmlPstates_t` for details on allowed performance states.

```c
nvmlReturn_t nvmlDeviceGetCurrentClocksThrottleReasons(nvmlDevice_t device, unsigned long long *clocksThrottleReasons)
```

**Parameters**

- `device`
  - The identifier of the target device

- `clocksThrottleReasons`
  - Reference in which to return bitmask of active clocks throttle reasons
Returns

- NVML_SUCCESS if clocksThrottleReasons has been set
- NVML_ERROR_UNINITIALIZED if the library has not been successfully initialized
- NVML_ERROR_INVALID_ARGUMENT if device is invalid or clocksThrottleReasons is NULL
- NVML_ERROR_NOT_SUPPORTED if the device does not support this feature
- NVML_ERROR_GPU_IS_LOST if the target GPU has fallen off the bus or is otherwise inaccessible
- NVML_ERROR_UNKNOWN on any unexpected error

Description

Retrieves current clocks throttling reasons.

FULL_SUPPORT%

More than one bit can be enabled at the same time. Multiple reasons can be affecting clocks at once.

See also:

NvmlClocksThrottleReasons
nvmlDeviceGetSupportedClocksThrottleReasons

nvmlReturn_t
nvmlDeviceGetSupportedClocksThrottleReasons
(nvmlDevice_t device, unsigned long long *supportedClocksThrottleReasons)

Parameters

device
  The identifier of the target device

supportedClocksThrottleReasons
  Reference in which to return bitmask of supported clocks throttle reasons

Returns

- NVML_SUCCESS if supportedClocksThrottleReasons has been set
- NVML_ERROR_UNINITIALIZED if the library has not been successfully initialized
- NVML_ERROR_INVALID_ARGUMENT if device is invalid or supportedClocksThrottleReasons is NULL
- NVML_ERROR_GPU_IS_LOST if the target GPU has fallen off the bus or is otherwise inaccessible
- NVML_ERROR_UNKNOWN on any unexpected error

Description
Retrieves bitmask of supported clocks throttle reasons that can be returned by nvmlDeviceGetCurrentClocksThrottleReasons

FULL_SUPPORTED%

This method is not supported in virtual machines running virtual GPU (vGPU).

See also:
NvmlClocksThrottleReasons
nvmlDeviceGetCurrentClocksThrottleReasons

`nvmlReturn_t nvmlDeviceGetPowerState (nvmlDevice_t device, nvmlPstates_t *pState)`

Parameters
- `device`: The identifier of the target device
- `pState`: Reference in which to return the performance state reading

Returns
- NVML_SUCCESS if pState has been set
- NVML_ERROR_UNINITIALIZED if the library has not been successfully initialized
- NVML_ERROR_INVALID_ARGUMENT if device is invalid or pState is NULL
- NVML_ERROR_NOT_SUPPORTED if the device does not support this feature
- NVML_ERROR_GPU_IS_LOST if the target GPU has fallen off the bus or is otherwise inaccessible
- NVML_ERROR_UNKNOWN on any unexpected error

Description
Deprecated: Use nvmlDeviceGetPerformanceState. This function exposes an incorrect generalization.

Retrieve the current performance state for the device.

FERMI_OR_NEWER%
See `nvmlPstates_t` for details on allowed performance states.

```c
nvmlReturn_t nvmlDeviceGetPowerManagementMode(nvmlDevice_t device, nvmlEnableState_t *mode)
```

**Parameters**

- **device**
  - The identifier of the target device

- **mode**
  - Reference in which to return the current power management mode

**Returns**

- NVML_SUCCESS if mode has been set
- NVML_ERROR_UNINITIALIZED if the library has not been successfully initialized
- NVML_ERROR_INVALID_ARGUMENT if device is invalid or mode is NULL
- NVML_ERROR_NOT_SUPPORTED if the device does not support this feature
- NVML_ERROR_GPU_IS_LOST if the target GPU has fallen off the bus or is otherwise inaccessible
- NVML_ERROR_UNKNOWN on any unexpected error

**Description**

This API has been deprecated.

Retrieves the power management mode associated with this device.

For products from the Fermi family.

- Requires NVML_INFOROM_POWER version 3.0 or higher.

For from the Kepler or newer families.

- Does not require NVML_INFOROM_POWER object.

This flag indicates whether any power management algorithm is currently active on the device. An enabled state does not necessarily mean the device is being actively throttled -- only that that the driver will do so if the appropriate conditions are met.

See `nvmlEnableState_t` for details on allowed modes.
nvmlReturn_t nvmlDeviceGetPowerManagementLimit
(nvmlDevice_t device, unsigned int *limit)

Parameters

device
  The identifier of the target device

limit
  Reference in which to return the power management limit in milliwatts

Returns

- NVML_SUCCESS if limit has been set
- NVML_ERROR_UNINITIALIZED if the library has not been successfully initialized
- NVML_ERROR_INVALID_ARGUMENT if device is invalid or limit is NULL
- NVML_ERROR_NOT_SUPPORTED if the device does not support this feature
- NVML_ERROR_GPU_IS_LOST if the target GPU has fallen off the bus or is otherwise inaccessible
- NVML_ERROR_UNKNOWN on any unexpected error

Description
Retrieves the power management limit associated with this device.

FERMI_OR_NEWER%

The power limit defines the upper boundary for the card's power draw. If the card’s total power draw reaches this limit the power management algorithm kicks in.

This reading is only available if power management mode is supported. See nvmlDeviceGetPowerManagementMode.

nvmlReturn_t
nvmlDeviceGetPowerManagementLimitConstraints
(nvmlDevice_t device, unsigned int *minLimit, unsigned int *maxLimit)

Parameters

device
  The identifier of the target device

minLimit
  Reference in which to return the minimum power management limit in milliwatts
maxLimit
Reference in which to return the maximum power management limit in milliwatts

Returns
- NVML_SUCCESS if minLimit and maxLimit have been set
- NVML_ERROR_UNINITIALIZED if the library has not been successfully initialized
- NVML_ERROR_INVALID_ARGUMENT if device is invalid or minLimit or maxLimit is NULL
- NVML_ERROR_NOT_SUPPORTED if the device does not support this feature
- NVML_ERROR_GPU_IS_LOST if the target GPU has fallen off the bus or is otherwise inaccessible
- NVML_ERROR_UNKNOWN on any unexpected error

Description
Retrieves information about possible values of power management limits on this device.

KEPLER_OR_NEWER%

See also:
nvmlDeviceSetPowerManagementLimit

nvmlReturn_t
nvmlDeviceGetPowerManagementDefaultLimit
(nvmlDevice_t device, unsigned int *defaultLimit)

Parameters
- device
  The identifier of the target device
- defaultLimit
  Reference in which to return the default power management limit in milliwatts

Returns
- NVML_SUCCESS if defaultLimit has been set
- NVML_ERROR_UNINITIALIZED if the library has not been successfully initialized
- NVML_ERROR_INVALID_ARGUMENT if device is invalid or defaultLimit is NULL
- NVML_ERROR_NOT_SUPPORTED if the device does not support this feature
- NVML_ERROR_GPU_IS_LOST if the target GPU has fallen off the bus or is otherwise inaccessible
Description

Retrieves default power management limit on this device, in milliwatts. Default power management limit is a power management limit that the device boots with.

KEPLER_OR_NEWER%

`nvmlReturn_t nvmlDeviceGetPowerUsage (nvmlDevice_t device, unsigned int *power)`

Parameters

device
  The identifier of the target device

power
  Reference in which to return the power usage information

Returns

- NVML_SUCCESS if power has been populated
- NVML_ERROR_UNINITIALIZED if the library has not been successfully initialized
- NVML_ERROR_INVALID_ARGUMENT if device is invalid or power is NULL
- NVML_ERROR_NOT_SUPPORTED if the device does not support power readings
- NVML_ERROR_GPU_IS_LOST if the target GPU has fallen off the bus or is otherwise inaccessible
- NVML_ERROR_UNKNOWN on any unexpected error

Description

Retrieves power usage for this GPU in milliwatts and its associated circuitry (e.g. memory)

FERMI_OR_NEWER%

On Fermi and Kepler GPUs the reading is accurate to within +/- 5% of current power draw.

It is only available if power management mode is supported. See `nvmlDeviceGetPowerManagementMode`. 
nvmlReturn_t nvmlDeviceGetTotalEnergyConsumption(nvmlDevice_t device, unsigned long long *energy)

Parameters

device
The identifier of the target device

energy
Reference in which to return the energy consumption information

Returns

• NVML_SUCCESS if energy has been populated
• NVML_ERROR_UNINITIALIZED if the library has not been successfully initialized
• NVML_ERROR_INVALID_ARGUMENT if device is invalid or energy is NULL
• NVML_ERROR_NOT_SUPPORTED if the device does not support energy readings
• NVML_ERROR_GPU_IS_LOST if the target GPU has fallen off the bus or is otherwise inaccessible
• NVML_ERROR_UNKNOWN on any unexpected error

Description
Retrieves total energy consumption for this GPU in millijoules (mJ) since the driver was last reloaded

VOLTA_OR_NEWER%

nvmlReturn_t nvmlDeviceGetEnforcedPowerLimit(nvmlDevice_t device, unsigned int *limit)

Parameters

device
The device to communicate with

limit
Reference in which to return the power management limit in milliwatts

Returns

• NVML_SUCCESS if limit has been set
• NVML_ERROR_UNINITIALIZED if the library has not been successfully initialized
• NVML_ERROR_INVALID_ARGUMENT if device is invalid or limit is NULL
• NVML_ERROR_NOT_SUPPORTED if the device does not support this feature
- NVML_ERROR_GPU_IS_LOST if the target GPU has fallen off the bus or is otherwise inaccessible
- NVML_ERROR_UNKNOWN on any unexpected error

Description
Get the effective power limit that the driver enforces after taking into account all limiters

Note: This can be different from the `nvmlDeviceGetPowerManagementLimit` if other limits are set elsewhere. This includes the out of band power limit interface

KEPLER_OR_NEWER%

```c
nvmlReturn_t nvmlDeviceGetGpuOperationMode(nvmlDevice_t device, nvmlGpuOperationMode_t *current, nvmlGpuOperationMode_t *pending)
```

Parameters
- `device` The identifier of the target device
- `current` Reference in which to return the current GOM
- `pending` Reference in which to return the pending GOM

Returns
- NVML_SUCCESS if mode has been populated
- NVML_ERROR_UNINITIALIZED if the library has not been successfully initialized
- NVML_ERROR_INVALID_ARGUMENT if device is invalid or current or pending is NULL
- NVML_ERROR_NOT_SUPPORTED if the device does not support this feature
- NVML_ERROR_GPU_IS_LOST if the target GPU has fallen off the bus or is otherwise inaccessible
- NVML_ERROR_UNKNOWN on any unexpected error

Description
Retrieves the current GOM and pending GOM (the one that GPU will switch to after reboot).

For GK110 M-class and X-class Tesla products from the Kepler family. Modes `NVML_GOM_LOW_DP` and `NVML_GOM_ALL_ON` are supported on fully supported GeForce products. Not supported on Quadro and Tesla C-class products.
See also:

nvmlGpuOperationMode_t
nvmlDeviceSetGpuOperationMode

nvmlReturn_t nvmlDeviceGetMemoryInfo (nvmlDevice_t device, nvmlMemory_t *memory)

Parameters

device
   The identifier of the target device
memory
   Reference in which to return the memory information

Returns

- NVML_SUCCESS if memory has been populated
- NVML_ERROR_UNINITIALIZED if the library has not been successfully initialized
- NVML_ERROR_INVALID_ARGUMENT if device is invalid or memory is NULL
- NVML_ERROR_GPU_IS_LOST if the target GPU has fallen off the bus or is otherwise inaccessible
- NVML_ERROR_UNKNOWN on any unexpected error

Description

Retrieves the amount of used, free and total memory available on the device, in bytes.

ALL_PRODUCTS%

Enabling ECC reduces the amount of total available memory, due to the extra required parity bits. Under WDDM most device memory is allocated and managed on startup by Windows.

Under Linux and Windows TCC, the reported amount of used memory is equal to the sum of memory allocated by all active channels on the device.

See nvmlMemory_t for details on available memory info.
nvmlReturn_t nvmlDeviceGetComputeMode
(nvmlDevice_t device, nvmlComputeMode_t *mode)

Parameters

device
  The identifier of the target device
mode
  Reference in which to return the current compute mode

Returns

- NVML_SUCCESS if mode has been set
- NVML_ERROR_UNINITIALIZED if the library has not been successfully initialized
- NVML_ERROR_INVALID_ARGUMENT if device is invalid or mode is NULL
- NVML_ERROR_NOT_SUPPORTED if the device does not support this feature
- NVML_ERROR_GPU_IS_LOST if the target GPU has fallen off the bus or is otherwise inaccessible
- NVML_ERROR_UNKNOWN on any unexpected error

Description

Retrieves the current compute mode for the device.

See nvmlComputeMode_t for details on allowed compute modes.

See also:
nvmlDeviceSetComputeMode()

nvmlReturn_t nvmlDeviceGetCudaComputeCapability
(nvmlDevice_t device, int *major, int *minor)

Parameters

device
  The identifier of the target device
major
  Reference in which to return the major CUDA compute capability
minor
  Reference in which to return the minor CUDA compute capability
Returns

- NVML_SUCCESS if major and minor have been set
- NVML_ERROR_UNINITIALIZED if the library has not been successfully initialized
- NVML_ERROR_INVALID_ARGUMENT if device is invalid or major or minor are NULL
- NVML_ERROR_GPU_IS_LOST if the target GPU has fallen off the bus or is otherwise inaccessible
- NVML_ERROR_UNKNOWN on any unexpected error

Description

Retrieves the CUDA compute capability of the device.

ALL PRODUCTS%

Returns the major and minor compute capability version numbers of the device. The major and minor versions are equivalent to the CU_DEVICE_ATTRIBUTE_COMPUTE_CAPABILITY_MINOR and CU_DEVICE_ATTRIBUTE_COMPUTE_CAPABILITY_MAJOR attributes that would be returned by CUDA’s cuDeviceGetAttribute().

`nvmlReturn_t nvmlDeviceGetEccMode (nvmlDevice_t device, nvmlEnableState_t *current, nvmlEnableState_t *pending)`

Parameters

- `device` The identifier of the target device
- `current` Reference in which to return the current ECC mode
- `pending` Reference in which to return the pending ECC mode

Returns

- NVML_SUCCESS if current and pending have been set
- NVML_ERROR_UNINITIALIZED if the library has not been successfully initialized
- NVML_ERROR_INVALID_ARGUMENT if device is invalid or either current or pending is NULL
- NVML_ERROR_NOT_SUPPORTED if the device does not support this feature
- NVML_ERROR_GPU_IS_LOST if the target GPU has fallen off the bus or is otherwise inaccessible
- NVML_ERROR_UNKNOWN on any unexpected error

**Description**

Retrieves the current and pending ECC modes for the device.

FERMI_OR_NEWER% Only applicable to devices with ECC. Requires NVML_INFOROM_ECC version 1.0 or higher.

Changing ECC modes requires a reboot. The "pending" ECC mode refers to the target mode following the next reboot.

See `nvmlEnableState_t` for details on allowed modes.

See also:

`nvmlDeviceSetEccMode()`

```c
nvmlReturn_t nvmlDeviceGetBoardId (nvmlDevice_t device, unsigned int *boardId)
```

**Parameters**

- **device**
  - The identifier of the target device
- **boardId**
  - Reference in which to return the device’s board ID

**Returns**

- NVML_SUCCESS if boardId has been set
- NVML_ERROR_UNINITIALIZED if the library has not been successfully initialized
- NVML_ERROR_INVALID_ARGUMENT if device is invalid or boardId is NULL
- NVML_ERROR_NOT_SUPPORTED if the device does not support this feature
- NVML_ERROR_GPU_IS_LOST if the target GPU has fallen off the bus or is otherwise inaccessible
- NVML_ERROR_UNKNOWN on any unexpected error

**Description**

Retrieves the device boardId from 0-N. Devices with the same boardId indicate GPUs connected to the same PLX. Use in conjunction with `nvmlDeviceGetMultiGpuBoard()` to decide if they are on the same board as well. The boardId returned is a unique ID for the current configuration. Uniqueness and ordering across reboots and system configurations is not guaranteed (i.e. if a Tesla K40c returns 0x100 and the two GPUs on
a Tesla K10 in the same system returns 0x200 it is not guaranteed they will always return those values but they will always be different from each other).

FERMI_OR_NEWER%

nvmlReturn_t nvmlDeviceGetMultiGpuBoard (nvmlDevice_t device, unsigned int *multiGpuBool)

Parameters

device
   The identifier of the target device
multiGpuBool
   Reference in which to return a zero or non-zero value to indicate whether the device is on a multi GPU board

Returns

‣ NVML_SUCCESS if multiGpuBool has been set
‣ NVML_ERROR_UNINITIALIZED if the library has not been successfully initialized
‣ NVML_ERROR_INVALID_ARGUMENT if device is invalid or multiGpuBool is NULL
‣ NVML_ERROR_NOT_SUPPORTED if the device does not support this feature
‣ NVML_ERROR_GPU_IS_LOST if the target GPU has fallen off the bus or is otherwise inaccessible
‣ NVML_ERROR_UNKNOWN on any unexpected error

Description

Retrieves whether the device is on a Multi-GPU Board Devices that are on multi-GPU boards will set multiGpuBool to a non-zero value.

FERML_OR_NEWER%

nvmlReturn_t nvmlDeviceGetTotalEccErrors (nvmlDevice_t device, nvmlMemoryErrorType_t errorType, nvmlEccCounterType_t counterType, unsigned long long *eccCounts)

Parameters

device
   The identifier of the target device
errorType
   Flag that specifies the type of the errors.

counterType
   Flag that specifies the counter-type of the errors.

eccCounts
   Reference in which to return the specified ECC errors

Returns
   ▶ NVML_SUCCESS if eccCounts has been set
   ▶ NVML_ERROR_UNINITIALIZED if the library has not been successfully initialized
   ▶ NVML_ERROR_INVALID_ARGUMENT if device, errorType or counterType is invalid, or eccCounts is NULL
   ▶ NVML_ERROR_NOT_SUPPORTED if the device does not support this feature
   ▶ NVML_ERROR_GPU_IS_LOST if the target GPU has fallen off the bus or is otherwise inaccessible
   ▶ NVML_ERROR_UNKNOWN on any unexpected error

Description
Retrieves the total ECC error counts for the device.

FERMI_OR_NEWER% Only applicable to devices with ECC. Requires NVML_INFOROM_ECC version 1.0 or higher. Requires ECC Mode to be enabled.

The total error count is the sum of errors across each of the separate memory systems, i.e. the total set of errors across the entire device.

See nvmlMemoryErrorType_t for a description of available error types. See nvmlEccCounterType_t for a description of available counter types.

See also:

nvmlDeviceClearEccErrorCounts()

nvmlReturn_t nvmlDeviceGetDetailedEccErrors(nvmlDevice_t device, nvmlMemoryErrorType_t errorType, nvmlEccCounterType_t counterType, nvmlEccErrorCounts_t *eccCounts)

Parameters

device
   The identifier of the target device
errorType
Flag that specifies the type of the errors.

counterType
Flag that specifies the counter-type of the errors.

eccCounts
Reference in which to return the specified ECC errors

Returns
- NVML_SUCCESS if eccCounts has been populated
- NVML_ERROR_UNINITIALIZED if the library has not been successfully initialized
- NVML_ERROR_INVALID_ARGUMENT if device, errorType or counterType is invalid, or eccCounts is NULL
- NVML_ERROR_NOT_SUPPORTED if the device does not support this feature
- NVML_ERROR_GPU_IS_LOST if the target GPU has fallen off the bus or is otherwise inaccessible
- NVML_ERROR_UNKNOWN on any unexpected error

Description
Retrieves the detailed ECC error counts for the device.

Deprecated This API supports only a fixed set of ECC error locations On different GPU architectures different locations are supported See nvmlDeviceGetMemoryErrorCounterFERMI_OR_NEWER% Only applicable to devices with ECC. Requires NVML_INFOROM_ECC version 2.0 or higher to report aggregate location-based ECC counts. Requires NVML_INFOROM_ECC version 1.0 or higher to report all other ECC counts. Requires ECC Mode to be enabled.

Detailed errors provide separate ECC counts for specific parts of the memory system.

Reports zero for unsupported ECC error counters when a subset of ECC error counters are supported.

See nvmlMemoryErrorType_t for a description of available bit types. See nvmlEccCounterType_t for a description of available counter types. See nvmlEccErrorCounts_t for a description of provided detailed ECC counts.

See also:
- nvmlDeviceClearEccErrorCounts()

nvmlReturn_t nvmlDeviceGetMemoryErrorCounter
(nvmlDevice_t device, nvmlMemoryErrorType_t errorType, nvmlEccCounterType_t counterType,
`nvmlMemoryLocation_t locationType, unsigned long long *count)`

Parameters

- **device**: The identifier of the target device
- **errorType**: Flag that specifies the type of error.
- **counterType**: Flag that specifies the counter-type of the errors.
- **locationType**: Specifies the location of the counter.
- **count**: Reference in which to return the ECC counter

Returns

- NVML_SUCCESS if count has been populated
- NVML_ERROR_UNINITIALIZED if the library has not been successfully initialized
- NVML_ERROR_INVALID_ARGUMENT if device, bitType, counterType or locationType is invalid, or count is NULL
- NVML_ERROR_NOT_SUPPORTED if the device does not support ECC error reporting in the specified memory
- NVML_ERROR_GPU_IS_LOST if the target GPU has fallen off the bus or is otherwise inaccessible
- NVML_ERROR_UNKNOWN on any unexpected error

Description

Retrieves the requested memory error counter for the device.

FERMI_OR_NEWER% Requires NVML_INFOROM_ECC version 2.0 or higher to report aggregate location-based memory error counts. Requires NVML_INFOROM_ECC version 1.0 or higher to report all other memory error counts.

Only applicable to devices with ECC.

Requires ECC Mode to be enabled.

See `nvmlMemoryErrorType_t` for a description of available memory error types.
See `nvmlEccCounterType_t` for a description of available counter types. See `nvmlMemoryLocation_t` for a description of available counter locations.
nvmlReturn_t nvmlDeviceGetUtilizationRates (nvmlDevice_t device, nvmlUtilization_t *utilization)

Parameters

device
  The identifier of the target device
utilization
  Reference in which to return the utilization information

Returns

- NVML_SUCCESS if utilization has been populated
- NVML_ERROR_UNINITIALIZED if the library has not been successfully initialized
- NVML_ERROR_INVALID_ARGUMENT if device is invalid or utilization is NULL
- NVML_ERROR_NOT_SUPPORTED if the device does not support this feature
- NVML_ERROR_GPU_IS_LOST if the target GPU has fallen off the bus or is otherwise inaccessible
- NVML_ERROR_UNKNOWN on any unexpected error

Description

Retrieves the current utilization rates for the device’s major subsystems.

FERMI_OR_NEWER%

See nvmlUtilization_t for details on available utilization rates.

During driver initialization when ECC is enabled one can see high GPU and Memory Utilization readings. This is caused by ECC Memory Scrubbing mechanism that is performed during driver initialization.

nvmlReturn_t nvmlDeviceGetEncoderUtilization (nvmlDevice_t device, unsigned int *utilization, unsigned int *samplingPeriodUs)

Parameters

device
  The identifier of the target device
utilization
  Reference to an unsigned int for encoder utilization info
samplingPeriodUs
Reference to an unsigned int for the sampling period in US

Returns

- NVML_SUCCESS if utilization has been populated
- NVML_ERROR_UNINITIALIZED if the library has not been successfully initialized
- NVML_ERROR_INVALID_ARGUMENT if device is invalid, utilization is NULL, or samplingPeriodUs is NULL
- NVML_ERROR_NOT_SUPPORTED if the device does not support this feature
- NVML_ERROR_GPU_IS_LOST if the target GPU has fallen off the bus or is otherwise inaccessible
- NVML_ERROR_UNKNOWN on any unexpected error

Description
Retrieves the current utilization and sampling size in microseconds for the Encoder KEPLER_OR_NEWER%

nvmlReturn_t nvmlDeviceGetEncoderCapacity(nvmlDevice_t device, nvmlEncoderType_t encoderQueryType, unsigned int *encoderCapacity)

Parameters

- device
  The identifier of the target device
- encoderQueryType
  Type of encoder to query
- encoderCapacity
  Reference to an unsigned int for the encoder capacity

Returns

- NVML_SUCCESS if encoderCapacity is fetched
- NVML_ERROR_UNINITIALIZED if the library has not been successfully initialized
- NVML_ERROR_INVALID_ARGUMENT if encoderCapacity is NULL, or device or encoderQueryType are invalid
- NVML_ERROR_NOT_SUPPORTED if device does not support the encoder specified in encoderQueryType
- NVML_ERROR_GPU_IS_LOST if the target GPU has fallen off the bus or is otherwise inaccessible
NVML_ERROR_UNKNOWN on any unexpected error

**Description**

Retrieves the current capacity of the device’s encoder, as a percentage of maximum encoder capacity with valid values in the range 0-100.

MAXWELL_OR_NEWER%

```c
nvmlReturn_t nvmlDeviceGetEncoderStats(nvmlDevice_t device, unsigned int *sessionCount, unsigned int *averageFps, unsigned int *averageLatency)
```

**Parameters**

- **device**
  - The identifier of the target device
- **sessionCount**
  - Reference to an unsigned int for count of active encoder sessions
- **averageFps**
  - Reference to an unsigned int for trailing average FPS of all active sessions
- **averageLatency**
  - Reference to an unsigned int for encode latency in microseconds

**Returns**

- NVML_SUCCESS if sessionCount, averageFps and averageLatency is fetched
- NVML_ERROR_UNINITIALIZED if the library has not been successfully initialized
- NVML_ERROR_INVALID_ARGUMENT if sessionCount, or device or averageFps, or averageLatency is NULL
- NVML_ERROR_GPU_IS_LOST if the target GPU has fallen off the bus or is otherwise inaccessible
- NVML_ERROR_UNKNOWN on any unexpected error

**Description**

Retrieves the current encoder statistics for a given device.

MAXWELL_OR_NEWER%
nvmlReturn_t nvmlDeviceGetEncoderSessions
  (nvmlDevice_t device, unsigned int *sessionCount,
   nvmlEncoderSessionInfo_t *sessionInfos)

Parameters

device
  The identifier of the target device

sessionCount
  Reference to caller supplied array size, and returns the number of sessions.

sessionInfos
  Reference in which to return the session information

Returns

‣ NVML_SUCCESS if sessionInfos is fetched
‣ NVML_ERROR_UNINITIALIZED if the library has not been successfully initialized
‣ NVML_ERROR_INSUFFICIENT_SIZE if sessionCount is too small, array element count is returned in sessionCount
‣ NVML_ERROR_INVALID_ARGUMENT if sessionCount is NULL.
‣ NVML_ERROR_GPU_IS_LOST if the target GPU has fallen off the bus or is otherwise inaccessible
‣ NVML_ERROR_UNKNOWN on any unexpected error

Description

Retrieves information about active encoder sessions on a target device.

An array of active encoder sessions is returned in the caller-supplied buffer pointed at by sessionInfos. The array element count is passed in sessionCount, and sessionCount is used to return the number of sessions written to the buffer.

If the supplied buffer is not large enough to accomodate the active session array, the function returns NVML_ERROR_INSUFFICIENT_SIZE, with the element count of nvmlEncoderSessionInfo_t array required in sessionCount. To query the number of active encoder sessions, call this function with *sessionCount = 0. The code will return NVML_SUCCESS with number of active encoder sessions updated in *sessionCount.

MAXWELL_OR_NEWER%
nvmlReturn_t nvmlDeviceGetDecoderUtilization (nvmlDevice_t device, unsigned int *utilization, unsigned int *samplingPeriodUs)

Parameters

device
The identifier of the target device

utilization
Reference to an unsigned int for decoder utilization info

samplingPeriodUs
Reference to an unsigned int for the sampling period in US

Returns

- NVML_SUCCESS if utilization has been populated
- NVML_ERROR_UNINITIALIZED if the library has not been successfully initialized
- NVML_ERROR_INVALID_ARGUMENT if device is invalid, utilization is NULL, or samplingPeriodUs is NULL
- NVML_ERROR_NOT_SUPPORTED if the device does not support this feature
- NVML_ERROR_GPU_IS_LOST if the target GPU has fallen off the bus or is otherwise inaccessible
- NVML_ERROR_UNKNOWN on any unexpected error

Description
Retrieves the current utilization and sampling size in microseconds for the Decoder KEPLER_OR_NEWER%

nvmlReturn_t nvmlDeviceGetFBCStats (nvmlDevice_t device, nvmlFBCStats_t *fbcStats)

Parameters

device
The identifier of the target device

fbcStats
Reference to nvmlFBCStats_t structure containing NvFBC stats

Returns

- NVML_SUCCESS if fbcStats is fetched
- NVML_ERROR_UNINITIALIZED if the library has not been successfully initialized
- NVML_ERROR_INVALID_ARGUMENT if fbcStats is NULL
- NVML_ERROR_GPU_IS_LOST if the target GPU has fallen off the bus or is otherwise inaccessible
- NVML_ERROR_UNKNOWN on any unexpected error

Description
Retrieves the active frame buffer capture sessions statistics for a given device.

MAXWELL_OR_NEWER%

```
nvmlReturn_t nvmlDeviceGetFBCSessions
(nvmlDevice_t device, unsigned int *sessionCount,
nvmlFBCSessionInfo_t *sessionInfo)
```

Parameters

- **device**
  The identifier of the target device
- **sessionCount**
  Reference to caller supplied array size, and returns the number of sessions.
- **sessionInfo**
  Reference in which to return the session information

Returns

- NVML_SUCCESS if sessionInfo is fetched
- NVML_ERROR_UNINITIALIZED if the library has not been successfully initialized
- NVML_ERROR_INSUFFICIENT_SIZE if sessionCount is too small, array element count is returned in sessionCount
- NVML_ERROR_INVALID_ARGUMENT if sessionCount is NULL.
- NVML_ERROR_GPU_IS_LOST if the target GPU has fallen off the bus or is otherwise inaccessible
- NVML_ERROR_UNKNOWN on any unexpected error

Description
Retrieves information about active frame buffer capture sessions on a target device. An array of active FBC sessions is returned in the caller-supplied buffer pointed at by sessionInfo. The array element count is passed in sessionCount, and sessionCount is used to return the number of sessions written to the buffer.
If the supplied buffer is not large enough to accommodate the active session array, the function returns NVML_ERROR_INSUFFICIENT_SIZE, with the element count of `nvmlFBCSessionInfo_t` array required in sessionCount. To query the number of active FBC sessions, call this function with `*sessionCount = 0`. The code will return NVML_SUCCESS with number of active FBC sessions updated in `*sessionCount`.

MAXWELL_OR_NEWER%

hResolution, vResolution, averageFPS and averageLatency data for a FBC session returned in sessionInfo may be zero if there are no new frames captured since the session started.

```
nvmlReturn_t nvmlDeviceGetDriverModel (nvmlDevice_t device, nvmlDriverModel_t *current, nvmlDriverModel_t *pending)
```

**Parameters**

- **device**
  - The identifier of the target device
- **current**
  - Reference in which to return the current driver model
- **pending**
  - Reference in which to return the pending driver model

**Returns**

- NVML_SUCCESS if either current and/or pending have been set
- NVML_ERROR_UNINITIALIZED if the library has not been successfully initialized
- NVML_ERROR_INVALID_ARGUMENT if device is invalid or both current and pending are NULL
- NVML_ERROR_NOT_SUPPORTED if the platform is not windows
- NVML_ERROR_GPU_IS_LOST if the target GPU has fallen off the bus or is otherwise inaccessible
- NVML_ERROR_UNKNOWN on any unexpected error

**Description**

Retrieves the current and pending driver model for the device.

FERMI_OR_NEWER% For windows only.
modules

On Windows platforms the device driver can run in either WDDM or WDM (TCC) mode. If a display is attached to the device it must run in WDDM mode. TCC mode is preferred if a display is not attached.

See nvmlDriverModel_t for details on available driver models.

See also:

nvmlDeviceSetDriverModel()

nvmlReturn_t nvmlDeviceGetVbiosVersion (nvmlDevice_t device, char *version, unsigned int length)

Parameters

device
  The identifier of the target device

version
  Reference to which to return the VBIOS version

length
  The maximum allowed length of the string returned in version

Returns

‣ NVML_SUCCESS if version has been set
‣ NVML_ERROR_UNINITIALIZED if the library has not been successfully initialized
‣ NVML_ERROR_INVALID_ARGUMENT if device is invalid, or version is NULL
‣ NVML_ERROR_INSUFFICIENT_SIZE if length is too small
‣ NVML_ERROR_GPU_IS_LOST if the target GPU has fallen off the bus or is otherwise inaccessible
‣ NVML_ERROR_UNKNOWN on any unexpected error

Description

Get VBIOS version of the device.

The VBIOS version may change from time to time. It will not exceed 32 characters in length (including the NULL terminator). See nvmlConstants::NVML_DEVICE_VBIOS_VERSION_BUFFER_SIZE.
nvmlReturn_t nvmlDeviceGetBridgeChipInfo
(nvmlDevice_t device, nvmlBridgeChipHierarchy_t
*bridgeHierarchy)

Parameters

device
The identifier of the target device

bridgeHierarchy
Reference to the returned bridge chip Hierarchy

Returns

‣ NVML_SUCCESS if bridge chip exists
‣ NVML_ERROR_UNINITIALIZED if the library has not been successfully initialized
‣ NVML_ERROR_INVALID_ARGUMENT if device is invalid, or bridgeInfo is NULL
‣ NVML_ERROR_NOT_SUPPORTED if bridge chip not supported on the device
‣ NVML_ERROR_GPU_IS_LOST if the target GPU has fallen off the bus or is otherwise inaccessible
‣ NVML_ERROR_UNKNOWN on any unexpected error

Description
Get Bridge Chip Information for all the bridge chips on the board.

FULL_SUPPORT% Only applicable to multi-GPU products.

nvmlReturn_t nvmlDeviceGetComputeRunningProcesses
(nvmlDevice_t device, unsigned int *infoCount,
nvmlProcessInfo_t *infos)

Parameters

device
The identifier of the target device

infoCount
Reference in which to provide the infos array size, and to return the number of returned elements

infos
Reference in which to return the process information
Returns

- NVML_SUCCESS if infoCount and infos have been populated
- NVML_ERROR_UNINITIALIZED if the library has not been successfully initialized
- NVML_ERROR_INSUFFICIENT_SIZE if infoCount indicates that the infos array is too small infoCount will contain minimal amount of space necessary for the call to complete
- NVML_ERROR_INVALID_ARGUMENT if device is invalid, either of infoCount or infos is NULL
- NVML_ERROR_GPU_IS_LOST if the target GPU has fallen off the bus or is otherwise inaccessible
- NVML_ERROR_UNKNOWN on any unexpected error

Description

Get information about processes with a compute context on a device

FERMI_OR_NEWER%

This function returns information only about compute running processes (e.g. CUDA application which have active context). Any graphics applications (e.g. using OpenGL, DirectX) won’t be listed by this function.

To query the current number of running compute processes, call this function with *infoCount = 0. The return code will be NVML_ERROR_INSUFFICIENT_SIZE, or NVML_SUCCESS if none are running. For this call infos is allowed to be NULL.

The usedGpuMemory field returned is all of the memory used by the application.

Keep in mind that information returned by this call is dynamic and the number of elements might change in time. Allocate more space for infos table in case new compute processes are spawned.

See also:

nvmlSystemGetProcessName

nvmlReturn_t nvmlDeviceGetGraphicsRunningProcesses (nvmlDevice_t device, unsigned int *infoCount, nvmlProcessInfo_t *infos)

Parameters

device
  The identifier of the target device
**infoCount**
Reference in which to provide the infos array size, and to return the number of returned elements

**infos**
Reference in which to return the process information

**Returns**
- NVML_SUCCESS if infoCount and infos have been populated
- NVML_ERROR_UNINITIALIZED if the library has not been successfully initialized
- NVML_ERROR_INSUFFICIENT_SIZE if infoCount indicates that the infos array is too small infoCount will contain minimal amount of space necessary for the call to complete
- NVML_ERROR_INVALID_ARGUMENT if device is invalid, either of infoCount or infos is NULL
- NVML_ERROR_GPU_IS_LOST if the target GPU has fallen off the bus or is otherwise inaccessible
- NVML_ERROR_UNKNOWN on any unexpected error

**Description**
Get information about processes with a graphics context on a device

KEPLER_OR_NEWER%

This function returns information only about graphics based processes (eg. applications using OpenGL, DirectX)

To query the current number of running graphics processes, call this function with *infoCount = 0. The return code will be NVML_ERROR_INSUFFICIENT_SIZE, or NVML_SUCCESS if none are running. For this call infos is allowed to be NULL.

The usedGpuMemory field returned is all of the memory used by the application.

Keep in mind that information returned by this call is dynamic and the number of elements might change in time. Allocate more space for infos table in case new graphics processes are spawned.

**See also:**
- nvmlSystemGetProcessName
nvmlReturn_t nvmlDeviceOnSameBoard (nvmlDevice_t device1, nvmlDevice_t device2, int *onSameBoard)

Parameters
device1
  The first GPU device
device2
  The second GPU device
onSameBoard
  Reference in which to return the status. Non-zero indicates that the GPUs are on the same board.

Returns
- NVML_SUCCESS if onSameBoard has been set
- NVML_ERROR_UNINITIALIZED if the library has not been successfully initialized
- NVML_ERROR_INVALID_ARGUMENT if dev1 or dev2 are invalid or onSameBoard is NULL
- NVML_ERROR_NOT_SUPPORTED if this check is not supported by the device
- NVML_ERROR_GPU_IS_LOST if the either GPU has fallen off the bus or is otherwise inaccessible
- NVML_ERROR_UNKNOWN on any unexpected error

Description
Check if the GPU devices are on the same physical board.
FULL_SUPPORT%

nvmlReturn_t nvmlDeviceGetAPIRestriction (nvmlDevice_t device, nvmlRestrictedAPI_t apiType, nvmlEnableState_t *isRestricted)

Parameters
device
  The identifier of the target device
apiType
  Target API type for this operation
isRestricted
Reference in which to return the current restriction NVML_FEATURE_ENABLED indicates that the API is root-only NVML_FEATURE_DISABLED indicates that the API is accessible to all users

Returns
▪ NVML_SUCCESS if isRestricted has been set
▪ NVML_ERROR_UNINITIALIZED if the library has not been successfully initialized
▪ NVML_ERROR_INVALID_ARGUMENT if device is invalid, apiType incorrect or isRestricted is NULL
▪ NVML_ERROR_NOT_SUPPORTED if this query is not supported by the device or the device does not support the feature that is being queried (E.G. Enabling/disabling Auto Boosted clocks is not supported by the device)
▪ NVML_ERROR_GPU_IS_LOST if the target GPU has fallen off the bus or is otherwise inaccessible
▪ NVML_ERROR_UNKNOWN on any unexpected error

Description
Retrieves the root/admin permissions on the target API. See nvmlRestrictedAPI_t for the list of supported APIs. If an API is restricted only root users can call that API. See nvmlDeviceSetAPIRestriction to change current permissions.

See also:
nvmlRestrictedAPI_t

nvmlReturn_t nvmlDeviceGetSamples (nvmlDevice_t device, nvmlSamplingType_t type, unsigned long long lastSeenTimeStamp, nvmlValueType_t *sampleValType, unsigned int *sampleCount, nvmlSample_t *samples)

Parameters
device
The identifier for the target device
type
Type of sampling event
lastSeenTimeStamp
Return only samples with timestamp greater than lastSeenTimeStamp.
sampleValType
Output parameter to represent the type of sample value as described in nvmlSampleVal_t

sampleCount
Reference to provide the number of elements which can be queried in samples array

samples
Reference in which samples are returned

Returns
- NVML_SUCCESS if samples are successfully retrieved
- NVML_ERROR_UNINITIALIZED if the library has not been successfully initialized
- NVML_ERROR_INVALID_ARGUMENT if device is invalid, samplesCount is NULL or reference to sampleCount is 0 for non null samples
- NVML_ERROR_NOT_SUPPORTED if this query is not supported by the device
- NVML_ERROR_GPU_IS_LOST if the target GPU has fallen off the bus or is otherwise inaccessible
- NVML_ERROR_NOT_FOUND if sample entries are not found
- NVML_ERROR_UNKNOWN on any unexpected error

Description
Gets recent samples for the GPU.

KEPLER_OR_NEWER%
Based on type, this method can be used to fetch the power, utilization or clock samples maintained in the buffer by the driver.

Power, Utilization and Clock samples are returned as type "unsigned int" for the union nvmlValue_t.

To get the size of samples that user needs to allocate, the method is invoked with samples set to NULL. The returned samplesCount will provide the number of samples that can be queried. The user needs to allocate the buffer with size as samplesCount * sizeof(nvmlSample_t).

lastSeenTimeStamp represents CPU timestamp in microseconds. Set it to 0 to fetch all the samples maintained by the underlying buffer. Set lastSeenTimeStamp to one of the timeStamps retrieved from the date of the previous query to get more recent samples.

This method fetches the number of entries which can be accommodated in the provided samples array, and the reference samplesCount is updated to indicate how many samples were actually retrieved. The advantage of using this method for samples in contrast to polling via existing methods is to get get higher frequency data at lower polling cost.
nvmlReturn_t nvmlDeviceGetBAR1MemoryInfo (nvmlDevice_t device, nvmlBAR1Memory_t *bar1Memory)

Parameters

device
The identifier of the target device

bar1Memory
Reference in which BAR1 memory information is returned.

Returns

- NVML_SUCCESS if BAR1 memory is successfully retrieved
- NVML_ERROR_UNINITIALIZED if the library has not been successfully initialized
- NVML_ERROR_INVALID_ARGUMENT if device is invalid, bar1Memory is NULL
- NVML_ERROR_NOT_SUPPORTED if this query is not supported by the device
- NVML_ERROR_GPU_IS_LOST if the target GPU has fallen off the bus or is otherwise inaccessible
- NVML_ERROR_UNKNOWN on any unexpected error

Description

Gets Total, Available and Used size of BAR1 memory.

BAR1 is used to map the FB (device memory) so that it can be directly accessed by the CPU or by 3rd party devices (peer-to-peer on the PCIE bus).

KEPLER_OR_NEWER%

nvmlReturn_t nvmlDeviceGetViolationStatus (nvmlDevice_t device, nvmlPerfPolicyType_t perfPolicyType, nvmlViolationTime_t *violTime)

Parameters

device
The identifier of the target device

perfPolicyType
Represents Performance policy which can trigger GPU throttling

violTime
Reference to which violation time related information is returned
Returns

- NVML_SUCCESS if violation time is successfully retrieved
- NVML_ERROR_UNINITIALIZED if the library has not been successfully initialized
- NVML_ERROR_INVALID_ARGUMENT if device is invalid, perfPolicyType is invalid, or violTime is NULL
- NVML_ERROR_NOT_SUPPORTED if this query is not supported by the device
- NVML_ERROR_GPU_IS_LOST if the target GPU has fallen off the bus or is otherwise inaccessible

Description

Gets the duration of time during which the device was throttled (lower than requested clocks) due to power or thermal constraints.

The method is important to users who are trying to understand if their GPUs throttle at any point during their applications. The difference in violation times at two different reference times gives the indication of GPU throttling event.

Violation for thermal capping is not supported at this time.

KEPLER_OR_NEWER%

```c
nvmlReturn_t nvmlDeviceGetRetiredPages(nvmlDevice_t device, nvmlPageRetirementCause_t cause, unsigned int *pageCount, unsigned long long *addresses)
```

Parameters

**device**
- The identifier of the target device

**cause**
- Filter page addresses by cause of retirement

**pageCount**
- Reference in which to provide the addresses buffer size, and to return the number of retired pages that match cause Set to 0 to query the size without allocating an addresses buffer

**addresses**
- Buffer to write the page addresses into

Returns

- NVML_SUCCESS if pageCount was populated and addresses was filled
Modules

- NVML_ERROR_INSUFFICIENT_SIZE if pageCount indicates the buffer is not large enough to store all the matching page addresses. pageCount is set to the needed size.
- NVML_ERROR_UNINITIALIZED if the library has not been successfully initialized
- NVML_ERROR_INVALID_ARGUMENT if device is invalid, pageCount is NULL, cause is invalid, or addresses is NULL
- NVML_ERROR_NOT_SUPPORTED if the device doesn't support this feature
- NVML_ERROR_GPU_IS_LOST if the target GPU has fallen off the bus or is otherwise inaccessible
- NVML_ERROR_UNKNOWN on any unexpected error

Description

Returns the list of retired pages by source, including pages that are pending retirement. The address information provided from this API is the hardware address of the page that was retired. Note that this does not match the virtual address used in CUDA, but will match the address information in XID 63 KEPLER_OR_NEWER%

```
nvmlReturn_t nvmlDeviceGetRetiredPages_v2
(nvmlDevice_t device, nvmlPageRetirementCause_t cause, unsigned int *pageCount, unsigned long long *addresses, unsigned long long *timestamps)
```

Parameters

device
  The identifier of the target device
cause
  Filter page addresses by cause of retirement
pageCount
  Reference in which to provide the addresses buffer size, and to return the number of retired pages that match cause. Set to 0 to query the size without allocating an addresses buffer
addresses
  Buffer to write the page addresses into
timestamps
  Buffer to write the timestamps of page retirement, additional for _v2

Returns

- NVML_SUCCESS if pageCount was populated and addresses was filled
- NVML_ERROR_INSUFFICIENT_SIZE if pageCount indicates the buffer is not large enough to store all the matching page addresses. pageCount is set to the needed size.
- NVML_ERROR_UNINITIALIZED if the library has not been successfully initialized
- NVML_ERROR_INVALID_ARGUMENT if device is invalid, pageCount is NULL, cause is invalid, or addresses is NULL
- NVML_ERROR_NOT_SUPPORTED if the device doesn't support this feature
- NVML_ERROR_GPU_IS_LOST if the target GPU has fallen off the bus or is otherwise inaccessible
- NVML_ERROR_UNKNOWN on any unexpected error

Description

Returns the list of retired pages by source, including pages that are pending retirement. The address information provided from this API is the hardware address of the page that was retired. Note that this does not match the virtual address used in CUDA, but will match the address information in XID 63.

nvmlDeviceGetRetiredPages_v2 adds an additional timestamps parameter to return the time of each page's retirement.

KEPLER_OR_NEWER%

nvmlReturn_t nvmlDeviceGetRetiredPagesPendingStatus(nvmlDevice_t device, nvmlEnableState_t *isPending)

Parameters

device
  The identifier of the target device

isPending
  Reference in which to return the pending status

Returns

- NVML_SUCCESS if isPending was populated
- NVML_ERROR_UNINITIALIZED if the library has not been successfully initialized
- NVML_ERROR_INVALID_ARGUMENT if device is invalid or isPending is NULL
- NVML_ERROR_NOT_SUPPORTED if the device doesn't support this feature
- NVML_ERROR_GPU_IS_LOST if the target GPU has fallen off the bus or is otherwise inaccessible
- NVML_ERROR_UNKNOWN on any unexpected error
2.15. Unit Commands

This chapter describes NVML operations that change the state of the unit. For S-class products, each of these requires root/admin access. Non-admin users will see an NVML_ERROR_NO_PERMIS SSION error code when invoking any of these methods.

\texttt{nvmlReturn\_t \textbf{nvmlUnitSetLedState} (nvmlUnit\_t \textit{unit}, nvmlLedColor\_t \textit{color})}

**Parameters**

- `\textit{unit}`: The identifier of the target unit
- `\textit{color}`: The target LED color

**Returns**

- NVML\_SUCCESS if the LED color has been set
- NVML\_ERROR\_UNINITIALIZED if the library has not been successfully initialized
- NVML\_ERROR\_INVALID\_ARGUMENT if unit or color is invalid
- NVML\_ERROR\_NOT\_SUPPORTED if this is not an S-class product
- NVML\_ERROR\_NO\_PERMISSION if the user doesn't have permission to perform this operation
- NVML\_ERROR\_UNKNOWN on any unexpected error

**Description**

Set the LED state for the unit. The LED can be either green (0) or amber (1).

S\_CLASS\% Requires root/admin permissions.

This operation takes effect immediately.

**Current S-Class products don't provide unique LEDs for each unit. As such, both front and back LEDs will be toggled in unison regardless of which unit is specified with this command.**

See \texttt{nvmlLedColor\_t} for available colors.
See also:

nvmlUnitGetLedState()

2.16. Device Commands

This chapter describes NVML operations that change the state of the device. Each of these requires root/admin access. Non-admin users will see an NVML_ERROR_NO_PERMISSION error code when invoking any of these methods.

nvmlReturn_t nvmlDeviceSetPersistenceMode(nvmlDevice_t device, nvmlEnableState_t mode)

Parameters

device
The identifier of the target device

mode
The target persistence mode

Returns

- NVML_SUCCESS if the persistence mode was set
- NVML_ERROR_UNINITIALIZED if the library has not been successfully initialized
- NVML_ERROR_INVALID_ARGUMENT if device is invalid or mode is invalid
- NVML_ERROR_NOT_SUPPORTED if the device does not support this feature
- NVML_ERROR_NO_PERMISSION if the user doesn't have permission to perform this operation
- NVML_ERROR_GPU_IS_LOST if the target GPU has fallen off the bus or is otherwise inaccessible
- NVML_ERROR_UNKNOWN on any unexpected error

Description

Set the persistence mode for the device.

ALL_PRODUCTS% For Linux only. Requires root/admin permissions.

The persistence mode determines whether the GPU driver software is torn down after the last client exits.

This operation takes effect immediately. It is not persistent across reboots. After each reboot the persistence mode is reset to "Disabled".

See nvmlEnableState_t for available modes.
After calling this API with mode set to NVML_FEATURE_DISABLED on a device that has its own NUMA memory, the given device handle will no longer be valid, and to continue to interact with this device, a new handle should be obtained from one of the nvmlDeviceGetHandleBy*() APIs. This limitation is currently only applicable to devices that have a coherent NVLink connection to system memory.

See also:
nvmlDeviceGetPersistenceMode()

`nvmlReturn_t nvmlDeviceSetComputeMode (nvmlDevice_t device, nvmlComputeMode_t mode)`

**Parameters**

- **device**
  - The identifier of the target device
- **mode**
  - The target compute mode

**Returns**

- NVML_SUCCESS if the compute mode was set
- NVML_ERROR_UNINITIALIZED if the library has not been successfully initialized
- NVML_ERROR_INVALID_ARGUMENT if device is invalid or mode is invalid
- NVML_ERROR_NOT_SUPPORTED if the device does not support this feature
- NVML_ERROR_NO_PERMISSION if the user doesn’t have permission to perform this operation
- NVML_ERROR_GPU_IS_LOST if the target GPU has fallen off the bus or is otherwise inaccessible
- NVML_ERROR_UNKNOWN on any unexpected error

**Description**

Set the compute mode for the device.

ALL_PRODUCTS% Requires root/admin permissions.

The compute mode determines whether a GPU can be used for compute operations and whether it can be shared across contexts.

This operation takes effect immediately. Under Linux it is not persistent across reboots and always reset to "Default". Under windows it is persistent.

Under windows compute mode may only be set to DEFAULT when running in WDDM

See `nvmlComputeMode_t` for details on available compute modes.
See also:

nvmlDeviceGetComputeMode()

nvmlReturn_t nvmlDeviceSetEccMode (nvmlDevice_t device, nvmlEnableState_t ecc)

Parameters

device
The identifier of the target device
ecc
The target ECC mode

Returns

‣ NVML_SUCCESS if the ECC mode was set
‣ NVML_ERROR_UNINITIALIZED if the library has not been successfully initialized
‣ NVML_ERROR_INVALID_ARGUMENT if device is invalid or ecc is invalid
‣ NVML_ERROR_NOT_SUPPORTED if the device does not support this feature
‣ NVML_ERROR_NO_PERMISSION if the user doesn't have permission to perform this operation
‣ NVML_ERROR_GPU_IS_LOST if the target GPU has fallen off the bus or is otherwise inaccessible
‣ NVML_ERROR_UNKNOWN on any unexpected error

Description

Set the ECC mode for the device.

KEPLER_OR_NEWER% Only applicable to devices with ECC. Requires NVML_INFOROM_ECC version 1.0 or higher. Requires root/admin permissions.

The ECC mode determines whether the GPU enables its ECC support.

This operation takes effect after the next reboot.

See nvmlEnableState_t for details on available modes.

See also:

nvmlDeviceGetEccMode()
nvmlReturn_t nvmlDeviceClearEccErrorCounts(nvmlDevice_t device, nvmlEccCounterType_t counterType)

Parameters

device
The identifier of the target device

counterType
Flag that indicates which type of errors should be cleared.

Returns

- NVML_SUCCESS if the error counts were cleared
- NVML_ERROR_UNINITIALIZED if the library has not been successfully initialized
- NVML_ERROR_INVALID_ARGUMENT if device is invalid or counterType is invalid
- NVML_ERROR_NOT_SUPPORTED if the device does not support this feature
- NVML_ERROR_NO_PERMISSION if the user doesn't have permission to perform this operation
- NVML_ERROR_GPU_IS_LOST if the target GPU has fallen off the bus or is otherwise inaccessible
- NVML_ERROR_UNKnown on any unexpected error

Description
Clear the ECC error and other memory error counts for the device.

KEPLER_OR_NEWER% Only applicable to devices with ECC. Requires NVML_INFOROM_ECC version 2.0 or higher to clear aggregate location-based ECC counts. Requires NVML_INFOROM_ECC version 1.0 or higher to clear all other ECC counts. Requires root/admin permissions. Requires ECC Mode to be enabled.

Sets all of the specified ECC counters to 0, including both detailed and total counts.

This operation takes effect immediately.

See nvmlMemoryErrorType_t for details on available counter types.

See also:

- nvmlDeviceGetDetailedEccErrors()
- nvmlDeviceGetTotalEccErrors()
nvmlReturn_t nvmlDeviceSetDriverModel (nvmlDevice_t device, nvmlDriverModel_t driverModel, unsigned int flags)

Parameters

device
   The identifier of the target device
driverModel
   The target driver model
flags
   Flags that change the default behavior

Returns

- NVML_SUCCESS if the driver model has been set
- NVML_ERROR_UNINITIALIZED if the library has not been successfully initialized
- NVML_ERROR_INVALID_ARGUMENT if device is invalid or driverModel is invalid
- NVML_ERROR_NOT_SUPPORTED if the platform is not windows or the device does not support this feature
- NVML_ERROR_NO_PERMISSION if the user doesn’t have permission to perform this operation
- NVML_ERROR_GPU_IS_LOST if the target GPU has fallen off the bus or is otherwise inaccessible
- NVML_ERROR_UNKNOWN on any unexpected error

Description

Set the driver model for the device.

FERMI_OR_NEWER% For windows only. Requires root/admin permissions.

On Windows platforms the device driver can run in either WDDM or WDM (TCC) mode. If a display is attached to the device it must run in WDDM mode.

It is possible to force the change to WDM (TCC) while the display is still attached with a force flag (nvmlFlagForce). This should only be done if the host is subsequently powered down and the display is detached from the device before the next reboot.

This operation takes effect after the next reboot.

Windows driver model may only be set to WDDM when running in DEFAULT compute mode.
Change driver model to WDDM is not supported when GPU doesn’t support graphics acceleration or will not support it after reboot. See `nvmlDeviceSetGpuOperationMode`.

See `nvmlDriverModel_t` for details on available driver models. See `nvmlFlagDefault` and `nvmlFlagForce`

See also:

`nvmlDeviceGetDriverModel()`

nvmlReturn_t nvmlDeviceSetGpuLockedClocks (nvmlDevice_t device, unsigned int minGpuClockMHz, unsigned int maxGpuClockMHz)

**Parameters**

**device**

The identifier of the target device

**minGpuClockMHz**

Requested minimum gpu clock in MHz

**maxGpuClockMHz**

Requested maximum gpu clock in MHz

**Returns**

- NVML_SUCCESS if new settings were successfully set
- NVML_ERROR_UNINITIALIZED if the library has not been successfully initialized
- NVML_ERROR_INVALID_ARGUMENT if device is invalid or minGpuClockMHz and maxGpuClockMHz is not a valid clock combination
- NVML_ERROR_NO_PERMISSION if the user doesn’t have permission to perform this operation
- NVML_ERROR_NOT_SUPPORTED if the device doesn’t support this feature
- NVML_ERROR_GPU_IS_LOST if the target GPU has fallen off the bus or is otherwise inaccessible
- NVML_ERROR_UNKNOWN on any unexpected error

**Description**

Set clocks that device will lock to.

Sets the clocks that the device will be running at to the value in the range of minGpuClockMHz to maxGpuClockMHz. Setting this will supercede application clock values and take effect regardless if a cuda app is running. See `/ref nvmlDeviceSetApplicationsClocks`
Can be used as a setting to request constant performance.

Requires root/admin permissions.

After system reboot or driver reload applications clocks go back to their default value. See nvmlDeviceResetGpuLockedClocks.

VOLTA_OR_NEWER%

nvmlReturn_t nvmlDeviceResetGpuLockedClocks(nvmlDevice_t device)

Parameters

device
   The identifier of the target device

Returns

- NVML_SUCCESS if new settings were successfully set
- NVML_ERROR_UNINITIALIZED if the library has not been successfully initialized
- NVML_ERROR_INVALID_ARGUMENT if device is invalid
- NVML_ERROR_NOT_SUPPORTED if the device does not support this feature
- NVML_ERROR_GPU_IS_LOST if the target GPU has fallen off the bus or is otherwise inaccessible
- NVML_ERROR_UNKNOWN on any unexpected error

Description

Resets the gpu clock to the default value

This is the gpu clock that will be used after system reboot or driver reload. Default values are idle clocks, but the current values can be changed using nvmlDeviceSetApplicationsClocks.

See also:

nvmlDeviceSetGpuLockedClocks

VOLTA_OR_NEWER%
nvmlReturn_t nvmlDeviceSetApplicationsClocks
(nvmlDevice_t device, unsigned int memClockMHz,
unsigned int graphicsClockMHz)

Parameters

device
The identifier of the target device
memClockMHz
Requested memory clock in MHz
graphicsClockMHz
Requested graphics clock in MHz

Returns

‣ NVML_SUCCESS if new settings were successfully set
‣ NVML_ERROR_UNINITIALIZED if the library has not been successfully initialized
‣ NVML_ERROR_INVALID_ARGUMENT if device is invalid or memClockMHz and
  graphicsClockMHz is not a valid clock combination
‣ NVML_ERROR_NO_PERMISSION if the user doesn't have permission to perform
  this operation
‣ NVML_ERROR_NOT_SUPPORTED if the device doesn't support this feature
‣ NVML_ERROR_GPU_IS_LOST if the target GPU has fallen off the bus or is
  otherwise inaccessible
‣ NVML_ERROR_UNKNOWN on any unexpected error

Description
Set clocks that applications will lock to.

Sets the clocks that compute and graphics applications will be running at. e.g. CUDA
driver requests these clocks during context creation which means this property defines
clocks at which CUDA applications will be running unless some overspec event occurs
(e.g. over power, over thermal or external HW brake).

Can be used as a setting to request constant performance.

On Pascal and newer hardware, this will automatically disable automatic boosting of
clocks.

On K80 and newer Kepler and Maxwell GPUs, users desiring fixed performance
should also call nvmlDeviceSetAutoBoostedClocksEnabled to prevent clocks from
automatically boosting above the clock value being set.

KEPLER_OR_NEWER_GF% Requires root/admin permissions.
See `nvmlDeviceGetSupportedMemoryClocks` and `nvmlDeviceGetSupportedGraphicsClocks` for details on how to list available clocks combinations.

After system reboot or driver reload applications clocks go back to their default value. See `nvmlDeviceResetApplicationsClocks`.

```
nvmlReturn_t nvmlDeviceSetPowerManagementLimit(nvmlDevice_t device, unsigned int limit)
```

**Parameters**

- **device**
  - The identifier of the target device
- **limit**
  - Power management limit in milliwatts to set

**Returns**

- NVML_SUCCESS if limit has been set
- NVML_ERROR_UNINITIALIZED if the library has not been successfully initialized
- NVML_ERROR_INVALID_ARGUMENT if device is invalid or defaultLimit is out of range
- NVML_ERROR_NOT_SUPPORTED if the device does not support this feature
- NVML_ERROR_GPU_IS_LOST if the target GPU has fallen off the bus or is otherwise inaccessible
- NVML_ERROR_UNKNOWN on any unexpected error

**Description**

Set new power limit of this device.

KEPLER_OR_NEWER% Requires root/admin permissions.

See `nvmlDeviceGetPowerManagementLimitConstraints` to check the allowed ranges of values.

Limit is not persistent across reboots or driver unloads. Enable persistent mode to prevent driver from unloading when no application is using the device.

See also:

- `nvmlDeviceGetPowerManagementLimitConstraints`
- `nvmlDeviceGetPowerManagementDefaultLimit`
nvmlReturn_t nvmlDeviceSetGpuOperationMode(nvmlDevice_t device, nvmlGpuOperationMode_t mode)

Parameters

device
  The identifier of the target device

mode
  Target GOM

Returns

- NVML_SUCCESS if mode has been set
- NVML_ERROR_UNINITIALIZED if the library has not been successfully initialized
- NVML_ERROR_INVALID_ARGUMENT if device is invalid or mode incorrect
- NVML_ERROR_NOT_SUPPORTED if the device does not support GOM or specific mode
- NVML_ERROR_NO_PERMISSION if the user doesn't have permission to perform this operation
- NVML_ERROR_GPU_IS_LOST if the target GPU has fallen off the bus or is otherwise inaccessible
- NVML_ERROR_UNKNOWN on any unexpected error

Description

Sets new GOM. See nvmlGpuOperationMode_t for details.

For GK110 M-class and X-class Tesla products from the Kepler family. Modes NVML_GOM_LOW_DP and NVML_GOM_ALL_ON are supported on fully supported GeForce products. Not supported on Quadro and Tesla C-class products. Requires root/admin permissions.

Changing GOMs requires a reboot. The reboot requirement might be removed in the future.

Compute only GOMs don't support graphics acceleration. Under windows switching to these GOMs when pending driver model is WDDM is not supported. See nvmlDeviceSetDriverModel.

See also:

nvmlGpuOperationMode_t
nvmlDeviceGetGpuOperationMode
nvmlReturn_t nvmlDeviceSetAPIRestriction(nvmlDevice_t device, nvmlRestrictedAPI_t apiType, nvmlEnableState_t isRestricted)

Parameters

device
The identifier of the target device

apiType
Target API type for this operation

isRestricted
The target restriction

Returns

‣ NVML_SUCCESS if isRestricted has been set
‣ NVML_ERROR_UNINITIALIZED if the library has not been successfully initialized
‣ NVML_ERROR_INVALID_ARGUMENT if device is invalid or apiType incorrect
‣ NVML_ERROR_NOT_SUPPORTED if the device does not support changing API restrictions or the device does not support the feature that api restrictions are being set for (E.G. Enabling/disabling auto boosted clocks is not supported by the device)
‣ NVML_ERROR_NO_PERMISSION if the user doesn’t have permission to perform this operation
‣ NVML_ERROR_GPU_IS_LOST if the target GPU has fallen off the bus or is otherwise inaccessible
‣ NVML_ERROR_UNKNOWN on any unexpected error

Description

Changes the root/admin restrictions on certain APIs. See nvmlRestrictedAPI_t for the list of supported APIs. This method can be used by a root/admin user to give non-root/admin access to certain otherwise-restricted APIs. The new setting lasts for the lifetime of the NVIDIA driver; it is not persistent. See nvmlDeviceGetAPIRestriction to query the current restriction settings.

KEPLER_OR_NEWER% Requires root/admin permissions.

See also:

nvmlRestrictedAPI_t
2.17. NvLink Methods

This chapter describes methods that NVML can perform on NVLINK enabled devices.

\[
\text{nvmlReturn_t nvmlDeviceGetNvLinkState (nvmlDevice_t device, unsigned int link, nvmlEnableState_t *isActive)}
\]

Parameters

- **device**
  - The identifier of the target device

- **link**
  - Specifies the NvLink link to be queried

- **isActive**
  - nvmlEnableState_t where NVML_FEATURE_ENABLED indicates that the link is active and NVML_FEATURE_DISABLED indicates it is inactive

Returns

- NVML_SUCCESS if isActive has been set
- NVML_ERROR_UNINITIALIZED if the library has not been successfully initialized
- NVML_ERROR_INVALID_ARGUMENT if device or link is invalid or isActive is NULL
- NVML_ERROR_NOT_SUPPORTED if the device doesn't support this feature
- NVML_ERROR_UNKNOWN on any unexpected error

Description

Retrieves the state of the device's NvLink for the link specified

\[
\text{nvmlReturn_t nvmlDeviceGetNvLinkVersion (nvmlDevice_t device, unsigned int link, unsigned int *version)}
\]

Parameters

- **device**
  - The identifier of the target device
Specifications of the NvLink link to be queried

**version**
- Requested NvLink version

**Returns**
- NVML_SUCCESS if version has been set
- NVML_ERROR_UNINITIALIZED if the library has not been successfully initialized
- NVML_ERROR_INVALID_ARGUMENT if device or link is invalid or version is NULL
- NVML_ERROR_NOT_SUPPORTED if the device doesn’t support this feature
- NVML_ERROR_UNKNOWN on any unexpected error

**Description**
Retrieves the version of the device’s NvLink for the link specified

PASCAL_OR_NEWER%

```
nvmlReturn_t nvmlDeviceGetNvLinkCapability
    (nvmlDevice_t device, unsigned int link,
    nvmlNvLinkCapability_t capability, unsigned int *capResult)
```

**Parameters**

- **device**
  - The identifier of the target device
- **link**
  - Specifies the NvLink link to be queried
- **capability**
  - Specifies the nvmlNvLinkCapability_t to be queried
- **capResult**
  - A boolean for the queried capability indicating that feature is available

**Returns**
- NVML_SUCCESS if capResult has been set
- NVML_ERROR_UNINITIALIZED if the library has not been successfully initialized
- NVML_ERROR_INVALID_ARGUMENT if device, link, or capability is invalid or capResult is NULL
- NVML_ERROR_NOT_SUPPORTED if the device doesn’t support this feature
- NVML_ERROR_UNKNOWN on any unexpected error

**Description**
Retrieves the requested capability from the device’s NvLink for the link specified. Please refer to the `nvmlNvLinkCapability_t` structure for the specific caps that can be queried. The return value should be treated as a boolean.

PASCAL_OR_NEWER%

```c
nvmlReturn_t nvmlDeviceGetNvLinkRemotePciInfo(nvmlDevice_t device, unsigned int link, nvmlPciInfo_t *pci)
```

**Parameters**
- **device**
  - The identifier of the target device
- **link**
  - Specifies the NvLink link to be queried
- **pci**
  - `nvmlPciInfo_t` of the remote node for the specified link

**Returns**
- NVML_SUCCESS if pci has been set
- NVML_ERROR_UNINITIALIZED if the library has not been successfully initialized
- NVML_ERROR_INVALID_ARGUMENT if device or link is invalid or pci is NULL
- NVML_ERROR_NOT_SUPPORTED if the device doesn’t support this feature
- NVML_ERROR_UNKNOWN on any unexpected error

**Description**
Retrieves the PCI information for the remote node on a NvLink link. Note: pciSubSystemId is not filled in this function and is indeterminate.

PASCAL_OR_NEWER%

```c
nvmlReturn_t nvmlDeviceGetNvLinkErrorCounter(nvmlDevice_t device, unsigned int link,
```

```c
```

```c
```

```c
```
nvmlNvLinkErrorCounter_t counter, unsigned long long *counterValue)

Parameters

device
  The identifier of the target device

link
  Specifies the NvLink link to be queried

counter
  Specifies the NvLink counter to be queried

counterValue
  Returned counter value

Returns

▶ NVML_SUCCESS if counter has been set
▶ NVML_ERROR_UNINITIALIZED if the library has not been successfully initialized
▶ NVML_ERROR_INVALID_ARGUMENT if device, link, or counter is invalid or counterValue is NULL
▶ NVML_ERROR_NOT_SUPPORTED if the device doesn’t support this feature
▶ NVML_ERROR_UNKNOWN on any unexpected error

Description

Retrieves the specified error counter value Please refer to nvmlNvLinkErrorCounter_t for error counters that are available

PASCAL_OR_NEWER%

nvmlReturn_t nvmlDeviceResetNvLinkErrorCounters (nvmlDevice_t device, unsigned int link)

Parameters

device
  The identifier of the target device

link
  Specifies the NvLink link to be queried

Returns

▶ NVML_SUCCESS if the reset is successful
▶ NVML_ERROR_UNINITIALIZED if the library has not been successfully initialized
- NVML_ERROR_INVALID_ARGUMENT if device or link is invalid
- NVML_ERROR_NOT_SUPPORTED if the device doesn’t support this feature
- NVML_ERROR_UNKNOWN on any unexpected error

**Description**

Resets all error counters to zero. Please refer to `nvmlNvLinkErrorCounter_t` for the list of error counters that are reset.

PASCAL_OR_NEWER%

```c
nvmlReturn_t nvmlDeviceSetNvLinkUtilizationControl(nvmlDevice_t device, unsigned int link, unsigned int counter, nvmlNvLinkUtilizationControl_t *control, unsigned int reset)
```

**Parameters**

- **device**
  The identifier of the target device

- **link**
  Specifies the NvLink link to be queried

- **counter**
  Specifies the counter that should be set (0 or 1).

- **control**
  A reference to the `nvmlNvLinkUtilizationControl_t` to set

- **reset**
  Resets the counters on set if non-zero

**Returns**

- NVML_SUCCESS if the control has been set successfully
- NVML_ERROR_UNINITIALIZED if the library has not been successfully initialized
- NVML_ERROR_INVALID_ARGUMENT if device, counter, link, or control is invalid
- NVML_ERROR_NOT_SUPPORTED if the device doesn’t support this feature
- NVML_ERROR_UNKNOWN on any unexpected error

**Description**

Set the NVLINK utilization counter control information for the specified counter, 0 or 1. Please refer to `nvmlNvLinkUtilizationControl_t` for the structure definition. Performs a reset of the counters if the reset parameter is non-zero.
PASCAL_OR_NEWER%

nvmlReturn_t nvmlDeviceGetNvLinkUtilizationControl
(nvmlDevice_t device, unsigned int link, unsigned int counter,
 nvmlNvLinkUtilizationControl_t *control)

Parameters

device
  The identifier of the target device
link
  Specifies the NvLink link to be queried
counter
  Specifies the counter that should be set (0 or 1).
control
  A reference to the nvmlNvLinkUtilizationControl_t to place information

Returns

‣ NVML_SUCCESS if the control has been set successfully
‣ NVML_ERROR_UNINITIALIZED if the library has not been successfully initialized
‣ NVML_ERROR_INVALID_ARGUMENT if device, counter, link, or control is invalid
‣ NVML_ERROR_NOT_SUPPORTED if the device doesn't support this feature
‣ NVML_ERROR_UNKNOWN on any unexpected error

Description
Get the NVLINK utilization counter control information for the specified counter, 0 or 1. Please refer to nvmlNvLinkUtilizationControl_t for the structure definition

PASCAL_OR_NEWER%

nvmlReturn_t nvmlDeviceGetNvLinkUtilizationCounter
(nvmlDevice_t device, unsigned int link, unsigned int counter,
 unsigned long long *rxcounter, unsigned long long *txcounter)

Parameters

device
  The identifier of the target device
link
   Specifies the NvLink link to be queried
counter
   Specifies the counter that should be read (0 or 1).
rxcounter
   Receive counter return value
txcounter
   Transmit counter return value

Returns
- NVML_SUCCESS if rxcounter and txcounter have been successfully set
- NVML_ERROR_UNINITIALIZED if the library has not been successfully initialized
- NVML_ERROR_INVALID_ARGUMENT if device, counter, or link is invalid or
  rxcounter or txcounter are NULL
- NVML_ERROR_NOT_SUPPORTED if the device doesn’t support this feature
- NVML_ERROR_UNKNOWN on any unexpected error

Description
Retrieve the NVLINK utilization counter based on the current control for a specified
counter. In general it is good practice to use nvmlDeviceSetNvLinkUtilizationControl
before reading the utilization counters as they have no default state

PASCAL_OR_NEWER%

nvmlReturn_t
nvmlDeviceFreezeNvLinkUtilizationCounter
(nvmlDevice_t device, unsigned int link, unsigned int
counter, nvmlEnableState_t freeze)

Parameters

device
   The identifier of the target device
link
   Specifies the NvLink link to be queried
counter
   Specifies the counter that should be frozen (0 or 1).
freeze
   NVML_FEATURE_ENABLED = freeze the receive and transmit counters
   NVML_FEATURE_DISABLED = unfreeze the receive and transmit counters
Returns

- NVML_SUCCESS if counters were successfully frozen or unfrozen
- NVML_ERROR_UNINITIALIZED if the library has not been successfully initialized
- NVML_ERROR_INVALID_ARGUMENT if device, link, counter, or freeze is invalid
- NVML_ERROR_NOT_SUPPORTED if the device doesn't support this feature
- NVML_ERROR_UNKNOWN on any unexpected error

Description

Freeze the NVLINK utilization counters Both the receive and transmit counters are
operated on by this function

PASCAL_OR_NEWER%

```
nvmlReturn_t nvmlDeviceResetNvLinkUtilizationCounter(nvmlDevice_t device, unsigned int link, unsigned int counter)
```

Parameters

- device
  The identifier of the target device
- link
  Specifies the NvLink link to be reset
- counter
  Specifies the counter that should be reset (0 or 1)

Returns

- NVML_SUCCESS if counters were successfully reset
- NVML_ERROR_UNINITIALIZED if the library has not been successfully initialized
- NVML_ERROR_INVALID_ARGUMENT if device, link, or counter is invalid
- NVML_ERROR_NOT_SUPPORTED if the device doesn't support this feature
- NVML_ERROR_UNKNOWN on any unexpected error

Description

Reset the NVLINK utilization counters Both the receive and transmit counters are
operated on by this function

PASCAL_OR_NEWER%
2.18. Event Handling Methods

This chapter describes methods that NVML can perform against each device to register and wait for some event to occur.

**struct nvmlEventData_t**

**Event Types**

**typedef struct nvmlEventSet_st *nvmlEventSet_t**

Handle to an event set

**nvmlReturn_t nvmlEventSetCreate (nvmlEventSet_t *set)**

**Parameters**

- `set` Reference in which to return the event handle

**Returns**

- NVML_SUCCESS if the event has been set
- NVML_ERROR_UNINITIALIZED if the library has not been successfully initialized
- NVML_ERROR_INVALID_ARGUMENT if set is NULL
- NVML_ERROR_UNKNOWN on any unexpected error

**Description**

Create an empty set of events. Event set should be freed by `nvmlEventSetFree`

**FERMI_OR_NEWER%**

**See also:**

- `nvmlEventSetFree`
nvmlReturn_t nvmlDeviceRegisterEvents (nvmlDevice_t device, unsigned long long eventTypes, nvmlEventSet_t set)

Parameters

device
  The identifier of the target device
eventTypes
  Bitmask of Event Types to record
set
  Set to which add new event types

Returns

- NVML_SUCCESS if the event has been set
- NVML_ERROR_UNINITIALIZED if the library has not been successfully initialized
- NVML_ERROR_INVALID_ARGUMENT if eventTypes is invalid or set is NULL
- NVML_ERROR_NOT_SUPPORTED if the platform does not support this feature or some of requested event types
- NVML_ERROR_GPU_IS_LOST if the target GPU has fallen off the bus or is otherwise inaccessible
- NVML_ERROR_UNKNOWN on any unexpected error

Description

Starts recording of events on a specified devices and add the events to specified nvmlEventSet_t

FERMI_OR_NEWER% Ecc events are available only on ECC enabled devices (see nvmlDeviceGetTotalEccErrors) Power capping events are available only on Power Management enabled devices (see nvmlDeviceGetPowerManagementMode)

For Linux only.

IMPORTANT: Operations on set are not thread safe

This call starts recording of events on specific device. All events that occurred before this call are not recorded. Checking if some event occurred can be done with nvmlEventSetWait

If function reports NVML_ERROR_UNKNOWN, event set is in undefined state and should be freed. If function reports NVML_ERROR_NOT_SUPPORTED, event set can still be used. None of the requested eventTypes are registered in that case.
See also:
Event Types
nvmlDeviceGetSupportedEventTypes
nvmlEventSetWait
nvmlEventSetFree

tnlReturn_t nvmlDeviceGetSupportedEventTypes(
nvmlDevice_t device, unsigned long long *eventTypes)

Parameters
device
The identifier of the target device
eventTypes
Reference in which to return bitmask of supported events

Returns
‣ NVML_SUCCESS if the eventTypes has been set
‣ NVML_ERROR_UNINITIALIZED if the library has not been successfully initialized
‣ NVML_ERROR_INVALID_ARGUMENT if eventType is NULL
‣ NVML_ERROR_GPU_IS_LOST if the target GPU has fallen off the bus or is otherwise inaccessible
‣ NVML_ERROR_UNKNOWN on any unexpected error

Description
Returns information about events supported on device

FERMI_OR_NEWER%
Events are not supported on Windows. So this function returns an empty mask in eventTypes on Windows.

See also:
Event Types
nvmlDeviceRegisterEvents
nvmlReturn_t nvmlEventSetWait (nvmlEventSet_t set, nvmlEventData_t *data, unsigned int timeoutms)

Parameters

set
Reference to set of events to wait on

data
Reference in which to return event data

timeoutms
Maximum amount of wait time in milliseconds for registered event

Returns

- NVML_SUCCESS if the data has been set
- NVML_ERROR_UNINITIALIZED if the library has not been successfully initialized
- NVML_ERROR_INVALID_ARGUMENT if data is NULL
- NVML_ERROR_TIMEOUT if no event arrived in specified timeout or interrupt arrived
- NVML_ERROR_GPU_IS_LOST if a GPU has fallen off the bus or is otherwise inaccessible
- NVML_ERROR_UNKNOWN on any unexpected error

Description

Waits on events and delivers events

FERMI_OR_NEWER%

If some events are ready to be delivered at the time of the call, function returns immediately. If there are no events ready to be delivered, function sleeps till event arrives but not longer than specified timeout. This function in certain conditions can return before specified timeout passes (e.g. when interrupt arrives)

In case of xid error, the function returns the most recent xid error type seen by the system. If there are multiple xid errors generated before nvmlEventSetWait is invoked then the last seen xid error type is returned for all xid error events.

See also:

Event Types
nvmlDeviceRegisterEvents
nvmlReturn_t nvmlEventSetFree (nvmlEventSet_t set)

Parameters

set
   Reference to events to be released

Returns

‣ NVML_SUCCESS if the event has been successfully released
‣ NVML_ERROR_UNINITIALIZED if the library has not been successfully initialized
‣ NVML_ERROR_UNKNOWN on any unexpected error

Description

Releases events in the set

FERMI_OR_NEWER%

See also:

nvmlDeviceRegisterEvents

2.18.1. Event Types

Event Handling Methods

Event Types which user can be notified about. See description of particular functions for details.

See nvmlDeviceRegisterEvents and nvmlDeviceGetSupportedEventTypes to check which devices support each event.

Types can be combined with bitwise or operator ‘|’ when passed to nvmlDeviceRegisterEvents

#define nvmlEventTypeSingleBitEccError 0x0000000000000001LL
Event about single bit ECC errors.

A corrected texture memory error is not an ECC error, so it does not generate a single bit event
#define nvmlEventTypeDoubleBitEccError 0x0000000000000002LL
Event about double bit ECC errors.

An uncorrected texture memory error is not an ECC error, so it does not generate a double bit event

#define nvmlEventTypePState 0x0000000000000004LL
Event about PState changes.

On Fermi architecture PState changes are also an indicator that GPU is throttling down due to no work being executed on the GPU, power capping or thermal capping. In a typical situation, Fermi-based GPU should stay in P0 for the duration of the execution of the compute process.

#define nvmlEventTypeXidCriticalError 0x0000000000000008LL
Event that Xid critical error occurred.

#define nvmlEventTypeClock 0x0000000000000010LL
Event about clock changes.
Kepler only

#define nvmlEventTypeNone 0x0000000000000000LL
Mask with no events.

#define nvmlEventTypeAll (nvmlEventTypeNone \ | nvmlEventTypeSingleBitEccError \ | nvmlEventTypeDoubleBitEccError \ | nvmlEventTypePState \ | nvmlEventTypeClock \ | nvmlEventTypeXidCriticalError \ )
Mask of all events.

2.19. Drain states

This chapter describes methods that NVML can perform against each device to control their drain state and recognition by NVML and NVIDIA kernel driver. These methods can be used with out-of-band tools to power on/off GPUs, enable robust reset scenarios, etc.
nvmlReturn_t nvmlDeviceModifyDrainState
(nvmlPciInfo_t *pciInfo, nvmlEnableState_t newState)

Parameters

pciInfo
The PCI address of the GPU drain state to be modified

newState
The drain state that should be entered, see nvmlEnableState_t

Returns

• NVML_SUCCESS if counters were successfully reset
• NVML_ERROR_UNINITIALIZED if the library has not been successfully initialized
• NVML_ERROR_INVALID_ARGUMENT if nvmlIndex or newState is invalid
• NVML_ERROR_NOT_SUPPORTED if the device doesn’t support this feature
• NVML_ERROR_NO_PERMISSION if the calling process has insufficient permissions to perform operation
• NVML_ERROR_IN_USE if the device has persistence mode turned on
• NVML_ERROR_UNKNOWN on any unexpected error

Description

Modify the drain state of a GPU. This method forces a GPU to no longer accept new incoming requests. Any new NVML process will no longer see this GPU. Persistence mode for this GPU must be turned off before this call is made. Must be called as administrator. For Linux only.

PASCAL_OR_NEWER% Some Kepler devices supported.

nvmlReturn_t nvmlDeviceQueryDrainState
(nvmlPciInfo_t *pciInfo, nvmlEnableState_t *currentState)

Parameters

pciInfo
The PCI address of the GPU drain state to be queried

currentState
The current drain state for this GPU, see nvmlEnableState_t
Returns

- NVML_SUCCESS if counters were successfully reset
- NVML_ERROR_UNINITIALIZED if the library has not been successfully initialized
- NVML_ERROR_INVALID_ARGUMENT if nvmlIndex or currentState is invalid
- NVML_ERROR_NOT_SUPPORTED if the device doesn’t support this feature
- NVML_ERROR_UNKNOWN on any unexpected error

Description

Query the drain state of a GPU. This method is used to check if a GPU is in a currently draining state. For Linux only.

PASCAL_OR_NEWER% Some Kepler devices supported.

```
nvmlReturn_t nvmlDeviceRemoveGpu (nvmlPciInfo_t *pciInfo, nvmlDetachGpuState_t gpuState, nvmlPcieLinkState_t linkState)
```

Parameters

- pciInfo
  The PCI address of the GPU to be removed
- gpuState
  Whether the GPU is to be removed, from the OS see nvmlDetachGpuState_t
- linkState
  Requested upstream PCIe link state, see nvmlPcieLinkState_t

Returns

- NVML_SUCCESS if counters were successfully reset
- NVML_ERROR_UNINITIALIZED if the library has not been successfully initialized
- NVML_ERROR_INVALID_ARGUMENT if nvmlIndex is invalid
- NVML_ERROR_NOT_SUPPORTED if the device doesn’t support this feature
- NVML_ERROR_IN_USE if the device is still in use and cannot be removed

Description

This method will remove the specified GPU from the view of both NVML and the NVIDIA kernel driver as long as no other processes are attached. If other processes are attached, this call will return NVML_ERROR_IN_USE and the GPU will be returned to its original "draining" state. Note: the only situation where a process can still be attached after nvmlDeviceModifyDrainState() is called to initiate the draining state is if that process was using, and is still using, a GPU before the call was made. Also note,
persistence mode counts as an attachment to the GPU thus it must be disabled prior to this call.

For long-running NVML processes please note that this will change the enumeration of current GPUs. For example, if there are four GPUs present and GPU1 is removed, the new enumeration will be 0-2. Also, device handles after the removed GPU will not be valid and must be re-established. Must be run as administrator. For Linux only.

PASCAL_OR_NEWER% Some Kepler devices supported.

### nvmlReturn_t nvmlDeviceDiscoverGpus (nvmlPciInfo_t *pciInfo)

#### Parameters

- **pciInfo**
  - The PCI tree to be searched. Only the domain, bus, and device fields are used in this call.

#### Returns

- NVML_SUCCESS if counters were successfully reset
- NVML_ERROR_UNINITIALIZED if the library has not been successfully initialized
- NVML_ERROR_INVALID_ARGUMENT if pciInfo is invalid
- NVML_ERROR_NOT_SUPPORTED if the operating system does not support this feature
- NVML_ERROR_OPERATING_SYSTEM if the operating system is denying this feature
- NVML_ERROR_NO_PERMISSION if the calling process has insufficient permissions to perform operation
- NVML_ERROR_UNKNOWN on any unexpected error

#### Description

Request the OS and the NVIDIA kernel driver to rediscover a portion of the PCI subsystem looking for GPUs that were previously removed. The portion of the PCI tree can be narrowed by specifying a domain, bus, and device. If all are zeroes then the entire PCI tree will be searched. Please note that for long-running NVML processes the enumeration will change based on how many GPUs are discovered and where they are inserted in bus order.

In addition, all newly discovered GPUs will be initialized and their ECC scrubbed which may take several seconds per GPU. Also, all device handles are no longer guaranteed to be valid post discovery.
Must be run as administrator. For Linux only.
PASCAL_OR_NEWER% Some Kepler devices supported.

2.20. Field Value Queries

This chapter describes NVML operations that are associated with retrieving Field Values from NVML.

```c
nvmlReturn_t nvmlDeviceGetFieldValues (nvmlDevice_t device, int valuesCount, nvmlFieldValue_t *values)
```

**Parameters**

- `device`:
  The device handle of the GPU to request field values for.

- `valuesCount`:
  Number of entries in `values` that should be retrieved.

- `values`:
  Array of `valuesCount` structures to hold field values. Each value’s `fieldId` must be populated prior to this call.

**Returns**

- `NVML_SUCCESS` if any values in `values` were populated. Note that you must check the `nvmlReturn` field of each value for each individual status.
- `NVML_ERROR_INVALID_ARGUMENT` if `device` is invalid or `values` is NULL.

**Description**

Request values for a list of fields for a device. This API allows multiple fields to be queried at once. If any of the underlying `fieldIds` are populated by the same driver call, the results for those `fieldIds` will be populated from a single call rather than making a driver call for each `fieldId`.

2.21. GRID Virtualization Enums, Constants and Structs

GRID Virtualization Enums
GRID Virtualization Constants

GRID Virtualization Structs

2.21.1. GRID Virtualization Enums
GRID Virtualization Enums, Constants and Structs

enum nvmlGpuVirtualizationMode_t

GPU virtualization mode types.

Values

NVML_GPU_VIRTUALIZATION_MODE_NONE = 0
Repsents Bare Metal GPU.

NVML_GPU_VIRTUALIZATION_MODE_PASSTHROUGH = 1
Device is associated with GPU-Passthrough.

NVML_GPU_VIRTUALIZATION_MODE_VGPU = 2
Device is associated with vGPU inside virtual machine.

NVML_GPU_VIRTUALIZATION_MODE_HOST_VGPU = 3
Device is associated with VGX hypervisor in vGPU mode.

NVML_GPU_VIRTUALIZATION_MODE_HOST_VSGA = 4
Device is associated with VGX hypervisor in vSGA mode.

enum nvmlHostVgpuMode_t

Host vGPU modes

Values

NVML_HOST_VGPU_MODE_NON_SRIOV = 0
Non SR-IOV mode.

NVML_HOST_VGPU_MODE_SRIOV = 1
SR-IOV mode.

enum nvmlVgpuVmIdType_t

Types of VM identifiers

Values

NVML_VGPU_VM_ID_DOMAIN_ID = 0
VM ID represents DOMAIN ID.
NVML_VGPU_VM_ID_UUID = 1
VM ID represents UUID.

enum nvmlVgpuGuestInfoState_t
vGPU GUEST info state.

Values
NVML_VGPU_INSTANCE_GUEST_INFO_STATE_UNINITIALIZED = 0
Guest-dependent fields uninitialized.
NVML_VGPU_INSTANCE_GUEST_INFO_STATE_INITIALIZED = 1
Guest-dependent fields initialized.

enum nvmlGridLicenseFeatureCode_t
GRID license feature code

Values
NVML_GRID_LICENSE_FEATURE_CODE_VGPU = 1
Virtual GPU.
NVML_GRID_LICENSE_FEATURE_CODE_VWORKSTATION = 2
Virtual Workstation.

2.21.2. GRID Virtualization Constants
GRID Virtualization Enums, Constants and Structs

#define NVML_GRID_LICENSE_BUFFER_SIZE 128
Buffer size guaranteed to be large enough for nvmlVgpuTypeGetLicense

#define NVML_VGPU_VIRTUALIZATION_CAP_MIGRATION 0:0
Macros for vGPU instance’s virtualization capabilities bitfield.

#define NVML_VGPU_PGPU_VIRTUALIZATION_CAP_MIGRATION 0:0
Macros for pGPU’s virtualization capabilities bitfield.

2.21.3. GRID Virtualization Structs
GRID Virtualization Enums, Constants and Structs
struct nvmlVgpuInstanceUtilizationSample_t
struct nvmlVgpuProcessUtilizationSample_t
struct nvmlProcessUtilizationSample_t
struct nvmlGridLicensableFeature_t
struct nvmlGridLicensableFeatures_t

2.22. GRID Virtualization APIs

This chapter describes operations that are associated with NVIDIA GRID products.

nvmlReturn_t nvmlDeviceGetVirtualizationMode
(nvmlDevice_t device, nvmlGpuVirtualizationMode_t *pVirtualMode)

Parameters

device
   Identifier of the target device
pVirtualMode
   Reference to virtualization mode. One of NVML_GPU_VIRTUALIZATION_?

Returns

- NVML_SUCCESS if pVirtualMode is fetched
- NVML_ERROR_UNINITIALIZED if the library has not been successfully initialized
- NVML_ERROR_INVALID_ARGUMENT if device is invalid or pVirtualMode is NULL
- NVML_ERROR_GPU_IS_LOST if the target GPU has fallen off the bus or is otherwise inaccessible
- NVML_ERROR_UNKNOWN on any unexpected error

Description

This method is used to get the virtualization mode corresponding to the GPU.

KEPLER_OR_NEWER%
nvmlReturn_t nvmlDeviceGetHostVgpuMode(nvmlDevice_t device, nvmlHostVgpuMode_t *pHostVgpuMode)

Parameters

device
   The identifier of the target device
pHostVgpuMode
   Reference in which to return the current vGPU mode

Returns

- NVML_SUCCESS if device’s vGPU mode has been successfully retrieved
- NVML_ERROR_INVALID_ARGUMENT if device handle is 0 or pVgpuMode is NULL
- NVML_ERROR_NOT_SUPPORTED if device doesn’t support this feature.
- NVML_ERROR_UNKNOWN if any unexpected error occurred

Description

Queries if SR-IOV host operation is supported on a vGPU supported device.
Checks whether SR-IOV host capability is supported by the device and the driver, and indicates device is in SR-IOV mode if both of these conditions are true.

nvmlReturn_t nvmlDeviceSetVirtualizationMode(nvmlDevice_t device, nvmlGpuVirtualizationMode_t virtualMode)

Parameters

device
   Identifier of the target device
virtualMode
   virtualization mode. One of NVML_GPU_VIRTUALIZATION_?

Returns

- NVML_SUCCESS if pVirtualMode is set
- NVML_ERROR_UNINITIALIZED if the library has not been successfully initialized
- NVML_ERROR_INVALID_ARGUMENT if device is invalid or pVirtualMode is NULL
 NVML_ERROR_GPU_IS_LOST if the target GPU has fallen off the bus or is otherwise inaccessible
 NVML_ERROR_NOT_SUPPORTED if setting of virtualization mode is not supported.
 NVML_ERROR_NO_PERMISSION if setting of virtualization mode is not allowed for this client.

Description
This method is used to set the virtualization mode corresponding to the GPU.

KEPLER_OR_NEWER%

nvmlReturn_t nvmlDeviceGetGridLicensableFeatures(nvmlDevice_t device, nvmlGridLicensableFeatures_t *pGridLicensableFeatures)

Parameters
device
   Identifier of the target device
pGridLicensableFeatures
   Pointer to structure in which GRID licensable features are returned

Returns
 NVML_SUCCESS if licensable features are successfully retrieved
 NVML_ERROR_INVALID_ARGUMENT if pGridLicensableFeatures is NULL
 NVML_ERROR_UNKNOWN on any unexpected error

Description
Retrieve the GRID licensable features.
Identifies whether the system supports GRID Software Licensing. If it does, return the list of licensable feature(s) and their current license status.

nvmlReturn_t nvmlDeviceGetProcessUtilization(nvmlDevice_t device, nvmlProcessUtilizationSample_t
*utilization, unsigned int *processSamplesCount, unsigned long long lastSeenTime Stamp)

Parameters

device
The identifier of the target device

utilization
Pointer to caller-supplied buffer in which guest process utilization samples are returned

processSamplesCount
Pointer to caller-supplied array size, and returns number of processes running

lastSeenTime Stamp
Return only samples with timestamp greater than lastSeenTime Stamp.

Returns

- NVML_SUCCESS if utilization has been populated
- NVML_ERROR_UNINITIALIZED if the library has not been successfully initialized
- NVML_ERROR_INVALID_ARGUMENT if device is invalid, utilization is NULL, or samplingPeriodUs is NULL
- NVML_ERROR_NOT_SUPPORTED if the device does not support this feature
- NVML_ERROR_GPU_IS_LOST if the target GPU has fallen off the bus or is otherwise inaccessible
- NVML_ERROR_UNKNOWN on any unexpected error

Description

Retrieves the current utilization and process ID

MAXWELL OR NEWER%

Reads recent utilization of GPU SM (3D/Compute), framebuffer, video encoder, and video decoder for processes running. Utilization values are returned as an array of utilization sample structures in the caller-supplied buffer pointed at by utilization. One utilization sample structure is returned per process running, that had some non-zero utilization during the last sample period. It includes the CPU timestamp at which the samples were recorded. Individual utilization values are returned as "unsigned int" values.

To read utilization values, first determine the size of buffer required to hold the samples by invoking the function with utilization set to NULL. The caller should allocate a buffer of size processSamplesCount * sizeof(nvmlProcessUtilizationSample_t). Invoke the function again with the allocated buffer passed in utilization, and processSamplesCount set to the number of entries the buffer is sized for.
On successful return, the function updates processSamplesCount with the number of process utilization sample structures that were actually written. This may differ from a previously read value as instances are created or destroyed.

lastSeenTimeStamp represents the CPU timestamp in microseconds at which utilization samples were last read. Set it to 0 to read utilization based on all the samples maintained by the driver’s internal sample buffer. Set lastSeenTimeStamp to a timeStamp retrieved from a previous query to read utilization since the previous query.

2.23. GRID vGPU Management

This chapter describes APIs supporting NVIDIA GRID vGPU

nvmlReturn_t nvmlDeviceGetSupportedVgpus (nvmlDevice_t device, unsigned int *vgpuCount, nvmlVgpuTypeId_t *vgpuTypelds)

Parameters

device
The identifier of the target device

vgpuCount
Pointer to caller-supplied array size, and returns number of vGPU types

vgpuTypelds
Pointer to caller-supplied array in which to return list of vGPU types

Returns

- NVML_SUCCESS successful completion
- NVML_ERROR_INSUFFICIENT_SIZE vgpuTypelds buffer is too small, array element count is returned in vgpuCount
- NVML_ERROR_INVALID_ARGUMENT if vgpuCount is NULL or device is invalid
- NVML_ERROR_NOT_SUPPORTED if vGPU is not supported by the device
- NVML_ERROR_UNKNOWN on any unexpected error

Description

Retrieve the supported vGPU types on a physical GPU (device).

An array of supported vGPU types for the physical GPU indicated by device is returned in the caller-supplied buffer pointed at by vgpuTypelds. The element count of nvmlVgpuTypeld_t array is passed in vgpuCount, and vgpuCount is used to return the number of vGPU types written to the buffer.
If the supplied buffer is not large enough to accommodate the vGPU type array, the function returns NVML_ERROR_INSUFFICIENT_SIZE, with the element count of nvmlVgpuTypeId_t array required in vgpuCount. To query the number of vGPU types supported for the GPU, call this function with *vgpuCount = 0. The code will return NVML_ERROR_INSUFFICIENT_SIZE, or NVML_SUCCESS if no vGPU types are supported.

```
nvmlReturn_t nvmlDeviceGetCreatableVgpus
(nvmlDevice_t device, unsigned int *vgpuCount,
 nvmlVgpuTypeId_t *vgpuTypeIds)
```

Parameters

- **device**
  The identifier of the target device
- **vgpuCount**
  Pointer to caller-supplied array size, and returns number of vGPU types
- **vgpuTypeIds**
  Pointer to caller-supplied array in which to return list of vGPU types

Returns

- NVML_SUCCESS successful completion
- NVML_ERROR_INSUFFICIENT_SIZE vgpuTypeIds buffer is too small, array element count is returned in vgpuCount
- NVML_ERROR_INVALID_ARGUMENT if vgpuCount is NULL
- NVML_ERROR_NOT_SUPPORTED if vGPU is not supported by the device
- NVML_ERROR_UNKNOWN on any unexpected error

Description

Retrieve the currently creatable vGPU types on a physical GPU (device).

An array of creatable vGPU types for the physical GPU indicated by device is returned in the caller-supplied buffer pointed at by vgpuTypeIds. The element count of nvmlVgpuTypeId_t array is passed in vgpuCount, and vgpuCount is used to return the number of vGPU types written to the buffer.

The creatable vGPU types for a device may differ over time, as there may be restrictions on what type of vGPU types can concurrently run on a device. For example, if only one vGPU type is allowed at a time on a device, then the creatable list will be restricted to whatever vGPU type is already running on the device.

If the supplied buffer is not large enough to accommodate the vGPU type array, the function returns NVML_ERROR_INSUFFICIENT_SIZE, with the element count of
nvmlVgpuTypeId_t array required in vgpuCount. To query the number of vGPU types createable for the GPU, call this function with *vgpuCount = 0. The code will return NVML_ERROR_INSUFFICIENT_SIZE, or NVML_SUCCESS if no vGPU types are createable.

```c
nvmlReturn_t nvmlVgpuTypeGetClass
(nvmlVgpuTypeId_t vgpuTypeId, char *vgpuTypeClass,
unsigned int *size)
```

**Parameters**

- **vgpuTypeId**
  - Handle to vGPU type
- **vgpuTypeClass**
  - Pointer to string array to return class in
- **size**
  - Size of string

**Returns**

- NVML_SUCCESS successful completion
- NVML_ERROR_INVALID_ARGUMENT if vgpuTypeId is invalid, or vgpuTypeClass is NULL
- NVML_ERROR_INSUFFICIENT_SIZE if size is too small
- NVML_ERROR_UNKNOWN on any unexpected error

**Description**

Retrieve the class of a vGPU type. It will not exceed 64 characters in length (including the NUL terminator). See `nvmlConstants::NVML_DEVICE_NAME_BUFFER_SIZE`.

KEPLER_OR_NEWER%

```c
nvmlReturn_t nvmlVgpuTypeGetName
(nvmlVgpuTypeId_t vgpuTypeId, char *vgpuTypeName,
unsigned int *size)
```

**Parameters**

- **vgpuTypeId**
  - Handle to vGPU type
vgpuTypeName
   Pointer to buffer to return name
size
   Size of buffer

Returns

- NVML_SUCCESS successful completion
- NVML_ERROR_INVALID_ARGUMENT if vgpuTypeId is invalid, or name is NULL
- NVML_ERROR_INSUFFICIENT_SIZE if size is too small
- NVML_ERROR_UNKNOWN on any unexpected error

Description

Retrieve the vGPU type name.

The name is an alphanumeric string that denotes a particular vGPU, e.g. GRID M60-2Q. It will not exceed 64 characters in length (including the NUL terminator). See nvmlConstants::NVML_DEVICE_NAME_BUFFER_SIZE.

KEPLER_OR_NEWER%

nvmlReturn_t nvmlVgpuTypeGetDeviceID
(nvmlVgpuTypeId_t vgpuTypeId, unsigned long long *deviceID, unsigned long long *subsystemID)

Parameters

vgpuTypeId
   Handle to vGPU type
deviceID
   Device ID and vendor ID of the device contained in single 32 bit value
subsystemID
   Subsystem ID and subsytem vendor ID of the device contained in single 32 bit value

Returns

- NVML_SUCCESS successful completion
- NVML_ERROR_UNINITIALIZED if the library has not been successfully initialized
- NVML_ERROR_INVALID_ARGUMENT if vgpuTypeId is invalid, or deviceID or subsystemID are NULL
- NVML_ERROR_UNKNOWN on any unexpected error
Description
Retrieve the device ID of a vGPU type.
KEPLER_OR_NEWER%

```
nvmlReturn_t nvmlVgpuTypeGetFramebufferSize
  (nvmlVgpuTypeId_t vgpuTypeId, unsigned long long *fbSize)
```

Parameters
- **vgpuTypeId**
  Handle to vGPU type
- **fbSize**
  Pointer to framebuffer size in bytes

Returns
- NVML_SUCCESS successful completion
- NVML_ERROR_UNINITIALIZED if the library has not been successfully initialized
- NVML_ERROR_INVALID_ARGUMENT if vgpuTypeId is invalid, or fbSize is NULL
- NVML_ERROR_UNKNOWN on any unexpected error

Description
Retrieve the vGPU framebuffer size in bytes.
KEPLER_OR_NEWER%

```
nvmlReturn_t nvmlVgpuTypeGetNumDisplayHeads
  (nvmlVgpuTypeId_t vgpuTypeId, unsigned int *numDisplayHeads)
```

Parameters
- **vgpuTypeId**
  Handle to vGPU type
- **numDisplayHeads**
  Pointer to number of display heads
Returns

- NVML_SUCCESS successful completion
- NVML_ERROR_UNINITIALIZED if the library has not been successfully initialized
- NVML_ERROR_INVALID_ARGUMENT if vgpuTypeId is invalid, or numDisplayHeads is NULL
- NVML_ERROR_UNKNOWN on any unexpected error

Description

Retrieve count of vGPU’s supported display heads.

KEPLER_OR_NEWER%

nvmlReturn_t nvmlVgpuTypeGetResolution
(nvmlVgpuTypeId_t vgpuTypeId, unsigned int displayIndex, unsigned int *xdim, unsigned int *ydim)

Parameters

- vgpuTypeId
  - Handle to vGPU type
- displayIndex
  - Zero-based index of display head
- xdim
  - Pointer to maximum number of pixels in X dimension
- ydim
  - Pointer to maximum number of pixels in Y dimension

Returns

- NVML_SUCCESS successful completion
- NVML_ERROR_UNINITIALIZED if the library has not been successfully initialized
- NVML_ERROR_INVALID_ARGUMENT if vgpuTypeId is invalid, or xdim or ydim are NULL, or displayIndex is out of range.
- NVML_ERROR_UNKNOWN on any unexpected error

Description

Retrieve vGPU display head’s maximum supported resolution.

KEPLER_OR_NEWER%
nvmlReturn_t nvmlVgpuTypeGetLicense(nvmlVgpuTypeId_t vgpuTypeId, char *vgpuTypeLicenseString, unsigned int size)

Parameters

vgpuTypeId
Handle to vGPU type

vgpuTypeLicenseString
Pointer to buffer to return license info

size
Size of vgpuTypeLicenseString buffer

Returns

- NVML_SUCCESS successful completion
- NVML_ERROR_UNINITIALIZED if the library has not been successfully initialized
- NVML_ERROR_INVALID_ARGUMENT if vgpuTypeId is invalid, or vgpuTypeLicenseString is NULL
- NVML_ERROR_INSUFFICIENT_SIZE if size is too small
- NVML_ERROR_UNKNOWN on any unexpected error

Description

Retrieve license requirements for a vGPU type

The license type and version required to run the specified vGPU type is returned as an alphanumeric string, in the form "<license name>,<version>", for example "GRID-Virtual-PC,2.0". If a vGPU is runnable with more than one type of license, the licenses are delimited by a semicolon, for example "GRID-Virtual-PC,2.0;GRID-Virtual-WS,2.0;GRID-Virtual-WS-Ext,2.0".

The total length of the returned string will not exceed 128 characters, including the NULL terminator. See nvmlVgpuConstants::NVML_GRID_LICENSE_BUFFER_SIZE.
nvmlReturn_t nvmlVgpuTypeGetFrameRateLimit (nvmlVgpuTypeId_t vgpuTypeId, unsigned int *frameRateLimit)

Parameters

vgpuTypeId
Handle to vGPU type

frameRateLimit
Reference to return the frame rate limit value

Returns

- NVML_SUCCESS successful completion
- NVML_ERROR_NOT_SUPPORTED if frame rate limiter is turned off for the vGPU type
- NVML_ERROR_UNINITIALIZED if the library has not been successfully initialized
- NVML_ERROR_INVALID_ARGUMENT if vgpuTypeId is invalid, or frameRateLimit is NULL
- NVML_ERROR_UNKNOWN on any unexpected error

Description
Retrieve the static frame rate limit value of the vGPU type

KEPLER_OR_NEWER%

nvmlReturn_t nvmlVgpuTypeGetMaxInstances (nvmlDevice_t device, nvmlVgpuTypeId_t vgpuTypeId, unsigned int *vgpuInstanceCount)

Parameters

device
The identifier of the target device

vgpuTypeId
Handle to vGPU type

vgpuInstanceCount
Pointer to get the max number of vGPU instances that can be created on a device for given vgpuTypeId
Returns

- NVML_SUCCESS successful completion
- NVML_ERROR_UNINITIALIZED if the library has not been successfully initialized
- NVML_ERROR_INVALID_ARGUMENT if vgpuTypeId is invalid or is not supported on target device, or vgpuInstanceCount is NULL
- NVML_ERROR_UNKNOWN on any unexpected error

Description

Retrieve the maximum number of vGPU instances creatable on a device for given vGPU type

KEPLER_OR_NEWER%

\[
\text{nvmlReturn_t nvmlVgpuTypeGetMaxInstancesPerVm (nvmlVgpuTypeId_t vgpuTypeId, unsigned int *vgpuInstanceCountPerVm)}
\]

Parameters

- **vgpuTypeId**
  Handle to vGPU type
- **vgpuInstanceCountPerVm**
  Pointer to get the max number of vGPU instances supported per VM for given vgpuTypeId

Returns

- NVML_SUCCESS successful completion
- NVML_ERROR_UNINITIALIZED if the library has not been successfully initialized
- NVML_ERROR_INVALID_ARGUMENT if vgpuTypeId is invalid, or vgpuInstanceCountPerVm is NULL
- NVML_ERROR_UNKNOWN on any unexpected error

Description

Retrieve the maximum number of vGPU instances supported per VM for given vGPU type

KEPLER_OR_NEWER%
nvmlReturn_t nvmlDeviceGetActiveVgpus (nvmlDevice_t device, unsigned int *vgpuCount, nvmlVgpuInstance_t *vgpuInstances)

Parameters

device
  The identifier of the target device

vgpuCount
  Pointer which passes in the array size as well as get back the number of types

vgpuInstances
  Pointer to array in which to return list of vGPU instances

Returns

- NVML_SUCCESS successful completion
- NVML_ERROR_UNINITIALIZED if the library has not been successfully initialized
- NVML_ERROR_INVALID_ARGUMENT if device is invalid, or vgpuCount is NULL
- NVML_ERROR_INSUFFICIENT_SIZE if size is too small
- NVML_ERROR_NOT_SUPPORTED if vGPU is not supported by the device
- NVML_ERROR_UNKNOWN on any unexpected error

Description

Retrieve the active vGPU instances on a device.

An array of active vGPU instances is returned in the caller-supplied buffer pointed at by vgpuInstances. The array element count is passed in vgpuCount, and vgpuCount is used to return the number of vGPU instances written to the buffer.

If the supplied buffer is not large enough to accomodate the vGPU instance array, the function returns NVML_ERROR_INSUFFICIENT_SIZE, with the element count of nvmlVgpuInstance_t array required in vgpuCount. To query the number of active vGPU instances, call this function with *vgpuCount = 0. The code will return NVML_ERROR_INSUFFICIENT_SIZE, or NVML_SUCCESS if no vGPU Types are supported.

KEPLER_OR_NEWER%
nvmlReturn_t nvmlVgpuInstanceGetVmID(nvmlVgpuInstance_t vgpuInstance, char *vmId, unsigned int size, nvmlVgpuVmIdType_t *vmIdType)

Parameters

vgpuInstance
  Identifier of the target vGPU instance
vmId
  Pointer to caller-supplied buffer to hold VM ID
size
  Size of buffer in bytes
vmIdType
  Pointer to hold VM ID type

Returns

➤ NVML_SUCCESS successful completion
➤ NVML_ERROR_UNINITIALIZED if the library has not been successfully initialized
➤ NVML_ERROR_INVALID_ARGUMENT if vmId or vmIdType is NULL, or vgpuInstance is 0
➤ NVML_ERROR_NOT_FOUND if vgpuInstance does not match a valid active vGPU instance on the system
➤ NVML_ERROR_INSUFFICIENT_SIZE if size is too small
➤ NVML_ERROR_UNKNOWN on any unexpected error

Description

Retrieve the VM ID associated with a vGPU instance.

The VM ID is returned as a string, not exceeding 80 characters in length (including the NUL terminator). See nvmlConstants::NVML_DEVICE_UUID_BUFFER_SIZE.

The format of the VM ID varies by platform, and is indicated by the type identifier returned in vmIdType.

KEPLER_OR_NEWER%
nvmlReturn_t nvmlVgpuInstanceGetUUID
(nvmlVgpuInstance_t vgpuInstance, char *uuid, unsigned int size)

Parameters

vgpuInstance
  Identifier of the target vGPU instance

uuid
  Pointer to caller-supplied buffer to hold vGPU UUID

size
  Size of buffer in bytes

Returns
  ▶ NVML_SUCCESS successful completion
  ▶ NVML_ERROR_UNINITIALIZED if the library has not been successfully initialized
  ▶ NVML_ERROR_INVALID_ARGUMENT if vgpuInstance is 0, or uuid is NULL
  ▶ NVML_ERROR_NOT_FOUND if vgpuInstance does not match a valid active vGPU instance on the system
  ▶ NVML_ERROR_INSUFFICIENT_SIZE if size is too small
  ▶ NVML_ERROR_UNKNOWN on any unexpected error

Description

Retrieve the UUID of a vGPU instance.

The UUID is a globally unique identifier associated with the vGPU, and is returned as a 5-part hexadecimal string, not exceeding 80 characters in length (including the NULL terminator). See nvmlConstants::NVML_DEVICE_UUID_BUFFER_SIZE.

KEPLER_OR_NEWER%
version
    Caller-supplied buffer to return driver version string

length
    Size of version buffer

Returns

‣  NVML_SUCCESS if version has been set
‣  NVML_ERROR_UNINITIALIZED if the library has not been successfully initialized
‣  NVML_ERROR_INVALID_ARGUMENT if vgpuInstance is 0
‣  NVML_ERROR_NOT_FOUND if vgpuInstance does not match a valid active vGPU instance on the system
‣  NVML_ERROR_INSUFFICIENT_SIZE if length is too small
‣  NVML_ERROR_UNKNOWN on any unexpected error

Description
Retrieve the NVIDIA driver version installed in the VM associated with a vGPU.

The version is returned as an alphanumeric string in the caller-supplied buffer version. The length of the version string will not exceed 80 characters in length (including the NUL terminator). See nvmlConstants::NVML_SYSTEM_DRIVER_VERSION_BUFFER_SIZE.
	nvmlVgpuInstanceGetVmDriverVersion() may be called at any time for a vGPU instance. The guest VM driver version is returned as "Unknown" if no NVIDIA driver is installed in the VM, or the VM has not yet booted to the point where the NVIDIA driver is loaded and initialized.

KEPLER_OR_NEWER%

nvmlReturn_t nvmlVgpuInstanceGetFbUsage
(nvmlVgpuInstance_t vgpuInstance, unsigned long long *fbUsage)

Parameters

vgpuInstance
    The identifier of the target instance

fbUsage
    Pointer to framebuffer usage in bytes

Returns

‣  NVML_SUCCESS successful completion
NVML_ERROR_UNINITIALIZED if the library has not been successfully initialized
NVML_ERROR_INVALID_ARGUMENT if vgpuInstance is 0, or fbUsage is NULL
NVML_ERROR_NOT_FOUND if vgpuInstance does not match a valid active vGPU instance on the system
NVML_ERROR_UNKNOWN on any unexpected error

**Description**

Retrieve the framebuffer usage in bytes.

Framebuffer usage is the amount of vGPU framebuffer memory that is currently in use by the VM.

KEPLER_OR_NEWER%

```c
nvmlReturn_t nvmlVgpuInstanceGetLicenseStatus(nvmlVgpuInstance_t vgpuInstance, unsigned int *licensed)
```

**Parameters**

- `vgpuInstance`
  Identifier of the target vGPU instance

- `licensed`
  Reference to return the licensing status

**Returns**

- NVML_SUCCESS if licensed has been set
- NVML_ERROR_UNINITIALIZED if the library has not been successfully initialized
- NVML_ERROR_INVALID_ARGUMENT if vgpuInstance is 0, or licensed is NULL
- NVML_ERROR_NOT_FOUND if vgpuInstance does not match a valid active vGPU instance on the system
- NVML_ERROR_UNKNOWN on any unexpected error

**Description**

Retrieve the current licensing state of the vGPU instance.

If the vGPU is currently licensed, licensed is set to 1, otherwise it is set to 0.

KEPLER_OR_NEWER%
nvmlReturn_t nvmlVgpuInstanceGetType
(nvmlVgpuInstance_t vgpuInstance, nvmlVgpuTypeId_t *
vgpuTypeId)

Parameters

vgpuInstance
Identifier of the target vGPU instance

vgpuTypeId
Reference to return the vgpuTypeId

Returns

‣ NVML_SUCCESS if vgpuTypeId has been set
‣ NVML_ERROR_UNINITIALIZED if the library has not been successfully initialized
‣ NVML_ERROR_INVALID_ARGUMENT if vgpuInstance is 0, or vgpuTypeId is NULL
‣ NVML_ERROR_NOT_FOUND if vgpuInstance does not match a valid active vGPU instance on the system
‣ NVML_ERROR_UNKNOWN on any unexpected error

Description

Retrieve the vGPU type of a vGPU instance.

Returns the vGPU type ID of vgpu assigned to the vGPU instance.

KEPLER_OR_NEWER%

nvmlReturn_t nvmlVgpuInstanceGetFrameRateLimit
(nvmlVgpuInstance_t vgpuInstance, unsigned int *
frameRateLimit)

Parameters

vgpuInstance
Identifier of the target vGPU instance

frameRateLimit
Reference to return the frame rate limit

Returns

‣ NVML_SUCCESS if frameRateLimit has been set
- NVML_ERROR_NOT_SUPPORTED if frame rate limiter is turned off for the vGPU type
- NVML_ERROR_UNINITIALIZED if the library has not been successfully initialized
- NVML_ERROR_INVALID_ARGUMENT if vgpuInstance is 0, or frameRateLimit is NULL
- NVML_ERROR_NOT_FOUND if vgpuInstance does not match a valid active vGPU instance on the system
- NVML_ERROR_UNKNOWN on any unexpected error

**Description**

Retrieve the frame rate limit set for the vGPU instance.

Returns the value of the frame rate limit set for the vGPU instance.

KEPLER_OR_NEWER%

```c
nvmlReturn_t nvmlVgpuInstanceGetEccMode(nvmlVgpuInstance_t vgpuInstance, nvmlEnableState_t *eccMode)
```

**Parameters**

- **vgpuInstance**
  - The identifier of the target vGPU instance
- **eccMode**
  - Reference in which to return the current ECC mode

**Returns**

- NVML_SUCCESS if the vgpuInstance’s ECC mode has been successfully retrieved
- NVML_ERROR_UNINITIALIZED if the library has not been successfully initialized
- NVML_ERROR_INVALID_ARGUMENT if vgpuInstance is 0, or mode is NULL
- NVML_ERROR_NOT_FOUND if vgpuInstance does not match a valid active vGPU instance on the system
- NVML_ERROR_NOT_SUPPORTED if the vGPU doesn’t support this feature
- NVML_ERROR_UNKNOWN on any unexpected error

**Description**

Retrieve the current ECC mode of vGPU instance.
nvmlReturn_t nvmlVgpuInstanceGetEncoderCapacity
(nvmlVgpuInstance_t vgpuInstance, unsigned int *encoderCapacity)

Parameters
vgpuInstance
    Identifier of the target vGPU instance
encoderCapacity
    Reference to an unsigned int for the encoder capacity

Returns
- NVML_SUCCESS if encoderCapacity has been retrieved
- NVML_ERROR_UNINITIALIZED if the library has not been successfully initialized
- NVML_ERROR_INVALID_ARGUMENT if vgpuInstance is 0, or encoderQueryType is invalid
- NVML_ERROR_NOT_FOUND if vgpuInstance does not match a valid active vGPU instance on the system
- NVML_ERROR_UNKNOWN on any unexpected error

Description
Retrieve the encoder capacity of a vGPU instance, as a percentage of maximum encoder capacity with valid values in the range 0-100.

MAXWELL_OR_NEWER%

nvmlReturn_t nvmlVgpuInstanceSetEncoderCapacity
(nvmlVgpuInstance_t vgpuInstance, unsigned int encoderCapacity)

Parameters
vgpuInstance
    Identifier of the target vGPU instance
encoderCapacity
    Unsigned int for the encoder capacity value

Returns
- NVML_SUCCESS if encoderCapacity has been set
- NVML_ERROR_UNINITIALIZED if the library has not been successfully initialized
- NVML_ERROR_INVALID_ARGUMENT if vgpuInstance is 0, or encoderCapacity is out of range of 0-100.
- NVML_ERROR_NOT_FOUND if vgpuInstance does not match a valid active vGPU instance on the system
- NVML_ERROR_UNKNOWN on any unexpected error

**Description**

Set the encoder capacity of a vGPU instance, as a percentage of maximum encoder capacity with valid values in the range 0-100.

MAXWELL_OR_NEWER%

### nvmlReturn_t nvmlVgpuInstanceGetEncoderStats(nvmlVgpuInstance_t vgpuInstance, unsigned int *sessionCount, unsigned int *averageFps, unsigned int *averageLatency)

**Parameters**

- **vgpuInstance**
  Identifier of the target vGPU instance
- **sessionCount**
  Reference to an unsigned int for count of active encoder sessions
- **averageFps**
  Reference to an unsigned int for trailing average FPS of all active sessions
- **averageLatency**
  Reference to an unsigned int for encode latency in microseconds

**Returns**

- NVML_SUCCESS if sessionCount, averageFps and averageLatency is fetched
- NVML_ERROR_UNINITIALIZED if the library has not been successfully initialized
- NVML_ERROR_INVALID_ARGUMENT if sessionCount, or averageFps or averageLatency is NULL or vgpuInstance is 0.
- NVML_ERROR_NOT_FOUND if vgpuInstance does not match a valid active vGPU instance on the system
- NVML_ERROR_UNKNOWN on any unexpected error

**Description**

Retrieves the current encoder statistics of a vGPU Instance

MAXWELL_OR_NEWER%
nvmlReturn_t nvmlVgpuInstanceGetEncoderSessions(nvmlVgpuInstance_t vgpuInstance, unsigned int *sessionCount, nvmlEncoderSessionInfo_t *sessionInfo)

Parameters

vgpuInstance
Identifier of the target vGPU instance

sessionCount
Reference to caller supplied array size, and returns the number of sessions.

sessionInfo
Reference to caller supplied array in which the list of session information us returned.

Returns

- NVML_SUCCESS if sessionInfo is fetched
- NVML_ERROR_UNINITIALIZED if the library has not been successfully initialized
- NVML_ERROR_INSUFFICIENT_SIZE if sessionCount is too small, array element count is returned in sessionCount
- NVML_ERROR_INVALID_ARGUMENT if sessionCount is NULL, or vgpuInstance is 0.
- NVML_ERROR_NOT_FOUND if vgpuInstance does not match a valid active vGPU instance on the system
- NVML_ERROR_UNKNOWN on any unexpected error

Description

Retrieves information about all active encoder sessions on a vGPU Instance.

An array of active encoder sessions is returned in the caller-supplied buffer pointed at by sessionInfo. The array element count is passed in sessionCount, and sessionCount is used to return the number of sessions written to the buffer.

If the supplied buffer is not large enough to accomodate the active session array, the function returns NVML_ERROR_INSUFFICIENT_SIZE, with the element count of nvmlEncoderSessionInfo_t array required in sessionCount. To query the number of active encoder sessions, call this function with *sessionCount = 0. The code will return NVML_SUCCESS with number of active encoder sessions updated in *sessionCount.

MAXWELL_OR_NEWER%
nvmlReturn_t nvmlVgpuInstanceGetFBCStats(nvmlVgpuInstance_t vgpuInstance, nvmlFBCStats_t *fbcStats)

Parameters

vgpuInstance
    Identifier of the target vGPU instance

fbcStats
    Reference to nvmlFBCStats_t structure containing NvFBC stats

Returns

- NVML_SUCCESS if fbcStats is fetched
- NVML_ERROR_UNINITIALIZED if the library has not been successfully initialized
- NVML_ERROR_INVALID_ARGUMENT if vgpuInstance is 0, or fbcStats is NULL
- NVML_ERROR_NOT_FOUND if vgpuInstance does not match a valid active vGPU instance on the system
- NVML_ERROR_UNKNOWN on any unexpected error

Description

Retrieves the active frame buffer capture sessions statistics of a vGPU Instance

MAXWELL_OR_NEWER%

nvmlReturn_t nvmlVgpuInstanceGetFBCSessions(nvmlVgpuInstance_t vgpuInstance, unsigned int *sessionCount, nvmlFBCSessionInfo_t *sessionInfo)

Parameters

vgpuInstance
    Identifier of the target vGPU instance

sessionCount
    Reference to caller supplied array size, and returns the number of sessions.

sessionInfo
    Reference in which to return the session information

Returns

- NVML_SUCCESS if sessionInfo is fetched
- NVML_ERROR_UNINITIALIZED if the library has not been successfully initialized
- NVML_ERROR_INVALID_ARGUMENT if vgpuInstance is 0, or sessionCount is NULL.
- NVML_ERROR_NOT_FOUND if vgpuInstance does not match a valid active vGPU instance on the system
- NVML_ERROR_INSUFFICIENT_SIZE if sessionCount is too small, array element count is returned in sessionCount
- NVML_ERROR_UNKNOWN on any unexpected error

**Description**

Retrieves information about active frame buffer capture sessions on a vGPU Instance.

An array of active FBC sessions is returned in the caller-supplied buffer pointed at by sessionInfo. The array element count is passed in sessionCount, and sessionCount is used to return the number of sessions written to the buffer.

If the supplied buffer is not large enough to accommodate the active session array, the function returns NVML_ERROR_INSUFFICIENT_SIZE, with the element count of nvmlFBCSessionInfo_t array required in sessionCount. To query the number of active FBC sessions, call this function with *sessionCount = 0. The code will return NVML_SUCCESS with number of active FBC sessions updated in *sessionCount.

MAXWELL_OR_NEWER%

hResolution, vResolution, averageFPS and averageLatency data for a FBC session returned in sessionInfo may be zero if there are no new frames captured since the session started.

2.24. GRID Virtualization Migration

This chapter describes operations that are associated with vGPU Migration.
struct nvmlVgpuVersion_t
struct nvmlVgpuMetadata_t
struct nvmlVgpuPgpuMetadata_t
struct nvmlVgpuPgpuCompatibility_t
enum nvmlVgpuVmCompatibility_t

vGPU VM compatibility codes

Values

NVML_VGPU_VM_COMPATIBILITY_NONE = 0x0
vGPU is not runnable

NVML_VGPU_VM_COMPATIBILITY_COLD = 0x1
vGPU is runnable from a cold / powered-off state (ACPI S5)

NVML_VGPU_VM_COMPATIBILITY_HIBERNATE = 0x2
vGPU is runnable from a hibernated state (ACPI S4)

NVML_VGPU_VM_COMPATIBILITY_SLEEP = 0x4
vGPU is runnable from a sleeped state (ACPI S3)

NVML_VGPU_VM_COMPATIBILITY_LIVE = 0x8
vGPU is runnable from a live/paused (ACPI S0)

enum nvmlVgpuPgpuCompatibilityLimitCode_t

vGPU-pGPU compatibility limit codes

Values

NVML_VGPU_COMPATIBILITY_LIMIT_NONE = 0x0
Compatibility is not limited.

NVML_VGPU_COMPATIBILITY_LIMIT_HOST_DRIVER = 0x1
Compatibility is limited by host driver version.

NVML_VGPU_COMPATIBILITY_LIMIT_GUEST_DRIVER = 0x2
Compatibility is limited by guest driver version.

NVML_VGPU_COMPATIBILITY_LIMIT_GPU = 0x4
Compatibility is limited by GPU hardware.

NVML_VGPU_COMPATIBILITY_LIMIT_OTHER = 0x80000000
Compatibility is limited by an undefined factor.
nvmlReturn_t nvmlVgpuInstanceGetMetadata
(nvmlVgpuInstance_t vgpuInstance,
vmlVgpuMetadata_t *vgpuMetadata, unsigned int
*bufferSize)

Parameters

vgpuInstance
vGPU instance handle

vgpuMetadata
Pointer to caller-supplied buffer into which vGPU metadata is written

bufferSize
Size of vgpuMetadata buffer

Returns

‣ NVML_SUCCESS vGPU metadata structure was successfully returned
‣ NVML_ERROR_INSUFFICIENT_SIZE vgpuMetadata buffer is too small, required size is returned in bufferSize
‣ NVML_ERROR_INVALID_ARGUMENT if bufferSize is NULL or vgpuInstance is 0; if vgpuMetadata is NULL and the value of bufferSize is not 0.
‣ NVML_ERROR_NOT_FOUND if vgpuInstance does not match a valid active vGPU instance on the system
‣ NVML_ERROR_UNKNOWN on any unexpected error

Description

Returns vGPU metadata structure for a running vGPU. The structure contains information about the vGPU and its associated VM such as the currently installed NVIDIA guest driver version, together with host driver version and an opaque data section containing internal state.

nvmlVgpuInstanceGetMetadata() may be called at any time for a vGPU instance. Some fields in the returned structure are dependent on information obtained from the guest VM, which may not yet have reached a state where that information is available. The current state of these dependent fields is reflected in the info structure's nvmlVgpuGuestInfoState_t field.

The VMM may choose to read and save the vGPU’s VM info as persistent metadata associated with the VM, and provide it to GRID Virtual GPU Manager when creating a vGPU for subsequent instances of the VM.
The caller passes in a buffer via `vgpuMetadata`, with the size of the buffer in `bufferSize`. If the vGPU Metadata structure is too large to fit in the supplied buffer, the function returns `NVML_ERROR_INSUFFICIENT_SIZE` with the size needed in `bufferSize`.

```c
nvmlReturn_t nvmlDeviceGetVgpuMetadata(nvmlDevice_t device, nvmlVgpuPgpuMetadata_t *pgpuMetadata, unsigned int *bufferSize)
```

### Parameters
- **device**
  - The identifier of the target device
- **pgpuMetadata**
  - Pointer to caller-supplied buffer into which `pgpuMetadata` is written
- **bufferSize**
  - Pointer to size of `pgpuMetadata` buffer

### Returns
- `NVML_SUCCESS` GPU metadata structure was successfully returned
- `NVML_ERROR_INSUFFICIENT_SIZE` `pgpuMetadata` buffer is too small, required size is returned in `bufferSize`
- `NVML_ERROR_INVALID_ARGUMENT` if `bufferSize` is NULL or `device` is invalid; if `pgpuMetadata` is NULL and the value of `bufferSize` is not 0.
- `NVML_ERROR_NOT_SUPPORTED` vGPU is not supported by the system
- `NVML_ERROR_UNKNOWN` on any unexpected error

### Description
Returns a vGPU metadata structure for the physical GPU indicated by `device`. The structure contains information about the GPU and the currently installed NVIDIA host driver version that's controlling it, together with an opaque data section containing internal state.

The caller passes in a buffer via `pgpuMetadata`, with the size of the buffer in `bufferSize`. If the `pgpuMetadata` structure is too large to fit in the supplied buffer, the function returns `NVML_ERROR_INSUFFICIENT_SIZE` with the size needed in `bufferSize`.

```c
nvmlReturn_t nvmlGetVgpuCompatibility(nvmlVgpuMetadata_t *vgpuMetadata,
```
nvmlVgpuPgpuMetadata_t *pgpuMetadata,
nvmlVgpuPgpuCompatibility_t *compatibilityInfo)

Parameters

vgpuMetadata
Pointer to caller-supplied vGPU metadata structure

pgpuMetadata
Pointer to caller-supplied GPU metadata structure

compatibilityInfo
Pointer to caller-supplied buffer to hold compatibility info

Returns

‣ NVML_SUCCESS vGPU metadata structure was successfully returned
‣ NVML_ERROR_INVALID_ARGUMENT if vgpuMetadata or pgpuMetadata or
bufferSize are NULL
‣ NVML_ERROR_UNKNOWN on any unexpected error

Description

Takes a vGPU instance metadata structure read from nvmlVgpuInstanceGetMetadata(),
and a vGPU metadata structure for a physical GPU read from
nvmlDeviceGetVgpuMetadata(), and returns compatibility information of the vGPU
instance and the physical GPU.

The caller passes in a buffer via compatibilityInfo, into which a compatibility
information structure is written. The structure defines the states in which the vGPU / VM
may be booted on the physical GPU. If the vGPU / VM compatibility with the
physical GPU is limited, a limit code indicates the factor limiting compatibility. (see
nvmlVgpuPgpuCompatibilityLimitCode_t for details).

Note: vGPU compatibility does not take into account dynamic capacity conditions that
may limit a system’s ability to boot a given vGPU or associated VM.

nvmlReturn_t nvmlDeviceGetPgpuMetadataString
(nvmlDevice_t device, char *pgpuMetadata, unsigned int
*bufferSize)

Parameters

device
The identifier of the target device
**pgpuMetadata**
- Pointer to caller-supplied buffer into which pgpuMetadata is written

**bufferSize**
- Pointer to size of pgpuMetadata buffer

**Returns**
- NVML_SUCCESS GPU metadata structure was successfully returned
- NVML_ERROR_INSUFFICIENT_SIZE pgpuMetadata buffer is too small, required size is returned in bufferSize
- NVML_ERROR_INVALID_ARGUMENT if bufferSize is NULL or device is invalid; if pgpuMetadata is NULL and the value of bufferSize is not 0.
- NVML_ERROR_NOT_SUPPORTED if vGPU is not supported by the system
- NVML_ERROR_UNKNOWN on any unexpected error

**Description**
Returns the properties of the physical GPU indicated by the device in an ascii-encoded string format.

The caller passes in a buffer via pgpuMetadata, with the size of the buffer in bufferSize. If the string is too large to fit in the supplied buffer, the function returns NVML_ERROR_INSUFFICIENT_SIZE with the size needed in bufferSize.

```c
nvmlReturn_t nvmlGetVgpuVersion (nvmlVgpuVersion_t *supported, nvmlVgpuVersion_t *current)
```

**Parameters**
- **supported**
  - Pointer to the structure in which the preset range of vGPU versions supported by the NVIDIA vGPU Manager is written
- **current**
  - Pointer to the structure in which the range of supported vGPU versions set by an administrator is written

**Returns**
- NVML_SUCCESS The vGPU version range structures were successfully obtained.
- NVML_ERROR_NOT_SUPPORTED The API is not supported.
- NVML_ERROR_INVALID_ARGUMENT The supported parameter or the current parameter is NULL.
- NVML_ERROR_UNKNOWN An error occurred while the data was being fetched.
Description

Query the ranges of supported vGPU versions.

This function gets the linear range of supported vGPU versions that is preset for the NVIDIA vGPU Manager and the range set by an administrator. If the preset range has not been overridden by `nvmlSetVgpuVersion`, both ranges are the same.

The caller passes pointers to the following `nvmlVgpuVersion_t` structures, into which the NVIDIA vGPU Manager writes the ranges: 1. supported structure that represents the preset range of vGPU versions supported by the NVIDIA vGPU Manager. 2. current structure that represents the range of supported vGPU versions set by an administrator. By default, this range is the same as the preset range.

```c
nvmlReturn_t nvmlSetVgpuVersion (nvmlVgpuVersion_t *vgpuVersion)
```

Parameters

- **vgpuVersion**
  Pointer to a caller-supplied range of supported vGPU versions.

Returns

- NVML_SUCCESS The preset range of supported vGPU versions was successfully overridden.
- NVML_ERROR_NOT_SUPPORTED The API is not supported.
- NVML_ERROR_IN_USE The range was not overridden because a VM is running on the host.
- NVML_ERROR_INVALID_ARGUMENT The vgpuVersion parameter specifies a range that is outside the range supported by the NVIDIA vGPU Manager or if vgpuVersion is NULL.

Description

Override the preset range of vGPU versions supported by the NVIDIA vGPU Manager with a range set by an administrator.

This function configures the NVIDIA vGPU Manager with a range of supported vGPU versions set by an administrator. This range must be a subset of the preset range that the NVIDIA vGPU Manager supports. The custom range set by an administrator takes precedence over the preset range and is advertised to the guest VM for negotiating the vGPU version. See `nvmlGetVgpuVersion` for details of how to query the preset range of versions supported.
This function takes a pointer to vGPU version range structure `nvmlVgpuVersion_t` as input to override the preset vGPU version range that the NVIDIA vGPU Manager supports.

After host system reboot or driver reload, the range of supported versions reverts to the range that is preset for the NVIDIA vGPU Manager.

1. The range set by the administrator must be a subset of the preset range that the NVIDIA vGPU Manager supports. Otherwise, an error is returned. 2. If the range of supported guest driver versions does not overlap the range set by the administrator, the guest driver fails to load. 3. If the range of supported guest driver versions overlaps the range set by the administrator, the guest driver will load with a negotiated vGPU version that is the maximum value in the overlapping range. 4. No VMs must be running on the host when this function is called. If a VM is running on the host, the call to this function fails.

### 2.25. GRID Virtualization Utilization and Accounting

This chapter describes operations that are associated with vGPU Utilization and Accounting.

```c
nvmlReturn_t nvmlDeviceGetVgpuUtilization(nvmlDevice_t device, unsigned long long lastSeenTimeStamp, nvmlValueType_t *sampleValType, unsigned int *vgpuInstanceSamplesCount, nvmlVgpuInstanceUtilizationSample_t *utilizationSamples)
```

#### Parameters

- **device**
  - The identifier for the target device
- **lastSeenTimeStamp**
  - Return only samples with timestamp greater than lastSeenTimeStamp.
- **sampleValType**
  - Pointer to caller-supplied buffer to hold the type of returned sample values
- **vgpuInstanceSamplesCount**
  - Pointer to caller-supplied array size, and returns number of vGPU instances
utilizationSamples
   Pointer to caller-supplied buffer in which vGPU utilization samples are returned

Returns
   ▶ NVML_SUCCESS if utilization samples are successfully retrieved
   ▶ NVML_ERROR_UNINITIALIZED if the library has not been successfully initialized
   ▶ NVML_ERROR_INVALID_ARGUMENT if device is invalid, vgpuInstanceSamplesCount or sampleValType is NULL, or a sample count of 0 is passed with a non-NULL utilizationSamples
   ▶ NVML_ERROR_INSUFFICIENT_SIZE if supplied vgpuInstanceSamplesCount is too small to return samples for all vGPU instances currently executing on the device
   ▶ NVML_ERROR_NOT_SUPPORTED if vGPU is not supported by the device
   ▶ NVML_ERROR_GPU_IS_LOST if the target GPU has fallen off the bus or is otherwise inaccessible
   ▶ NVML_ERROR_NOT_FOUND if sample entries are not found
   ▶ NVML_ERROR_UNKNOWN on any unexpected error

Description
Retrieves current utilization for vGPUs on a physical GPU (device).

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 Reads recent utilization of GPU SM (3D/Compute), framebuffer, video encoder, and video decoder for vGPU instances running on a device. Utilization values are returned as an array of utilization sample structures in the caller-supplied buffer pointed at by utilizationSamples. One utilization sample structure is returned per vGPU instance, and includes the CPU timestamp at which the samples were recorded. Individual utilization values are returned as "unsigned int" values in nvmlValue_t unions. The function sets the caller-supplied sampleValType to NVML_VALUE_TYPE_UNSIGNED_INT to indicate the returned value type.

To read utilization values, first determine the size of buffer required to hold the samples by invoking the function with utilizationSamples set to NULL. The function will return NVML_ERROR_INSUFFICIENT_SIZE, with the current vGPU instance count in vgpuInstanceSamplesCount, or NVML_SUCCESS if the current vGPU instance count is zero. The caller should allocate a buffer of size vgpuInstanceSamplesCount * sizeof(nvmlVgpuInstanceUtilizationSample_t). Invoke the function again with the allocated buffer passed in utilizationSamples, and vgpuInstanceSamplesCount set to the number of entries the buffer is sized for.

On successful return, the function updates vgpuInstanceSampleCount with the number of vGPU utilization sample structures that were actually written. This may differ from a previously read value as vGPU instances are created or destroyed.
lastSeenTimeStamp represents the CPU timestamp in microseconds at which utilization samples were last read. Set it to 0 to read utilization based on all the samples maintained by the driver's internal sample buffer. Set lastSeenTimeStamp to a timeStamp retrieved from a previous query to read utilization since the previous query.

```
nvmlReturn_t nvmlDeviceGetVgpuProcessUtilization(nvmlDevice_t device, unsigned long long lastSeenTimeStamp, unsigned int *vgpuProcessSamplesCount, nvmlVgpuProcessUtilizationSample_t *utilizationSamples)
```

**Parameters**

- **device**
  - The identifier for the target device
- **lastSeenTimeStamp**
  - Return only samples with timestamp greater than lastSeenTimeStamp.
- **vgpuProcessSamplesCount**
  - Pointer to caller-supplied array size, and returns number of processes running on vGPU instances
- **utilizationSamples**
  - Pointer to caller-supplied buffer in which vGPU sub process utilization samples are returned

**Returns**

- NVML_SUCCESS if utilization samples are successfully retrieved
- NVML_ERROR_UNINITIALIZED if the library has not been successfully initialized
- NVML_ERROR_INVALID_ARGUMENT if device is invalid, vgpuProcessSamplesCount or a sample count of 0 is passed with a non-NULL utilizationSamples
- NVML_ERROR_INSUFFICIENT_SIZE if supplied vgpuProcessSamplesCount is too small to return samples for all vGPU instances currently executing on the device
- NVML_ERROR_NOT_SUPPORTED if vGPU is not supported by the device
- NVML_ERROR_GPU_IS_LOST if the target GPU has fallen off the bus or is otherwise inaccessible
- NVML_ERROR_NOT_FOUND if sample entries are not found
- NVML_ERROR_UNKNOWN on any unexpected error
Description
Retrieves current utilization for processes running on vGPUs on a physical GPU (device).

MAXWELL_OR_NEWER%

Reads recent utilization of GPU SM (3D/Compute), framebuffer, video encoder, and video decoder for processes running on vGPU instances active on a device. Utilization values are returned as an array of utilization sample structures in the caller-supplied buffer pointed at by utilizationSamples. One utilization sample structure is returned per process running on vGPU instances, that had some non-zero utilization during the last sample period. It includes the CPU timestamp at which the samples were recorded. Individual utilization values are returned as "unsigned int" values.

To read utilization values, first determine the size of buffer required to hold the samples by invoking the function with utilizationSamples set to NULL. The function will return NVML_ERROR_INSUFFICIENT_SIZE, with the current vGPU instance count in vgpuProcessSamplesCount. The caller should allocate a buffer of size vgpuProcessSamplesCount * sizeof(nvmlVgpuProcessUtilizationSample_t). Invoke the function again with the allocated buffer passed in utilizationSamples, and vgpuProcessSamplesCount set to the number of entries the buffer is sized for.

On successful return, the function updates vgpuSubProcessSampleCount with the number of vGPU sub process utilization sample structures that were actually written. This may differ from a previously read value depending on the number of processes that are active in any given sample period.

lastSeenTimeStamp represents the CPU timestamp in microseconds at which utilization samples were last read. Set it to 0 to read utilization based on all the samples maintained by the driver's internal sample buffer. Set lastSeenTimeStamp to a time stamp retrieved from a previous query to read utilization since the previous query.

nvmlReturn_t nvmlVgpuInstanceGetAccountingMode (nvmlVgpuInstance_t vgpuInstance, nvmlEnableState_t *mode)

Parameters
vgpuInstance
The identifier of the target vGPU VM

mode
Reference in which to return the current accounting mode
Returns

- NVML_SUCCESS if the mode has been successfully retrieved
- NVML_ERROR_UNINITIALIZED if the library has not been successfully initialized
- NVML_ERROR_INVALID_ARGUMENT if vgpuInstance is 0, or mode is NULL
- NVML_ERROR_NOT_FOUND if vgpuInstance does not match a valid active vGPU instance on the system
- NVML_ERROR_NOT_SUPPORTED if the vGPU doesn’t support this feature
- NVML_ERROR_UNKNOWN on any unexpected error

Description

Queries the state of per process accounting mode on vGPU.

```
nvmlReturn_t nvmlVgpuInstanceGetAccountingPids
(nvmlVgpuInstance_t vgpuInstance, unsigned int *count,
unsigned int *pids)
```

Parameters

- **vgpuInstance**: The identifier of the target vGPU VM
- **count**: Reference in which to provide the pids array size, and to return the number of elements ready to be queried
- **pids**: Reference in which to return list of process ids

Returns

- NVML_SUCCESS if pids were successfully retrieved
- NVML_ERROR_UNINITIALIZED if the library has not been successfully initialized
- NVML_ERROR_INVALID_ARGUMENT if vgpuInstance is 0, or count is NULL
- NVML_ERROR_NOT_FOUND if vgpuInstance does not match a valid active vGPU instance on the system
- NVML_ERROR_NOT_SUPPORTED if the vGPU doesn’t support this feature or accounting mode is disabled
- NVML_ERROR_INSUFFICIENT_SIZE if count is too small (count is set to expected value)
- NVML_ERROR_UNKNOWN on any unexpected error
Description
Queries list of processes running on vGPU that can be queried for accounting stats. The list of processes returned can be in running or terminated state.

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To just query the maximum number of processes that can be queried, call this function with *count = 0 and pids=NULL. The return code will be NVML_ERROR_INSUFFICIENT_SIZE, or NVML_SUCCESS if list is empty.

For more details see nvmlVgpuInstanceGetAccountingStats.

In case of PID collision some processes might not be accessible before the circular buffer is full.

See also:
nvmlVgpuInstanceGetAccountingPids

nvmlReturn_t nvmlVgpuInstanceGetAccountingStats (nvmlVgpuInstance_t vgpuInstance, unsigned int pid, nvmlAccountingStats_t *stats)

Parameters
vgpuInstance
   The identifier of the target vGPU VM
pid
   Process Id of the target process to query stats for
stats
   Reference in which to return the process's accounting stats

Returns
- NVML_SUCCESS if stats have been successfully retrieved
- NVML_ERROR_UNINITIALIZED if the library has not been successfully initialized
- NVML_ERROR_INVALID_ARGUMENT if vgpuInstance is 0, or stats is NULL
- NVML_ERROR_NOT_FOUND if vgpuInstance does not match a valid active vGPU instance on the system or stats is not found
- NVML_ERROR_NOT_SUPPORTED if the vGPU doesn't support this feature or accounting mode is disabled
- NVML_ERROR_UNKNOWN on any unexpected error
Description
Queries process’s accounting stats.
MAXWELL_OR_NEWER%

Accounting stats capture GPU utilization and other statistics across the lifetime of a process, and can be queried during life time of the process or after its termination. The time field in `nvmlAccountingStats_t` is reported as 0 during the lifetime of the process and updated to actual running time after its termination. Accounting stats are kept in a circular buffer, newly created processes overwrite information about old processes.

See `nvmlAccountingStats_t` for description of each returned metric. List of processes that can be queried can be retrieved from `nvmlVgpuInstanceGetAccountingPids`.

‣ Accounting Mode needs to be on. See `nvmlVgpuInstanceGetAccountingMode`.
‣ Only compute and graphics applications stats can be queried. Monitoring applications stats can’t be queried since they don’t contribute to GPU utilization.
‣ In case of pid collision stats of only the latest process (that terminated last) will be reported

2.26. GPU Blacklist Queries
This chapter describes NVML operations that are associated with blacklisted GPUs.

`struct nvmlBlacklistDeviceInfo_t`

`nvmlReturn_t nvmlGetBlacklistDeviceCount (unsigned int *deviceCount)`

Parameters
`deviceCount`
Reference in which to return the number of blacklisted devices

Returns
‣ NVML_SUCCESS if `deviceCount` has been set
‣ NVML_ERROR_INVALID_ARGUMENT if `deviceCount` is NULL

Description
Retrieves the number of blacklisted GPU devices in the system.
nvmlReturn_t nvmlGetBlacklistDeviceInfoByIndex(unsigned int index, nvmlBlacklistDeviceInfo_t *info)

Parameters

index
The index of the target GPU, \( \geq 0 \) and \( < \text{deviceCount} \)

info
Reference in which to return the device information

Returns

- NVML_SUCCESS if device has been set
- NVML_ERROR_INVALID_ARGUMENT if index is invalid or info is NULL

Description

Acquire the device information for a blacklisted device, based on its index.

Valid indices are derived from the deviceCount returned by

\[ \text{nvmlGetBlacklistDeviceCount()} \]. For example, if deviceCount is 2 the valid indices are 0 and 1, corresponding to GPU 0 and GPU 1.

See also:

\[ \text{nvmlGetBlacklistDeviceCount} \]

2.27. NvmlClocksThrottleReasons

#define nvmlClocksThrottleReasonGpuIdle 0x0000000000000001LL

Nothing is running on the GPU and the clocks are dropping to Idle state

This limiter may be removed in a later release
#define nvmlClocksThrottleReasonApplicationsClocksSetting 0x0000000000000002LL

GPU clocks are limited by current setting of applications clocks

See also:

nvmlDeviceSetApplicationsClocks
nvmlDeviceGetApplicationsClock

#define nvmlClocksThrottleReasonUserDefinedClocks
nvmlClocksThrottleReasonApplicationsClocksSetting

Deprecated Renamed to nvmlClocksThrottleReasonApplicationsClocksSetting as the name describes the situation more accurately.

#define nvmlClocksThrottleReasonSwPowerCap 0x0000000000000004LL

SW Power Scaling algorithm is reducing the clocks below requested clocks

See also:

nvmlDeviceGetPowerUsage
nvmlDeviceSetPowerManagementLimit
nvmlDeviceGetPowerManagementLimit

#define nvmlClocksThrottleReasonHwSlowdown 0x0000000000000008LL

HW Slowdown (reducing the core clocks by a factor of 2 or more) is engaged

This is an indicator of:

- temperature being too high
- External Power Brake Assertion is triggered (e.g. by the system power supply)
- Power draw is too high and Fast Trigger protection is reducing the clocks
- May be also reported during PState or clock change
  - This behavior may be removed in a later release.

See also:
nvmlDeviceGetTemperature
nvmlDeviceGetTemperatureThreshold
nvmlDeviceGetPowerUsage

#define nvmlClocksThrottleReasonSyncBoost
0x0000000000000010LL

Sync Boost
This GPU has been added to a Sync boost group with nvidia-smi or DCGM in order to maximize performance per watt. All GPUs in the sync boost group will boost to the minimum possible clocks across the entire group. Look at the throttle reasons for other GPUs in the system to see why those GPUs are holding this one at lower clocks.

#define nvmlClocksThrottleReasonSwThermalSlowdown
0x0000000000000020LL

SW Thermal Slowdown
This is an indicator of one or more of the following:

- Current GPU temperature above the GPU Max Operating Temperature
- Current memory temperature above the Memory Max Operating Temperature

#define nvmlClocksThrottleReasonHwThermalSlowdown
0x0000000000000040LL

HW Thermal Slowdown (reducing the core clocks by a factor of 2 or more) is engaged
This is an indicator of:

- temperature being too high

See also:
nvmlDeviceGetTemperature
nvmlDeviceGetTemperatureThreshold
nvmlDeviceGetPowerUsage
#define nvmlClocksThrottleReasonHwPowerBrakeSlowdown 0x0000000000000080LL

HW Power Brake Slowdown (reducing the core clocks by a factor of 2 or more) is engaged

This is an indicator of:

- External Power Brake Assertion being triggered (e.g. by the system power supply)

See also:

nvmlDeviceGetTemperature
nvmlDeviceGetTemperatureThreshold
nvmlDeviceGetPowerUsage

#define nvmlClocksThrottleReasonDisplayClockSetting 0x0000000000000100LL

GPU clocks are limited by current setting of Display clocks

See also:

bug 1997531

#define nvmlClocksThrottleReasonNone 0x0000000000000000LL

Bit mask representing no clocks throttling

Clocks are as high as possible.

#define nvmlClocksThrottleReasonAll (nvmlClocksThrottleReasonNone \ | nvmlClocksThrottleReasonGpuIdle \ | nvmlClocksThrottleReasonApplicationsClocksSetting \ | nvmlClocksThrottleReasonSwPowerCap \ | nvmlClocksThrottleReasonHwSlowdown \ | nvmlClocksThrottleReasonSyncBoost \ | nvmlClocksThrottleReasonSwThermalSlowdown \ |
nvmlClocksThrottleReasonHwThermalSlowdown \ | 
nvmlClocksThrottleReasonHwPowerBrakeSlowdown \ | 
nvmlClocksThrottleReasonDisplayClockSetting \ )

Bit mask representing all supported clocks throttling reasons. New reasons might be added to this list in the future.
Chapter 3.
DATA STRUCTURES

Here are the data structures with brief descriptions:

nvmlAccountingStats_t
nvmlBAR1Memory_t
nvmlBlacklistDeviceInfo_t
nvmlBridgeChipHierarchy_t
nvmlBridgeChipInfo_t
nvmlEccErrorCounts_t
nvmlEncoderSessionInfo_t
nvmlEventData_t
nvmlFBCSessionInfo_t
nvmlFBCStats_t
nvmlFieldValue_t
nvmlGridLicensableFeature_t
nvmlGridLicensableFeatures_t
nvmlHwbcEntry_t
nvmlLedState_t
nvmlMemory_t
nvmlNvLinkUtilizationControl_t
nvmlPciInfo_t
nvmlProcessInfo_t
nvmlProcessUtilizationSample_t
nvmlPSUInfo_t
nvmlSample_t
nvmlUnitFanInfo_t
nvmlUnitFanSpeeds_t
nvmlUnitInfo_t
nvmlUtilization_t
nvmlValue_t
nvmlVgpuInstanceUtilizationSample_t
nvmlVgpuMetadata_t
3.1. `nvmlAccountingStats_t` Struct Reference

Describes accounting statistics of a process.

`unsigned int nvmlAccountingStats_t::gpuUtilization`

**Description**
Percent of time over the process's lifetime during which one or more kernels was executing on the GPU. Utilization stats just like returned by `nvmlDeviceGetUtilizationRates` but for the lifetime of a process (not just the last sample period). Set to NVML_VALUE_NOT_AVAILABLE if `nvmlDeviceGetUtilizationRates` is not supported.

`unsigned int nvmlAccountingStats_t::memoryUtilization`

**Description**
Percent of time over the process's lifetime during which global (device) memory was being read or written. Set to NVML_VALUE_NOT_AVAILABLE if `nvmlDeviceGetUtilizationRates` is not supported.

`unsigned long long nvmlAccountingStats_t::maxMemoryUsage`

**Description**
Maximum total memory in bytes that was ever allocated by the process. Set to NVML_VALUE_NOT_AVAILABLE if `nvmlProcessInfo_t->usedGpuMemory` is not supported.

`unsigned long long nvmlAccountingStats_t::time`

**Description**
Amount of time in ms during which the compute context was active. The time is reported as 0 if the process is not terminated.
unsigned long long nvmlAccountingStats_t::startTime
CPU Timestamp in usec representing start time for the process.

unsigned int nvmlAccountingStats_t::isRunning
Flag to represent if the process is running (1 for running, 0 for terminated).

unsigned int nvmlAccountingStats_t::reserved
Reserved for future use.

3.2. nvmlBAR1Memory_t Struct Reference
BAR1 Memory allocation Information for a device

unsigned long long nvmlBAR1Memory_t::bar1Total
Total BAR1 Memory (in bytes).

unsigned long long nvmlBAR1Memory_t::bar1Free
Unallocated BAR1 Memory (in bytes).

unsigned long long nvmlBAR1Memory_t::bar1Used
Allocated Used Memory (in bytes).

3.3. nvmlBlacklistDeviceInfo_t Struct Reference
Blacklist GPU device information

struct nvmlPciInfo_t nvmlBlacklistDeviceInfo_t::pciInfo
The PCI information for the blacklisted GPU.

char nvmlBlacklistDeviceInfo_t::uuid
The ASCII string UUID for the blacklisted GPU.

3.4. nvmlBridgeChipHierarchy_t Struct Reference
This structure stores the complete Hierarchy of the Bridge Chip within the board. The immediate bridge is stored at index 0 of bridgeInfoList, parent to immediate bridge is at index 1 and so forth.
unsigned char nvmlBridgeChipHierarchy_t::bridgeCount
Number of Bridge Chips on the Board.

struct nvmlBridgeChipInfo_t
nvmlBridgeChipHierarchy_t::bridgeChipInfo
Hierarchy of Bridge Chips on the board.

3.5. nvmlBridgeChipInfo_t Struct Reference

Information about the Bridge Chip Firmware

nvmlBridgeChipType_t nvmlBridgeChipInfo_t::type
Type of Bridge Chip.

unsigned int nvmlBridgeChipInfo_t::fwVersion
Firmware Version. 0=Version is unavailable.

3.6. nvmlEccErrorCounts_t Struct Reference

Detailed ECC error counts for a device.
Deprecated Different GPU families can have different memory error counters See
nvmlDeviceGetMemoryErrorCounter
unsigned long long nvmlEccErrorCounts_t::l1Cache
L1 cache errors.

unsigned long long nvmlEccErrorCounts_t::l2Cache
L2 cache errors.

unsigned long long nvmlEccErrorCounts_t::deviceMemory
Device memory errors.

unsigned long long nvmlEccErrorCounts_t::registerFile
Register file errors.

3.7. nvmlEncoderSessionInfo_t Struct Reference

Structure to hold encoder session data
unsigned int nvmlEncoderSessionInfo_t::sessionId
Unique session ID.

unsigned int nvmlEncoderSessionInfo_t::pid
Owning process ID.

nvmlVgpuInstance_t
nvmlEncoderSessionInfo_t::vgpuInstance
Owning vGPU instance ID (only valid on vGPU hosts, otherwise zero).

nvmlEncoderType_t
nvmlEncoderSessionInfo_t::codecType
Video encoder type.

unsigned int nvmlEncoderSessionInfo_t::hResolution
Current encode horizontal resolution.

unsigned int nvmlEncoderSessionInfo_t::vResolution
Current encode vertical resolution.

unsigned int nvmlEncoderSessionInfo_t::averageFps
Moving average encode frames per second.

unsigned int nvmlEncoderSessionInfo_t::averageLatency
Moving average encode latency in microseconds.

3.8. nvmlEventData_t Struct Reference
Information about occurred event
nvmlDevice_t nvmlEventData_t::device
Specific device where the event occurred.

unsigned long long nvmlEventData_t::eventType
Information about what specific event occurred.

unsigned long long nvmlEventData_t::eventData
Stores last XID error for the device in the event of nvmlEventTypeXidCriticalError.

3.9. nvmlFBCSessionInfo_t Struct Reference
Structure to hold FBC session data
unsigned int nvmlFBCSessionInfo_t::sessionId
Unique session ID.

unsigned int nvmlFBCSessionInfo_t::pid
Owning process ID.

nvmlVgpuInstance_t
nvmlFBCSessionInfo_t::vgpuInstance
Owning vGPU instance ID (only valid on vGPU hosts, otherwise zero).

unsigned int nvmlFBCSessionInfo_t::displayOrdinal
Display identifier.

nvmlFBCSessionType_t
nvmlFBCSessionInfo_t::sessionType
Type of frame buffer capture session.

unsigned int nvmlFBCSessionInfo_t::sessionFlags
Session flags (one or more of NVML_NVFBC_SESSION_FLAG_XXX).

unsigned int nvmlFBCSessionInfo_t::hMaxResolution
Max horizontal resolution supported by the capture session.

unsigned int nvmlFBCSessionInfo_t::vMaxResolution
Max vertical resolution supported by the capture session.

unsigned int nvmlFBCSessionInfo_t::hResolution
Horizontal resolution requested by caller in capture call.

unsigned int nvmlFBCSessionInfo_t::vResolution
Vertical resolution requested by caller in capture call.

unsigned int nvmlFBCSessionInfo_t::averageFPS
Moving average new frames captured per second.

unsigned int nvmlFBCSessionInfo_t::averageLatency
Moving average new frame capture latency in microseconds.
3.10. nvmlFBCStats_t Struct Reference

Structure to hold frame buffer capture sessions stats

**unsigned int nvmlFBCStats_t::sessionsCount**
Total no of sessions.

**unsigned int nvmlFBCStats_t::averageFPS**
Moving average new frames captured per second.

**unsigned int nvmlFBCStats_t::averageLatency**
Moving average new frame capture latency in microseconds.

3.11. nvmlFieldValue_t Struct Reference

Information for a Field Value Sample
unsigned int nvmlFieldValue_t::fieldId
ID of the NVML field to retrieve. This must be set before any call that uses this struct.
See the constants starting with NVML_FI_ above.

unsigned int nvmlFieldValue_t::unused
Currently unused. This should be initialized to 0 by the caller before any API call.

long long nvmlFieldValue_t::timestamp
CPU Timestamp of this value in microseconds since 1970.

long long nvmlFieldValue_t::latencyUsec
How long this field value took to update (in usec) within NVML. This may be averaged
across several fields that are serviced by the same driver call.

nvmlValueType_t nvmlFieldValue_t::valueType
Type of the value stored in value.

nvmlReturn_t nvmlFieldValue_t::nvmlReturn
Return code for retrieving this value. This must be checked before looking at value, as
value is undefined if nvmlReturn != NVML_SUCCESS.

nvmlFieldValue_t::value
Value for this field. This is only valid if nvmlReturn == NVML_SUCCESS.

3.12. nvmlGridLicensableFeature_t Struct
Reference
Structure containing GRID licensable feature information
nvmlGridLicenseFeatureCode_t

nvmlGridLicensableFeature_t::featureCode
Licensed feature code.

unsigned int nvmlGridLicensableFeature_t::featureState
Non-zero if feature is currently licensed, otherwise zero.

unsigned int
nvmlGridLicensableFeature_t::featureEnabled
Non-zero if feature is enabled, otherwise zero.

3.13. nvmlGridLicensableFeatures_t Struct Reference

Structure to store GRID licensable features

int
nvmlGridLicensableFeatures_t::isGridLicenseSupported
Non-zero if GRID Software Licensing is supported on the system, otherwise zero.

unsigned int
nvmlGridLicensableFeatures_t::licensableFeaturesCount
Entries returned in gridLicensableFeatures array.

struct nvmlGridLicensableFeature_t
nvmlGridLicensableFeatures_t::gridLicensableFeatures
Array of GRID licensable features.

3.14. nvmlHwbcEntry_t Struct Reference

Description of HWBC entry

3.15. nvmlLedState_t Struct Reference

LED states for an S-class unit.
char nvmlLedState_t::cause
If amber, a text description of the cause.

nvmlLedColor_t nvmlLedState_t::color
GREEN or AMBER.

3.16. nvmlMemory_t Struct Reference
Memory allocation information for a device.

unsigned long long nvmlMemory_t::total
Total installed FB memory (in bytes).

unsigned long long nvmlMemory_t::free
Unallocated FB memory (in bytes).

unsigned long long nvmlMemory_t::used
Allocated FB memory (in bytes). Note that the driver/GPU always sets aside a small amount of memory for bookkeeping.

3.17. nvmlNvLinkUtilizationControl_t Struct Reference
Struct to define the NVLINK counter controls

3.18. nvmlPciInfo_t Struct Reference
PCI information about a GPU device.
char nvmlPciInfo_t::busIdLegacy
The legacy tuple domain:bus:device.function PCI identifier (& NULL terminator).

unsigned int nvmlPciInfo_t::domain
The PCI domain on which the device's bus resides, 0 to 0xffffffff.

unsigned int nvmlPciInfo_t::bus
The bus on which the device resides, 0 to 0xff.

unsigned int nvmlPciInfo_t::device
The device's id on the bus, 0 to 31.

unsigned int nvmlPciInfo_t::pciDeviceId
The combined 16-bit device id and 16-bit vendor id.

unsigned int nvmlPciInfo_t::pciSubsystemId
The 32-bit Sub System Device ID.

char nvmlPciInfo_t::busId
The tuple domain:bus:device.function PCI identifier (& NULL terminator).

3.19. nvmlProcessInfo_t Struct Reference
Information about running compute processes on the GPU

unsigned int nvmlProcessInfo_t::pid
Process ID.

unsigned long long nvmlProcessInfo_t::usedGpuMemory

Description
Amount of used GPU memory in bytes. Under WDDM, 
NVML_VALUE_NOT_AVAILABLE is always reported because Windows KMD manages all the memory and not the NVIDIA driver
3.20. nvmlProcessUtilizationSample_t Struct Reference

Structure to store utilization value and process Id

unsigned int nvmlProcessUtilizationSample_t::pid
PID of process.

unsigned long long nvmlProcessUtilizationSample_t::timeStamp
CPU Timestamp in microseconds.

unsigned int nvmlProcessUtilizationSample_t::smUtil
SM (3D/Compute) Util Value.

unsigned int nvmlProcessUtilizationSample_t::memUtil
Frame Buffer Memory Util Value.

unsigned int nvmlProcessUtilizationSample_t::encUtil
Encoder Util Value.

unsigned int nvmlProcessUtilizationSample_t::decUtil
Decoder Util Value.

3.21. nvmlPSUInfo_t Struct Reference

Power usage information for an S-class unit. The power supply state is a human readable string that equals "Normal" or contains a combination of "Abnormal" plus one or more of the following:

- High voltage
- Fan failure
- Heatsink temperature
- Current limit
- Voltage below UV alarm threshold
- Low-voltage
- SI2C remote off command
- MOD_DISABLE input
Short pin transition

```cpp
char nvmlPSUInfo_t::state
The power supply state.
```

```cpp
unsigned int nvmlPSUInfo_t::current
PSU current (A).
```

```cpp
unsigned int nvmlPSUInfo_t::voltage
PSU voltage (V).
```

```cpp
unsigned int nvmlPSUInfo_t::power
PSU power draw (W).
```

### 3.22. nvmlSample_t Struct Reference

Information for Sample

```cpp
unsigned long long nvmlSample_t::timeStamp
CPU Timestamp in microseconds.
```

```cpp
nvmlSample_t::sampleValue
Sample Value.
```

### 3.23. nvmlUnitFanInfo_t Struct Reference

Fan speed reading for a single fan in an S-class unit.

```cpp
unsigned int nvmlUnitFanInfo_t::speed
Fan speed (RPM).
```

```cpp
nvmlFanState_t nvmlUnitFanInfo_t::state
Flag that indicates whether fan is working properly.
```

### 3.24. nvmlUnitFanSpeeds_t Struct Reference

Fan speed readings for an entire S-class unit.
struct nvmlUnitFanInfo_t nvmlUnitFanSpeeds_t::fans
Fan speed data for each fan.

unsigned int nvmlUnitFanSpeeds_t::count
Number of fans in unit.

3.25. nvmlUnitInfo_t Struct Reference
Static S-class unit info.

char nvmlUnitInfo_t::name
Product name.

char nvmlUnitInfo_t::id
Product identifier.

char nvmlUnitInfo_t::serial
Product serial number.

char nvmlUnitInfo_t::firmwareVersion
Firmware version.

3.26. nvmlUtilization_t Struct Reference
Utilization information for a device. Each sample period may be between 1 second and 1/6 second, depending on the product being queried.

unsigned int nvmlUtilization_t::gpu
Percent of time over the past sample period during which one or more kernels was executing on the GPU.

unsigned int nvmlUtilization_t::memory
Percent of time over the past sample period during which global (device) memory was being read or written.

3.27. nvmlValue_t Union Reference
Union to represent different types of Value
double nvmlValue_t::dVal
If the value is double.

unsigned int nvmlValue_t::uiVal
If the value is unsigned int.

unsigned long nvmlValue_t::ulVal
If the value is unsigned long.

unsigned long long nvmlValue_t::ullVal
If the value is unsigned long long.

signed long long nvmlValue_t::sllVal
If the value is signed long long.

3.28. nvmlVgpuInstanceUtilizationSample_t Struct
Reference

Structure to store Utilization Value and vgpuInstance
nvmlVgpuInstance_t
nvmlVgpuInstanceUtilizationSample_t::vgpuInstance
vGPU Instance

unsigned long long
nvmlVgpuInstanceUtilizationSample_t::timeStamp
CPU Timestamp in microseconds.

nvmlVgpuInstanceUtilizationSample_t::smUtil
SM (3D/Compute) Util Value.

nvmlVgpuInstanceUtilizationSample_t::memUtil
Frame Buffer Memory Util Value.

nvmlVgpuInstanceUtilizationSample_t::encUtil
Encoder Util Value.

nvmlVgpuInstanceUtilizationSample_t::decUtil
Decoder Util Value.

3.29. nvmlVgpuMetadata_t Struct Reference

vGPU metadata structure.
unsigned int nvmlVgpuMetadata_t::version
Current version of the structure.

unsigned int nvmlVgpuMetadata_t::revision
Current revision of the structure.

nvmlVgpuGuestInfoState_t
nvmlVgpuMetadata_t::guestInfoState
Current state of Guest-dependent fields.

char nvmlVgpuMetadata_t::guestDriverVersion
Version of driver installed in guest.

char nvmlVgpuMetadata_t::hostDriverVersion
Version of driver installed in host.

unsigned int nvmlVgpuMetadata_t::reserved
Reserved for internal use.

unsigned int
nvmlVgpuMetadata_t::vgpuVirtualizationCaps
vGPU virtualization capabilities bitfield

unsigned int nvmlVgpuMetadata_t::guestVgpuVersion
vGPU version of guest driver

unsigned int nvmlVgpuMetadata_t::opaqueDataSize
Size of opaque data field in bytes.

char nvmlVgpuMetadata_t::opaqueData
Opaque data.

3.30. nvmlVgpuPgpuCompatibility_t Struct
Reference
vGPU-pGPU compatibility structure
nvmlVgpuVmCompatibility_t
nvmlVgpuPgpuCompatibility_t::vgpuVmCompatibility
Compatibility of vGPU VM. See nvmlVgpuVmCompatibility_t.

nvmlVgpuPgpuCompatibilityLimitCode_t
nvmlVgpuPgpuCompatibility_t::compatibilityLimitCode
Limiting factor for vGPU-pGPU compatibility. See nvmlVgpuPgpuCompatibilityLimitCode_t.

3.31. nvmlVgpuPgpuMetadata_t Struct Reference
Physical GPU metadata structure
unsigned int nvmlVgpuPgpuMetadata_t::version
Current version of the structure.

unsigned int nvmlVgpuPgpuMetadata_t::revision
Current revision of the structure.

cchar nvmlVgpuPgpuMetadata_t::hostDriverVersion
Host driver version.

unsigned int
nvmlVgpuPgpuMetadata_t::pgpuVirtualizationCaps
Pgpu virtualization capabilities bitfield.

unsigned int nvmlVgpuPgpuMetadata_t::reserved
Reserved for internal use.

struct nvmlVgpuVersion_t
nvmlVgpuPgpuMetadata_t::hostSupportedVgpuRange
vGPU version range supported by host driver

unsigned int nvmlVgpuPgpuMetadata_t::opaqueDataSize
Size of opaque data field in bytes.

cchar nvmlVgpuPgpuMetadata_t::opaqueData
Opaque data.

3.32. nvmlVgpuProcessUtilizationSample_t Struct Reference

Structure to store Utilization Value, vgpuInstance and subprocess information
nvmlVgpuInstance_t

nvmlVgpuProcessUtilizationSample_t::vgpuInstance
vGPU Instance

unsigned int nvmlVgpuProcessUtilizationSample_t::pid
PID of process running within the vGPU VM.

char nvmlVgpuProcessUtilizationSample_t::processName
Name of process running within the vGPU VM.

unsigned long long
nvmlVgpuProcessUtilizationSample_t::timeStamp
CPU Timestamp in microseconds.

unsigned int
nvmlVgpuProcessUtilizationSample_t::smUtil
SM (3D/Compute) Util Value.

unsigned int
nvmlVgpuProcessUtilizationSample_t::memUtil
Frame Buffer Memory Util Value.

unsigned int
nvmlVgpuProcessUtilizationSample_t::encUtil
Encoder Util Value.

unsigned int
nvmlVgpuProcessUtilizationSample_t::decUtil
Decoder Util Value.

3.33. nvmlVgpuVersion_t Struct Reference

Structure representing range of vGPU versions.
unsigned int nvmlVgpuVersion_t::minVersion
Minimum vGPU version.

unsigned int nvmlVgpuVersion_t::maxVersion
Maximum vGPU version.

3.34. nvmlViolationTime_t Struct Reference
Struct to hold perf policy violation status data

unsigned long long nvmlViolationTime_t::referenceTime
referenceTime represents CPU timestamp in microseconds

unsigned long long nvmlViolationTime_t::violationTime
violationTime in Nanoseconds
Here is a list of all documented struct and union fields with links to the struct/union documentation for each field:

A
codepoint

effective

effective

B
codepoint

effective

effective

C
codepoint

effective

effective

D
codepoint

effective

effective

E
codepoint

effective

effective

F
codepoint

effective

effective

G
codepoint

effective

effective

H
codepoint

effective

effective

I
codepoint

effective

effective

J
codepoint

effective

effective

K
codepoint

effective

effective

L
codepoint

effective

effective

M
codepoint

effective

effective

N
codepoint

effective

effective

O
codepoint

effective

effective

P
codepoint

effective

effective

Q
codepoint

effective

effective

R
codepoint

effective

effective

S
codepoint

effective

effective

T
codepoint

effective

effective

U
codepoint

effective

effective

V
codepoint

effective

effective

W
codepoint

effective

effective

X
codepoint

effective

effective

Y
codepoint

effective

effective

Z
codepoint

effective

effective

averageFps

nvmlEncoderSessionInfo_t

averageFPS

nvmlFBCStats_t
	nvmlFBCSessionInfo_t

averageLatency
	nvmlEncoderSessionInfo_t
	nvmlFBCStats_t
	nvmlFBCSessionInfo_t

bar1Free
	nvmlBAR1Memory_t

bar1Total
	nvmlBAR1Memory_t

bar1Used
	nvmlBAR1Memory_t

bridgeChipInfo
	nvmlBridgeChipHierarchy_t

bridgeCount
	nvmlBridgeChipHierarchy_t

bus
	nvmlPciInfo_t

busId
	nvmlPciInfo_t
Data Fields

busIdLegacy
   nvmlPciInfo_t

cause
   nvmlLedState_t
codecType
   nvmlEncoderSessionInfo_t
color
   nvmlLedState_t
compatibilityLimitCode
   nvmlVgpuPgpuCompatibility_t
count
   nvmlUnitFanSpeeds_t
current
   nvmlPSUInfo_t

decUtil
   nvmlVgpuInstanceUtilizationSample_t
   nvmlVgpuProcessUtilizationSample_t
   nvmlProcessUtilizationSample_t
device
   nvmlPciInfo_t
   nvmlEventData_t
deviceMemory
   nvmlEccErrorCounts_t
displayOrdinal
   nvmlFBCSessionInfo_t
domain
   nvmlPciInfo_t
dVal
   nvmlValue_t

encUtil
   nvmlVgpuInstanceUtilizationSample_t
   nvmlVgpuProcessUtilizationSample_t
   nvmlProcessUtilizationSample_t
eventData
   nvmlEventData_t
eventType
   nvmlEventData_t
F
fans
   nvmlUnitFanSpeeds_t
featureCode
   nvmlGridLicensableFeature_t
featureEnabled
   nvmlGridLicensableFeature_t
featureState
   nvmlGridLicensableFeature_t
fieldId
   nvmlFieldValue_t
firmwareVersion
   nvmlUnitInfo_t
free
   nvmlMemory_t
fwVersion
   nvmlBridgeChipInfo_t

G
gpu
   nvmlUtilization_t
gpuUtilization
   nvmlAccountingStats_t
gridLicensableFeatures
   nvmlGridLicensableFeatures_t
guestDriverVersion
   nvmlVgpuMetadata_t
guestInfoState
   nvmlVgpuMetadata_t
guestVgpuVersion
   nvmlVgpuMetadata_t

H
hMaxResolution
   nvmlFBCSessionInfo_t
hostDriverVersion
   nvmlVgpuMetadata_t
   nvmlVgpuPgpuMetadata_t
hostSupportedVgpuRange
   nvmlVgpuPgpuMetadata_t
hResolution
   nvmlEncoderSessionInfo_t
   nvmlFBCSessionInfo_t
id
nvmlUnitInfo_t

isGridLicenseSupported
nvmlGridLicensableFeatures_t

isRunning
nvmlAccountingStats_t

l1Cache
nvmlEccErrorCounts_t

l2Cache
nvmlEccErrorCounts_t

latencyUsec
nvmlFieldValue_t

licensableFeaturesCount
nvmlGridLicensableFeatures_t

maxMemoryUsage
nvmlAccountingStats_t

maxVersion
nvmlVgpuVersion_t

memory
nvmlUtilization_t

memoryUtilization
nvmlAccountingStats_t

memUtil
nvmlVgpuInstanceUtilizationSample_t
nvmlVgpuProcessUtilizationSample_t

minVersion
nvmlVgpuVersion_t

name
nvmlUnitInfo_t

nvmlReturn
nvmlFieldValue_t

opaqueData
nvmlVgpuMetadata_t
Data Fields

- opaqueDataSize
  - nvmlVgpuMetadata_t
  - nvmlVgpuPgpuMetadata_t

- pciDeviceId
  - nvmlPciInfo_t

- pciInfo
  - nvmlBlacklistDeviceInfo_t

- pciSubSystemId
  - nvmlPciInfo_t

- pgpuVirtualizationCaps
  - nvmlVgpuPgpuMetadata_t

- pid
  - nvmlFBCSessionInfo_t
  - nvmlProcessUtilizationSample_t
  - nvmlEncoderSessionInfo_t
  - nvmlProcessInfo_t
  - nvmlVgpuProcessUtilizationSample_t

- power
  - nvmlPSUInfo_t

- processName
  - nvmlVgpuProcessUtilizationSample_t

- referenceTime
  - nvmlViolationTime_t

- registerFile
  - nvmlEccErrorCounts_t

- reserved
  - nvmlVgpuMetadata_t
  - nvmlVgpuPgpuMetadata_t
  - nvmlAccountingStats_t

- revision
  - nvmlVgpuPgpuMetadata_t
  - nvmlVgpuMetadata_t

- sampleValue
  - nvmlSample_t

- serial
  - nvmlUnitInfo_t
sessionFlags
   nvmlFBCSessionInfo_t
sessionId
   nvmlEncoderSessionInfo_t
      nvmlFBCSessionInfo_t
sessionsCount
   nvmlFBCStats_t
sessionType
   nvmlFBCSessionInfo_t
sllVal
   nvmlValue_t
smUtil
   nvmlVgpuInstanceUtilizationSample_t
      nvmlVgpuProcessUtilizationSample_t
      nvmlProcessUtilizationSample_t
speed
   nvmlUnitFanInfo_t
startTime
   nvmlAccountingStats_t
state
   nvmlUnitFanInfo_t
      nvmlPSUInfo_t
T
   nvmlAccountingStats_t
time
   nvmlAccountingStats_t
timestamp
   nvmlFieldValue_t
timeStamp
   nvmlVgpuInstanceUtilizationSample_t
      nvmlProcessUtilizationSample_t
      nvmlVgpuProcessUtilizationSample_t
      nvmlSample_t
total
   nvmlMemory_t
type
   nvmlBridgeChipInfo_t

U
uiVal
   nvmlValue_t
ullVal
   nvmlValue_t
ulVal
    nvmlFieldValue_t
unused
    nvmlFieldValue_t
used
    nvmlMemory_t
usedGpuMemory
    nvmlProcessInfo_t
uuid
    nvmlBlacklistDeviceInfo_t

V
value
    nvmlFieldValue_t
valueType
    nvmlFieldValue_t
version
    nvmlVgpuPgpuMetadata_t
    nvmlVgpuMetadata_t
vgpuInstance
    nvmlFBCSessionInfo_t
    nvmlVgpuInstanceUtilizationSample_t
    nvmlVgpuProcessUtilizationSample_t
    nvmlEncoderSessionInfo_t
vgpuVirtualizationCaps
    nvmlVgpuMetadata_t
vgpuVmCompatibility
    nvmlVgpuPgpuCompatibility_t
violationTime
    nvmlViolationTime_t
vMaxResolution
    nvmlFBCSessionInfo_t
voltage
    nvmlPSUInfo_t
vResolution
    nvmlFBCSessionInfo_t
    nvmlEncoderSessionInfo_t
Chapter 5.
DEPRECATED LIST

Class nvmlEccErrorCounts_t
Different GPU families can have different memory error counters See nvmlDeviceGetMemoryErrorCounter

Global nvmlEccBitType_t
See nvmlMemoryErrorType_t for a more flexible type

Global NVML_SINGLE_BIT_ECC
Mapped to NVML_MEMORY_ERROR_TYPE_CORRECTED

Global NVML_DOUBLE_BIT_ECC
Mapped to NVML_MEMORY_ERROR_TYPE_UNCORRECTED

Global nvmlDeviceGetHandleBySerial
Since more than one GPU can exist on a single board this function is deprecated in favor of nvmlDeviceGetHandleByUUID. For dual GPU boards this function will return NVML_ERROR_INVALID_ARGUMENT.

Global nvmlDeviceGetDetailedEccErrors
This API supports only a fixed set of ECC error locations On different GPU architectures different locations are supported See nvmlDeviceGetMemoryErrorCounter
Global nvmlClocksThrottleReasonUserDefinedClocks

Renamed to nvmlClocksThrottleReasonApplicationsClocksSetting as the name describes the situation more accurately.
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